

INTERGOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS/BOARDS SECTION 100 S. Andrews Avenue, Main Library, 8th Floor • Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33301 • 954-357-7575 • FAX 954-357-6573

April 1, 2019

Casey Karl Koslowski 539 North Birch Road Fort Lauderdale, FL 33304

Dear Mr. Koslowski:

The Broward County Board of County Commissioners was pleased to appoint you to the Tourist Development Council on March 28, 2019. As a member of this council you are a public officer subject to Chapter 112, Part III, of the Florida Statutes which is the "Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees."

The following documents have been sent to you electronically. Please become familiar with your legal responsibilities and the various disclosure requirements as a member of this board:

- 1. <u>2019 Florida Commission on Ethics Guide to the Sunshine Amendment and Code of Ethics for Public</u> <u>Officers and Employees</u> that summarizes the ethics laws.
- 2. <u>Terms of appointees to Broward County boards, authorities, and agencies; quorum</u>, Chapter 1, Article XII, Section 1-233 of the Broward County Code.
- 3. <u>Prohibition on Lobbying by advisory board members</u>, including the "Lobbying Restriction Chart," Chapter 26, Article V, Section 26-70 of the Broward County Code.
- 4. <u>Acceptance of gifts by members of County boards</u> and <u>Gift Restriction Decision Chart</u>, Chapter 26, Article V, Section 26-70.1.
- <u>Disclosing the representation of others before agencies</u>, Chapter 26, Article V, Section 26-76 of the Broward County Code. *If Section 26-76 applies to you*, you must also file <u>Form 2 Quarterly Client</u> <u>Disclosure</u> and return to Supervisor of Elections.
- 6. Broward County Advisory Boards Policies.
- 7. Board Overview Document.
- 8. <u>Acknowledgment of Receipt of Documents</u> sign and return to board coordinator.

Please contact Ms. Stacy Ritter at 954-765-8999 regarding the next meeting. In the meantime, if you have any questions, please contact me at 954-357-5934 or <u>boards@broward.org</u>.

Sincerely

Orlando Á. Garcia Boards Administrator/Legislative Policy Analyst

C: Commissioner Michael Udine

C. Marty Cassini, Manager, Intergovernmental Affairs/Boards Section Stacy Ritter, Board Coordinator, Tourist Development Council

Broward County Board of County Commissioners

Mark D. Bogen • Lamar P. Fisher • Beam Furr • Steve Geller • Dale V.C. Holness • Nan H. Rich • Tim Ryan • Barbara Sharief • Michael Udine www.broward.org

539 North Birch Road Fort Lauderdale, FL 33304 305.302.0988 | ckoslo@hotmail.com

Highly qualified business owner and marketer offering nearly 20 years of experience in hospitality and real estate sales. Seeking a challenging position utilizing my proven skills and track record with our dynamic CVB.

Hospitality Experience

The Grand Resort and Spa

Fort Lauderdale, FL

Owner 6/2001 - Present

- Transformed a quaint boutique guest house into an award-winning spa-resort catering to a key demographic through approximately one million dollars in renovations and service enhancements garnering these accolades among others: Sun-Sentinel - "Editors' Choice", USA TODAY - "A 10 Best", The Travel Channel - "A Top 10" Out Traveler - "Best Small Resort Worldwide", Pink Choice - "Number 1 in Fort Lauderdale", ManAboutWorld -"Editors' Choice"
- Promote both the resort and Greater Fort Lauderdale at the following trade shows by participating on panels and in interviews with local media (oftentimes in the local languages) and through giving presentations: ITB Berlin, WeTrade Bogotá, GNetwork Buenos Aires, GayDays Orlando & Las Vegas, Atlanta Pride, IGLTA Annual Conventions in Madrid, Los Angeles, Florianopolis, Chicago and Palm Springs, Chicago Market Days, New York Pride, Orlando Pride
- Bring global attention to both the resort and Greater Fort Lauderdale through partnering with media such as World of Wonder and the Emmy Award Winning RuPaul's Drag Race which reaches approximately a million viewers with each episode
- Have traveled to over 30 countries on 4 continents

Real Estate Experience

OneWorld Properties – 100 Las Olas Fort Lauderdale, FL

Senior Sales Executive 11/2016 - 12/2017

- Assisted with the launch of sales of the condominiums of what will be both the tallest building in Fort Lauderdale as well as the first new hotel to come to Las Olas Boulevard in over 80 years
- Top sales agent of the 5 person sales team
- Brought in largest event of the season not organized by our PR or marketing firms
- Conduct many broker presentations both on-site and in the field

Fortune Development – Auberge Beach Residences & Spa Fort Lauderdale, FL

Sales Executive 10/2014-12/2015

- Assisted in the successful launch of the North Tower as part of the 5 person sales team
- Sold a lower penthouse in the North Tower
- Hosted the most broker presentations on-site of any on the team
- Assisted in the successful launch of the South Tower
- Sold highest priced unit \$/sf in the South Tower at \$1,317/sf

OneWorld Properties – Conrad Fort Lauderdale

Fort Lauderdale, FL

- Assisted brokerage in the relaunch and rebranding of the Trump International Fort Lauderdale to the new Conrad Fort Lauderdale Beach Residences
- Worked directly with buyers and brokers both locally and internationally to garner more interest in the project
- Utilized my contacts locally and in feeder markets to set up brokerage-wide presentations at their offices as well as our on-site sales gallery

Sales Executive 11/2013-06/2014

Casey Karl Koslowski

539 North Birch Road Fort Lauderdale, FL 33304 305.302.0988 | ckoslo@hotmail.com

Fortune Development - Paramount Bay Miami, FL

Sales Executive 01/2010-12/2011

- Assisted brokerage in securing the exclusive listing agreement with the project's seller
- Was one of two sales executives who priced the entire building during the prelaunch phase
- From the launch of sales in Sept of 2011 through the balance of my contract in Dec 2011, sold 43 units in a • market burdened by a difficult lending environment for buyers

Majestic Properties

Miami Beach, FL

General Real Estate Sales 04/2004-01/2010

- Sold a standard (non-Penthouse) residence for \$2,498/sf, a record for S. Florida at the time .
- Leased 2,300 sf condominium for a 2-yr \$768,000 contract, another record for S. Florida
- Responsible for maintaining an average of \$20 million in listings •
- Sold \$10.03M in pre-construction at the W South Beach .
- Sold \$10.2M in pre-construction at 900 Biscayne Bay .
- Awarded an office in the company's prestigious South Beach location •
- Responsible for creating and implementing new sales strategies .
- Maintained strong lines of communication between my buyers and sellers •
- Had the honor of being recruited to join the sales teams of successful projects such as Vizcayne and the Icon • on Brickell

Majestic Collection - Ten Museum Park

Miami, FL

Sold \$50M of new construction in a project that achieved total sell-out in 3 months in a challenging • neighborhood

The Setai Group - The Setai

Miami Beach, FL

- Top sales associate in number of residences sold at a project that launched at record-breaking preconstruction pricing and during a contested presidential election, anticipated and eventual recession, 9/11 terrorist attacks, volatile stock market, weak Euro and before the real estate boom years of 2004 & 2005
- Completed 3-year contract with only 1 sick day
- Maintain to this day close contact with my buyers there

Dezer Development - Ocean Grande

Sunny Isles, FL

- Involved in daily communication with advertising agencies, vendors & PR firm
- Managed inventory and streamlining of collateral .
- Ensured all necessary materials and arrangements were made for international and domestic shows & conferences

Atlantic Gulf Communities - Sunset Lakes

Miramar, FL

Community Representative 05/1999-05/2000

- Provided community overviews to walk-ins describing amenities and neighborhood attributes •
- Proofed various sales & marketing collateral
- Engaged with the local organizations and press to heighten awareness of the development's offerings to the community

2 of 3

Sales Executive

Sales Associate 11/2000-12/2003

Director of Marketing

05/2000-10/2000

12/2003-04/2004

Casey Karl Koslowski

539 North Birch Road Fort Lauderdale, FL 33304 305.302.0988 | ckoslo@hotmail.com

Atlantic Gulf Communities - West Bay Club Naples, FL

Sales Assistant 01/1999-05/1999

- Was chosen to relocate and assist 6 sales executives with Spanish & German speaking clientele'
- Assisted in giving site tours of the 868 acre community
- Was rewarded with the opportunity to transfer within the company to the Sunset Lakes project

Education

University of Wisconsin Madison, WI

Bachelor Student 08/1992-05/1997

- Received degrees in Latin-American & Iberian Studies, German & International Business
- Studied in Seville, Spain and lived with a Spanish host family
- Interned in Frankfurt, Germany and lived with a German single-mother & her son
- Member of Delta Upsilon Fratemity and held leadership positions
- Participant in Humorology, nation's largest Greek-run philanthropy benefiting special needs children

References available upon request

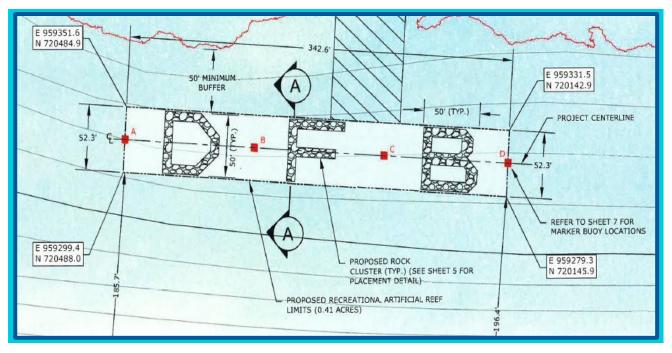
DEERFIELD BEACH ARTIFICIAL REEF

. III

MIN

Project Description

- Three clusters of limestone boulders, each measuring 50 feet by 50 feet
- Approximately 200 feet offshore making it accessible from land
- In water depth of approximately 8-10 feet
- Located within already constructed Vessel Exclusion Zone (VEZ) for enhanced safety





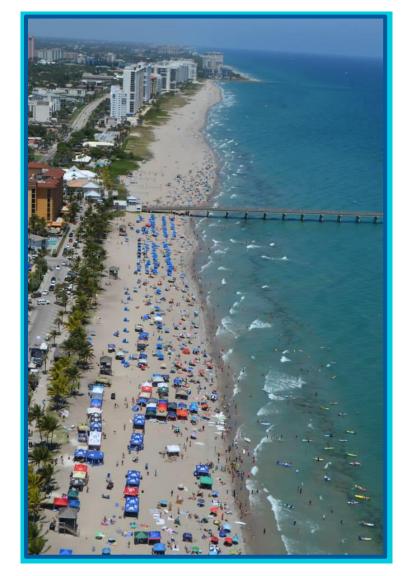
Benefits of Artificial Reefs

- Reduces pressure from natural reefs
- Increased economic activity (Studies indicate 4 to 1 return on investment)
- Provides habitat for juvenile fish species
- Increases marine population
- Artificial reef-related expenditures generated \$961 million in sales and resulted in \$502 million in income to Broward County residents

Deerfield Beach Tourism Statistics

- Approximately 3 million visitors annually
- Contributions of \$2.6 million annually to Tourist Development Council (TDC)
- Expanding residential and commercial development
- Consistent with City goal of marketing City/County as a Nautical Destination





Exciting New Attraction for Broward County

- Provides safe recreational snorkeling experience with VEZ
- Promotes marine life
- Offers environmental education opportunities
- Facilitate reef-related research
- Reinvest TDC funds to promote tourism in County





Funding Request

- 200,000 City of Deerfield Beach Funds
- \$30,000 Grants funds awarded
- \$150,000 requested for construction and marketing





Summary

- In line with TDC goals to promote tourism in the region
- City has contributed significant funds to TDC over the last 14 years (\$26,000,000)
- Unique project for the County
- Provides recreational and educational opportunities



Investment in and maintenance of public resources is a prime function of government. Artificial and natural reefs are public resources that provide recreational benefits to reef users and income to local economies. This study determined, in a comprehensive manner, the net economic value of southeast Florida's natural and artificial reef resources to the local economies and the reef users. Southeast Florida is defined as the counties of Palm Beach, Broward, Miami-Dade and Monroe. This study area includes, from north to south, the cities of West Palm Beach, Fort Lauderdale, and Miami, and the Florida Keys.

This study employed extensive survey research to measure the economic contribution and the use values of artificial and natural reefs over the twelve-month period of June 2000 to May 2001. The reef users surveyed were boaters who are recreational fishers (commercial fishers were not included), reef divers, reef snorkelers and/or visitors viewing the reefs on glass-bottom boats. This study estimated the following values:

- Use of artificial and natural reefs by residents and visitors in each of the four counties over a twelve-month period as measured in terms of person-days
- Economic contribution of the artificial reefs as residents and visitors spend money in each of the four counties to participate in reef-related recreation
- Economic contribution of the natural reefs as residents and visitors spend money in each of the four counties to participate in reef-related recreation
- Willingness of reef users to pay to maintain the natural reefs of southeast Florida in their existing conditions
- Willingness of reef users to pay to maintain the artificial reefs of southeast Florida in their existing conditions
- Willingness of reef users to pay for investment in and maintenance of additional artificial reefs in southeast Florida
- Socioeconomic characteristics of reef users

Economic contribution is measured by total sales, income, employment and tax revenues generated within each county. In addition, the opinions of resident reef-using boat owners regarding the existence or establishment of "no-take" zones as a tool to protect existing artificial and natural reefs are presented.

This study was funded by each of the four counties, the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission through the use of Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration funds, and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration through the Socioeconomic Monitoring Program for the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary. **Study Methods.** This study conducted four surveys as follows:

- Resident boaters mail survey conducted in the Fall of 2000
- General visitors intercept survey conducted in the Summer of 2000 and the Winter of 2001
- Visitor boaters intercept survey conducted in the Summer of 2000 and the Winter of 2001
- Charter / Party boats mail survey conducted in the Spring of 2001

Visitors are defined as nonresidents of the county that they are visiting. Residents are those who live within the county.

The purpose of the resident boater survey and the visitor boater survey was to collect information to estimate the following characteristics:

- Percentage of all boaters who fish, dive and / or snorkel on the reefs;
- Itemized expenditures in the county related to using the reefs (lodging, food, gas, equipment, etc.);
- Number of person-trips and person-days of reef use by type of reef and activity;
- Willingness of reef users to pay to protect southeast Florida's natural and artificial reefs in their existing condition;
- Willingness of reef users to pay for additional artificial reefs in southeast Florida; and,
- Socioeconomic characteristics of reef users.

In addition, at the request of the counties, the resident survey also included questions regarding "no-take" zones in southeast Florida and in their counties of residence.

The purpose of the general visitor survey was to obtain estimates of the total number of visitors to each county and the percentage of visitors who boat. This information was necessary to estimate reef use.

The charter/party boat survey was a survey of for-hire operations that take out passengers for recreational fishing, snorkeling, scuba diving and glass-bottom boat rides in saltwater off the coasts of the four counties. The primary purpose of this survey was to estimate the proportion of charter / party service activity that takes place on the artificial versus the natural reefs in each county. The results of this survey were used to allocate charter/party boat fishing days between artificial and natural reefs.

The results of this study are based on the responses to these surveys. The resident mail survey resulted in 2,543 completed surveys. The general visitor intercept survey resulted in 3,855 completed surveys. The visitor boater intercept survey resulted in 2,473 completed surveys. These completed surveys provided sufficient information to estimate the economic value of the reefs to reef users and the economies of each of the southeast Florida counties.

Definitions. Certain terminology is used in this report to represent units of recreational activity. These terms are person-trip and person-day. A person-trip is defined as one person making one trip to a county. That trip may last one day to many days. On any given day, the number of visitor person-trips and the number of visitors are the same. For resident boaters, a person-trip is one day's outing on a boat to participate in saltwater recreation activities. A person-day is defined as one person participating in an activity for a portion or all of a day.

Number of Days People Participated in Recreational Use of the Reefs. The number of person-days of reef use by county and by reef type is presented in Table ES-1. Visitors and residents spent 28.3 million person-days using artificial and natural reefs in southeast Florida during the 12-month period from June 2000 to May 2001. Reef users spent about 10 million person-days using artificial reefs and 18.4 million person-days using natural reefs.

The breakdown of reef use by residents and visitors is provided in Table ES-2. Overall, residents and visitors each spent about 14 million person-days using the reefs of southeast Florida but the proportions vary by county.

A summary of reef use by type of activity is provided in Table ES-3. Overall, fishing activity on the reefs appears to dominate when snorkeling and scuba diving are compared separately. When snorkeling and scuba diving are considered together as diving activities, diving and fishing contribute about equally to total reef use in southeast Florida. In Palm Beach County, diving and fishing are equally popular activities, while in Miami-Dade County fishing is significantly more prevalent than diving. In Broward and Monroe counties, the levels of fishing activities appear to be more prevalent.

June 2000 to May 2001								
Number of Person-Days (in millions)								
County	unty Artificial Reefs Natural Reefs All Reefs							
Palm Beach	1.41	2.83	4.24					
Broward	3.97	5.47	9.44					
Miami-Dade	2.95	6.22	9.17					
Monroe	1.58	3.88	5.46					
Total	9.91	18.39	28.30					

Table ES-1Number of Person-Days Spent on Artificial and Natural Reefs in
Southeast Florida
Residents and Visitors by County

Table ES-2 Number of Person-Days Spent on All Reefs Comparison of Visitor Versus Resident Use in Southeast Florida June 2000 to May 2001

	Number of Person-Days (in millions)					
County	Residents	Visitors	All Users			
Palm Beach	2.98	1.26	4.24			
Broward	3.72	5.72	9.44			
Miami-Dade	4.51	4.66	9.17			
Monroe	3.38	2.08	5.46			
Total	14.58	13.72	28.30			

Table ES-3Number of Person-Days on All Reefs by Recreational ActivityJune 2000 to May 2001 – Residents and Visitors (in millions)

Activity	Palm Beach County	Broward County	Miami-Dade County	Monroe County	Total – Southeast Florida
Snorkeling	0.74	1.09	2.11	1.87	5.81
Scuba Diving	1.73	3.85	1.14	0.89	7.61
Fishing	1.76	4.45	5.90	2.62	14.74
Glass Bottom Boats	0	0.05	0.02	0.07	0.15
Total	4.23	9.44	9.17	5.46	28.30
a Residents were not a include only visitors.	-	cipation in glass b	ottom boat sightseeing	g. Therefore, glas.	s bottom boats

Glass bottom boat sightseeing is available in Broward, Miami-Dade and Monroe counties. The reported number of person-days associated with viewing the reefs using glass bottom boats applies to visitors, not residents. Resident boaters were not asked for their level of activity on glass bottom boats. Visitors spent about 160,000 person days on glass bottom boats in southeast Florida.

Contribution of Reef-Related Spending to the County Economies. The total economic contribution of the reefs to each county is the contribution of reef-related expenditures to county sales, income and employment. As residents and visitors spend money in the county to participate in reef-related recreation, income and jobs are created within the county as a result. Economic contribution includes the direct, indirect and induced effects of visitor spending and the direct effects of resident spending.

The economic contributions of the reefs to each of the counties are provided in Table ES-4. The sales contribution is defined as the value of the additional output produced in the county due to the reef-related expenditures. The total income contribution is defined as the sum of employee compensation, proprietor's income, interest, rents, and profits generated as a result of the reef-related expenditures. Income is the amount of money that remains in the economy. The employment contribution is the number of full-time and part-time jobs created due to the reef-related expenditures.

Type of Economic Contribution	Palm Beach County	Broward County	Miami-Dade County	Monroe County
Sales – All Reefs (in millions of 2000 dollars)	\$505	\$2,070	\$1,297	\$504
Artificial Reefs	\$151	\$962	\$419	\$131
Natural Reefs	\$354	\$1,108	\$877	\$373
Income – All Reefs (in millions of 2000 dollars)	\$194	\$1,049	\$614	\$140
Artificial Reefs	\$52	\$502	\$195	\$33
Natural Reefs	\$142	\$547	\$419	\$107
Employment – All Reefs (number of full- and part-time jobs)	6,300	35,500	18,600	10,000
Artificial Reefs	1,800	16,800	6,000	2,400
Natural Reefs	4,500	18,700	12,600	7,600

 Table ES-4

 Economic Contribution of Reef-Related Expenditures to Each County¹

 June 2000 to May 2001 – Residents and Visitors

Reef-related expenditures generated \$505 million in sales in Palm Beach County, \$2.1 billion in sales in Broward County, \$1.3 billion in sales in Miami-Dade County and \$504 million in sales in Monroe County during the 12-month period from June 2000 to May 2001. These sales resulted in \$194 million in income to Palm Beach County residents, \$1.1 billion in income to Broward County residents, \$614 million in income to Miami-Dade County residents and \$140 million in income to Monroe County residents during the same time period. Reef-related

¹ The economic contributions cannot be summed over the four counties to get the total economic contribution of the reefs to southeast Florida. This is because the concept of economic contribution looks at the economy of the individual geographic area as a separate entity from its neighbors. In this study, visitors were asked how much they spent in the county they were visiting. They were not asked how much they spent in the other three counties. Also, visitors to a county can come from one of the other three southeast Florida counties. When looking at southeast Florida as a whole, only the indirect and induced contribution of visitors from outside the four counties can be considered as 100 percent reef-related. To get the economic contribution of the reefs to all of southeast Florida, the southeast Florida expenditures of visitor reef users to southeast Florida would have to be estimated wherein a visitor lives outside the four county area.

expenditures provided 6,300 jobs in Palm Beach County, 35,500 jobs in Broward County, 18,600 jobs in Miami-Dade County and 10,000 jobs in Monroe County.

In Palm Beach and Miami-Dade counties, artificial reef-related expenditures comprised about a third and natural reef-related expenditures comprised about two-thirds of the economic contribution associated with the reef system. In Broward County, artificial and natural reef-related expenditures added equally to the economic contribution of the reef system. In Monroe County, artificial reef-related expenditures comprised about 26 percent of the economic contribution associated with the reef system.

Value that Reef Users Place on the Reefs. In this study, four types of use values were estimated: (1) the value to natural reef users of maintaining the natural reefs in their existing condition; (2) the value to artificial reef users of maintaining the artificial reefs in their existing condition; (3) the value to artificial <u>and</u> natural reef users of maintaining both the artificial <u>and</u> natural reefs in their existing conditional artificial reefs. In general, use value is the maximum amount of money that reef users are willing to pay to maintain the reefs in their existing condition and to add more artificial reefs to the system. Use value was measured in terms of per party per trip for existing natural and artificial reefs and per party per year for new artificial reefs. For presentation, values were normalized to values per person-day of reef-related activity so that the use values can be compared to use values estimated in other studies. Use value is also presented in aggregate for all users of the reef system.

The reef user values associated with maintaining the reefs in their existing conditions for each county are provided in Table ES-5. Use value per person-day means the value per person-day of artificial, natural or all reef use, as specified in the table. Values for all reefs were taken from statistical analysis of responses to Question 38 of the Visitor Boater Survey: "Suppose that both of the above plans to maintain the natural and artificial reefs in southeast Florida were put together into a combined program...If your total costs for this trip would have been \$_______ higher, would you have been willing to pay this amount to maintain the artificial and natural reefs?" The dollar values provided to the respondents were rotated from respondent to respondent and were \$20, \$100, \$200, \$400, \$1,000 and \$2,000. The responses were then statistical analysis of responses to Question 36 pertaining only to a program to maintain the existing artificial reefs in their current condition. Values for natural reefs were taken from statistical analysis of responses to Question 34 pertaining only to a program to maintain the natural reefs in their current condition. For the individual reef types (artificial or natural), the dollar values provided to the respondents were rotated and were \$10, \$50, \$100, \$200, \$500, and \$1,000.

Table ES-5
Annual Use Value From June 2000 to May 2001 and Capitalized Value associated With Reef Use
Southeast Florida – Residents and Visitors

Item	Palm Beach County	Broward County	Miami-Dade County	Monroe County	Total ^a
All Reefs - Artificial and Natural					
Person-Days of Reef Use (in millions)	4.24	9.44	9.17	5.46	28.30
Use Value Per Person-Day	\$7.34	\$13.35	\$5.12	\$9.48	\$9.04
Annual Use Value in million dollars	\$31.11	\$126.00	\$46.92	\$51.78	\$255.81
Capitalized Value @ 3 percent Discount Rate in billion dollars	\$1.04	\$4.20	\$1.6	\$1.70	\$8.5
Artificial Reefs					
Person-Days of Reef Use (in millions)	1.41	3.97	2.95	1.58	9.91
Use Value Per Person-Day	\$6.47	\$14.07	\$3.50	\$6.18	\$8.58
Annual Use Value in million dollars	\$9.09	\$55.87	\$10.33	\$9.75	\$85.04
Capitalized Value @ 3 percent Discount Rate in billion dollars	\$0.30	\$1.86	\$0.34	\$0.33	\$2.83
Natural Reefs					
Person-Days of Reef Use (in millions)	2.83	5.47	6.22	3.88	18.39
Use Value Per Person-Day	\$14.86	\$15.16	\$7.54	\$14.82	\$12.47
Annual Use Value in million dollars	\$42.10	\$82.88	\$46.86	\$57.46	\$229.30
Capitalized Value @ 3 percent Discount Rate in billion dollars	\$1.40	\$2.76	\$1.56	\$1.92	\$7.64

Use Value per Person per Day is calculated by dividing Total Annual Use Value by Total Person-Days of Reef Use.

Note: Use value per person day means per person day of artificial, natural or all reef use. Values for all reefs taken from statistical analysis of responses to Question 38 of Visitor Boater Survey: Suppose that both of the above plans to maintain the natural and artificial reefs in southeast Florida were put together into a combined program...If you total costs for this trip would have been \$______ higher, would you have been willing to pay this amount to maintain the artificial and natural reefs. Values for artificial reefs taken from statistical analysis of responses to Question 36 pertaining only to a program to maintain the existing artificial reefs in their current condition. Values for natural reefs taken from statistical analysis of responses to Question 34 pertaining only to a program to maintain the natural reefs in their current condition. Therefore, the sum of the values for the individual reef programs may be different from the value for both programs. These results were estimated using the Logit model. Alternate methods of estimation are provided in the Technical Appendix to this report.

Visitor and resident reef users in Palm Beach County are willing to pay \$31.1 million per year to maintain both the artificial reefs and the natural reefs in their current condition by maintaining water quality, limiting damage to reefs from anchoring, and preventing overuse of the reefs. When the projects to protect the artificial and natural reefs are considered separately, visitor and resident reef users are willing to pay \$9.1 million to protect the artificial reefs and \$42.1 million to protect the natural reefs.

Visitor and resident reef users in Broward County are willing to pay \$126 million per year to maintain both the artificial reefs and the natural reefs in their current condition by maintaining water quality, limiting damage to reefs from anchoring, and preventing overuse of the reefs. When the projects to protect the artificial and natural reefs are considered separately, visitor and resident reef users are willing to pay \$55.9 million to protect the artificial reefs and \$82.9 million to protect the natural reefs.

Visitor and resident reef users in Miami-Dade County are willing to pay \$46.9 million per year to maintain both the artificial reefs and the natural reefs in their current condition by maintaining water quality, limiting damage to reefs from anchoring, and preventing overuse of the reefs. When the projects to protect the artificial and natural reefs are considered separately, visitor and resident reef users are willing to pay \$10.3 million to protect the artificial reefs and \$46.9 million to protect the natural reefs.

Visitor and resident reef users in Monroe County are willing to pay \$51.8 million per year to maintain both the artificial reefs and the natural reefs in their current condition by maintaining water quality, limiting damage to reefs from anchoring, and preventing overuse of the reefs. When the projects to protect the artificial and natural reefs are considered separately, visitor and resident reef users are willing to pay \$9.8 million to protect the artificial reefs and \$57.4 million to protect the natural reefs.

Visitor and resident reef users in all four counties are willing to pay \$255.8 million per year to maintain both the artificial reefs and the natural reefs in southeast Florida in their current condition by maintaining water quality, limiting damage to reefs from anchoring, and preventing overuse of the reefs. When the projects to protect the artificial and natural reefs are considered separately, visitor and resident reef users in all four counties are willing to pay \$85.1 million per year to protect the artificial reefs and \$229.3 million per year to protect the natural reefs in southeast Florida.

The sum of the values for the individual reef programs can be different from the value for the combined programs. This result is not inconsistent with the literature on embedded values. Randall and Hoehn (1992) have shown that this type of result is consistent with economic theory. The combined programs have exceeded the income constraints of many respondents and/or many respondents had value for only one of the programs. So it is reasonable to conclude that the estimated values for the natural and artificial reefs valued separately and together are valid estimates. Bear in mind that willingness to pay for the combined programs is a different scenario from willingness to pay for the individual programs.

The capitalized value of the reef user values is equal to the present value of the annual values calculated at three percent discount rate. It represents the "stock" value analogous to land market values. The capitalized reef user value for all southeast Florida reefs is \$7.6 billion. Bear in mind that this value only includes the value that reef users place on the reefs and does not include the values that non-reef-users place on the reefs or the economic contribution of the reefs. The estimation of the value of the reefs to non-reef users was not part of this study.

Visitor and resident reef users' willingness to pay to invest in and maintain "new" artificial reefs is provided in Table ES-6. The use value per person-day is the value per day or a portion of a day of artificial reef use. In Palm Beach County, reef users are willing to pay \$4.7 million annually for this program in Palm Beach County. Broward County reef users are willing to pay \$15.7 million per year while Miami-Dade County reef users are willing to pay \$4.1 million per year. Monroe County reef users are willing to pay \$2.2 million annually per year to fund this program in Monroe County. These values are those that are appropriate to use in a benefit-cost analysis of providing new artificial reefs.

ltem	Palm Beach County	Broward County	Miami-Dade County	Monroe County	Total ^a	
Person-Days of Artificial Reef Use (in millions)	1.41	3.97	2.95	1.58	9.91	
Use Value Per Person-Day for "New" Artificial Reefs	\$3.37	\$3.95	\$1.38	\$1.38	\$2.69	
Annual Use Values for "New" Artificial Reefs in million dollars	\$4.74	\$15.70	\$4.07	\$2.19	\$26.70	
Capitalized Value @ 3 percent Discount Rate in million dollars	\$157.8	\$523.4	\$135.8	\$73.00	\$890.1	

Table ES-6Estimated Use Value of Investing in and Maintaining "New" Artificial ReefsSoutheast Florida – Residents and Visitors

^a Use Value per Person per Day is the average among the counties.

Note: Use value per person-day is a day or portion of a day of artificial reef use.

Resident Opinions of "No Take" Zones. Both the economic contribution and the use value of the reef system are based upon its management or lack thereof. In each of the four counties, resident reef-users were asked questions regarding "no take" zones. A "no take" zone is a designated area of the reef system in which nothing is to be taken from this area including fish and shellfish.

Because the reefs play a vital role in the entire oceanic ecosystem by providing habitat and protection for young fish and other creatures, it is argued that "no-take" zones would actually increase recreational, commercial, and natural resource benefits even though takings would be banned in certain areas. No one knows exactly where and to what degree "no-take" zones must be employed to increase net benefits. As a result, "no-take" zones have become a controversial issue. Therefore, as part of this study, resident respondents were asked their opinions regarding the establishment of "no-take" zones as a management tool for artificial and natural reefs in southeast Florida.

These opinions are summarized in Table ES-7. It is apparent from this table that a majority of resident reef-users endorse the idea of "no-take" zones in their county and in the other southeast Florida counties. A majority of residents would support "no take" zones on 20 to 25 percent of the existing natural reefs. About 75 percent of respondents in all counties supported the existing "no take" zones in the Florida Keys. About 60 percent of respondents supported "no take" zones on some of the reefs in Palm Beach, Broward and Miami-Dade counties. Such a result provides public officials with information important to the management of the reef system from Palm Beach County to Monroe County.

	A Summary of the O						
"No Take" Zones in Southeast Florida, 2000 Question: "Support Existing "No Take" Zones in the Florida Keys"							
County	Percentage of Respondents Answering "Yes"	Percentage of Respondents Answering "No"		Percentage of Respondents Answering "Don't Know"			
Palm Beach	76%	15%	,)	9%			
Broward	75%	18%	,)	7%			
Miami-Dade	74%	19%	,)	7%			
Monroe	78%	18%		4%			
Question:	"Support "No Take" Zone			•			
County	Percentage of Respondents Answering "Yes"	Percenta Respon Answerin	dents	Percentage of Respondents Answering "Don't Know"			
Palm Beach	65%	23%	<u> </u>	12%			
Broward	63%	27%		10%			
Miami-Dade	61%	28%		11%			
Monroe ¹	57%	21%		22%			
Question:	"Support "No Take" Zone Broward Counties"			alm Beach, Miami-Dade and			
County	Percentage of Respondents Answering "Yes"	Percentage of Respondents Answering "No"		Percentage of Respondents Answering "Don't Know"			
Palm Beach	65%	21%	,)	14%			
Broward	64%	24%	,)	12%			
Miami-Dade	61%	28%	,)	11%			
Monroe	44%	39%	,)	17%			
Question:	Reasonable to Protect Us	sing "No Take	" Zones?				
County	Average Percen	tage		Median Percentage			
Palm Beach	30%			20%			
Broward	35%		25%				
Miami-Dade	30%			20%			
Monroe	32%			20%			

Table ES-7

Т Since Monroe County already has "no take" zones, the word "additional" was inserted into this question for Monroe County surveys.

Demographic Characteristics of Reef Users. Demographic characteristics were obtained from the resident boater survey and the visitor boater survey. They are summarized in Tables ES-8 and ES-9. The typical reef user is a non-Hispanic white male, in his forties, with an annual household income from \$55,000 to \$90,000. However, the demographic picture provided in Table ES-8 also shows that females, non-whites and Hispanic persons also use the reefs. Visitor reef-users tend to be younger than resident reef users. Also, larger proportions of visitors than residents are women and/or non-white.

• •		20	000			
Median Age of Respondent	Resident Reef-Users		Vis	itor Reef-Us	sers	
Palm Beach		48			41	
Broward		48			39	
Miami-Dade		46			41	
Monroe		54			44	
	Resi	dent Reef-L	Jsers	Vis	itor Reef-Us	sers
Sex Of Respondent	Male	F	emale	Male	F	Female
Palm Beach	91%		9%	79%		21%
Broward	92%		8%	77%		23%
Miami-Dade	93%		7%	75%		25%
Monroe	86%		14%	70%		30%
	Resi	dent Reef-L	Jsers	Vis	itor Reef-Us	sers
Race Of Respondent	White	Black	Other	White	Black	Other
Palm Beach	97%	0%	3%	94%	2%	4%
Broward	93%	2%	5%	89%	7%	4%
Miami-Dade	88%	1%	11%	83%	7%	10%
Monroe	94%	0.2%	5.8%	95%	2%	3%
Percent Hispanic/Latino	Resi	dent Reef-L	Jsers	Vis	itor Reef-Us	sers
Palm Beach		4%			5%	
Broward		5%		13%		
Miami-Dade		33%		29%		
Monroe		7%		8%		
Median Household						
Income	Resi	dent Reef-L	Jsers	Vis	itor Reef-Us	sers
Palm Beach		\$71,695			\$87,500	
Broward	\$72,310			\$87,500		
Miami-Dade		\$69,722		\$55,000		
Monroe		\$56,393			\$87,500	

 Table ES-8

 Demographic Characteristics of Resident and Visitor Reef-Users in Southeast Florida, 2000

From Table ES-9, it is clear that residents have been boating in southeast Florida for a significantly longer period of time than visitors – about 22 years versus 7 years. Overall, visitor and resident boat owners have similar sized boats and both resident and visitor reef users have about the same probability of belonging to a fishing or diving club.

Average Years Boating in S	South Florida	
County	Residents	Visitors
Palm Beach	21	9
Broward	22	7
Miami-Dade	25	7
Monroe	22	7
Average Length of Boat Us	sed for Salt Water Activities in I	Feet
County	Residents	Visitors
Palm Beach	25	25
Broward	25	27
Miami-Dade	23	26
Monroe	24	22
Percentage of Respondent	s Who Belong to Fishing and/o	r Diving Clubs
County	Residents	Visitors
Palm Beach	20%	24%
Broward	19%	12%
Miami-Dade	18%	6%
Monroe	15%	11%

The Economic Benefits Associated with Florida's Artificial Reefs¹

Chuck Adams, Bill Lindberg, and John Stevely²

Introduction

Florida reportedly has the most permitted artificial reefs in the nation. Approximately 2,700 artificial reef deployments are located off 34 coastal counties in Florida (Table 1). Although permitted by the United States Army Corps of Engineers and the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, artificial reefs are deployed under a set of guidelines established by the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. These guidelines are specified within the State of Florida Artificial Reef Strategic Plan (FFWCC 2003). Artificial reefs are utilized by recreational anglers, divers, and other user groups. The existence and use of artificial reefs sets in motion a variety of economic activities that result in significant economic benefit to the coastal communities in close proximity to the reefs. This document will provide an overview of these economic benefits and briefly discuss some recent studies that have attempted to measure them.

Benefits of Artificial Reefs

Artificial reefs may be constructed for a variety of purposes, each with a set of potential benefits associated with that intended purpose or goal. One purpose of artificial reefs might be to provide a source of biological replenishment to local populations of marine vertebrates and invertebrates. In that case, the benefit would be that a net biomass increase would result from deploying the reef. Artificial reefs may also be used as a means of mitigating local habitat loss. Another purpose might be to simply provide a location where anglers and divers can utilize aggregated populations of marine species, either in a take (fishing) or no-take (viewing) fashion. The benefits in that case would be the increased economic activity (i.e., expenditures, incomes, jobs) associated with these activities. Each of these purposes may also generate non-market benefits (such as existence values), particularly to non-users of reefs. Such benefits reflect how individuals who may not directly utilize artificial reefs nonetheless value reef existence as being beneficial to the biological habitat of the region.

Aside from the purely biological benefits that might accrue from artificial reefs, many would argue that reefs are deployed to provide benefits to human users, whether commercial fishermen, recreational anglers, sport divers, or others. Milon, Holland, and Whitmarsh (2000) suggest that "a reef that is not useful to people is not a successful reef." If this is an acceptable tenet, assessments of the economic benefits accruing from artificial reefs to surrounding communities are necessary. Such information provides insight into the degree to which the public benefit is being served by reef deployment and the economic consequences associated with reef use. The actual or potential economic impact of reef development to the county or state can be measured, as well as determine to what extent artificial reef deployment is an efficient public investment. In turn, this information may help justify future public expenditures on

2. Chuck Adams, professor, Food and Resource Economics Department; Bill Lindberg, associate professor, Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences Department; and John Stevely, Florida Sea Grant marine Extension agent, Florida Sea Grant Program; UF/IFAS Extension, Gainesville, FL 32611.

The Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences (IFAS) is an Equal Opportunity Institution authorized to provide research, educational information and other services only to individuals and institutions that function with non-discrimination with respect to race, creed, color, religion, age, disability, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, national origin, political opinions or affiliations. For more information on obtaining other UF/IFAS Extension publications, contact your county's UF/IFAS Extension office.

U.S. Department of Agriculture, UF/IFAS Extension Service, University of Florida, IFAS, Florida A & M University Cooperative Extension Program, and Boards of County Commissioners Cooperating. Nick T. Place, dean for UF/IFAS Extension.

^{1.} This document is FE649, one of a series of the Food and Resource Economics Department, UF/IFAS Extension. Original publication date August 2006. Revised August 2011. Reviewed August 2017. Visit the EDIS website at http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu.

artificial reefs and assist in developing adaptive strategies associated with reef deployment as a resource management tool. Of course, there are costs associated with artificial reef program implementation. These costs must be measured as well.

Measuring the Economic Costs and Benefits

The economic costs, activities, and benefits derived from artificial reef programs can be measured several ways. These are briefly reviewed below.

Economic Impact Analysis

This method can provide insight into how market-related activities associated with resident and non-resident expenditures change after reef deployment. An economic impact analysis will describe changes in economic activity within a given geographic region, such as expenditures, incomes, jobs, and business taxes.

Cost Effectiveness Analysis

This method can determine to what extent the estimated cost of deployment was realized in the actual reef deployment process. With limited local and state funds for reef development, ensuring that cost efficiency is maintained is vital to a sustainable county reef program. A cost effectiveness analysis will help ensure that reef programs are completed with a minimum of cost.

Benefit/Cost Analysis

This method takes into consideration the costs associated with the artificial reef site selection, permitting, deployment, monitoring, and other activities, and compares those costs to the suite of benefits that would be generated by the reef program. The benefits would include the total economic values associated with the overall public demand for the reef program. In this case, those benefit/ cost analysis estimates would include values reflected in the market, as well as those values associated with user and non-user demand for reefs over and above that reflected by reef-related expenditures in local markets. These benefits are often referred to as consumer surplus. Foregone benefits of utilizing reef-related funds in the next best use within the region may be included as an opportunity cost. A benefitto-cost ratio of greater than 1.0 suggests that the benefits associated with the program exceed the costs. This would be more desirable than a ratio less than 1.0, which would suggest that the costs derived from the reef program exceed

the benefits. In the former case, the program would yield positive overall (net) economic benefits.

The methods listed above are the primary means of determining the net economic benefits associated with artificial reefs. Several such studies have been completed regarding Florida's artificial reefs. These studies have addressed artificial reef-related changes in boater and angler use patterns and expenditures. They have examined the community/ social impacts of artificial reef placement and the cost efficiency of reef projects, including the opportunity costs of utilizing scarce public funds for reef placement. Some studies have attempted to address the overall economic values associated with artificial reefs, such as existence values and consumer surplus. And some studies have attempted to utilize the information to determine if the costs associated with artificial reef programs are exceeded by the benefits. Not all studies address each of these issues. Some of the studies are dated and the results reflect the characteristics of the local economy and community structure at the time of the study. The key findings from these studies are briefly summarized below.

Florida Artificial Reef Study Summaries Pinellas County

In one of the first such studies in Florida, Hanni and Mathews (1977) examined the costs associated with building an artificial reef system near Clearwater Beach. The intent of the study was to measure the potential economic benefits to anglers and divers who might utilize the reef. The study focused on the benefit-to-cost ratio of the reef program. The benefit-to-cost ratio for anglers was found to be greater than 1.0, while the benefit to cost ratio for divers was found to be less than 1.0.

In an attempt to examine the overall economic consequences of the artificial reef program in Pinellas County (which currently has the greatest number of permitted artificial reefs in Florida), Schug (1978) surveyed the users of the Pinellas County artificial reef system. The study found that the artificial reefs were not being utilized at the maximum use capacity. In fact, only 11 to 36 percent of the reef capacity was being utilized. In addition, 80 percent of the users were local. Thus, while the majority of users were contributing little economic impact to the region, they were enhancing the total economic activity due to their reef-related activities. Total annual expenditures by reef users were estimated to be \$181,000 to \$253,000. The benefit-to-cost ratio of the artificial reef program in Pinellas County was estimated to be greater than 1.0.

Miami-Dade County

Miami-Dade County currently has the third largest complement of artificial reef deployments in Florida (Table 1). Milon (1988) attempted to measure the economic benefits associated with the artificial reef program by users and non-users. The technique utilized was a mail-out survey to local boaters and divers. Respondents were asked to provide their willingness to pay for an artificial reef program. Of the respondents, 29 percent were anglers who frequented artificial reefs and 13 percent were divers who frequented artificial reefs.

Both users and non-users expressed positive benefits associated with the artificial reefs of Miami-Dade County. The annual benefits associated with artificial reefs in Miami-Dade County were estimated to be as high as \$707,000. Interestingly, the largest component of that amount was associated with non-users. Thus, artificial reefs have high values associated with those individuals who simply value the existence of such reefs but may never directly utilize them. The present value associated with artificial reefs in Miami-Dade County ranged from \$18 million to \$128 million, based on estimation method.

Northwest Florida

The economic benefits associated with artificial reefs in northwest Florida were measured by Bell, Bonn, and Leeworthy (1998). The purpose of the study was to assess the economic impact, user valuation, and benefit-to-cost ratio associated with artificial reefs located in the waters adjacent to Escambia, Santa Rosa, Okaloosa, Walton, and Bay Counties.

A total of \$414 million in expenditures were associated with artificial reef use. Those expenditures supported 8,136 jobs and \$84 million in wages and salaries. Of the total expenditures, \$359 million and \$56 million were attributed to visitors and residents, respectively. Of the five counties studied, the total expenditures were distributed as follows: Bay (36%), Okaloosa (30%), Escambia (22%), Santa Rosa (7%), and Walton (5%). The willingness to pay for an artificial reef program was also measured for the region. The annual recreational use value was estimated to be \$19.7 million, with a discounted asset value of \$656 million for the reef program. The benefit-to-cost ratio of the artificial reefs within the northwest Florida region was estimated to be 131, a value indicating an extremely high, positive return to the cost of developing and implementing the artificial reef programs within the five-county, northwest Florida region.

Southeast Florida

The economic impact and use values associated with artificial and natural reef systems in southeast Florida were analyzed by Johns, Leeworthy, Bell, and Bonn (2001). The methodology utilized was similar to that used in the study of the artificial reefs of northwest Florida. In addition, values associated with both the existing and potential new reef sites were assessed. The counties included in the study were Palm Beach, Broward, Miami-Dade, and Monroe.

The study found that non-residents and visitors annually spent \$1.7 billion on fishing and diving activities associated with artificial reefs. Of the total expenditures, Broward County contributed 53 percent, Miami-Dade County contributed 25 percent, and Palm Beach and Monroe Counties each contributed 11 percent. These expenditures generated approximately 27,000 jobs in the region and created \$782 million in wages and salaries. Interestingly, the expenditures associated with natural reef systems, in contrast to artificial reefs, generated \$2.7 billion in annual expenditures.

The annual recreational use value associated with existing artificial reefs in the region was estimated to be \$84.6 million. This annual value discounted into the future produced a discounted value of \$2.8 billion. The annual use value associated with any new artificial reefs was estimated to be \$27 million, with a discounted value of \$888 million. The annual willingness to pay for new artificial reefs was \$4 million. Interestingly, the annual recreational value associated with natural reefs was \$228 million, considerably more than that for artificial reefs.

Martin County

A study similar in methodology to the Palm Beach–Monroe Counties region was conducted for Martin County, Florida. The study examined the values associated with artificial and natural reef systems. Johns (2004) examined annual expenditures, jobs, and incomes, as well as annual use values. The annual expenditures associated with artificial reef use were \$7.2 million. The contribution associated with resident and non-resident expenditures were approximately equal. The incomes associated with artificial reefs were estimated to be \$3.2 million, with approximately 100 jobs created within Martin County. The values associated with natural reefs were slightly smaller in magnitude. The annual use value associated with existing artificial reefs (by residents and non-residents) was estimated to be \$3.6 million. This value discounted into the future was estimated to be \$120 million. The annual value associated with any new artificial reefs was estimated to be \$1.1 million, which when discounted into the future yielded a value of \$37.5 million.

USS Spiegel Grove

The USS Spiegel Grove was a retired navy ship that was sunk off Key Largo, Florida in 2002. The primary purpose of the Spiegel Grove deployment as an artificial reef was to determine whether introducing an artificial reef in close proximity to a natural reef environment would reduce usage of the surrounding natural reefs. Thus, the primary objective was from a resource management perspective. However, economic implications were in question as well. A key question was whether the local economy would benefit from deploying artificial reefs whose primary purpose would be redirecting diver use away from natural reefs. A study was conducted on use patterns and local economic activity before and after the Spiegel Grove deployment (Leeworthy, Maher, and Stone 2005; Leeworthy, Maher, and Stone 2006). The study provided insight into how the Spiegel Grove performed as a substitute by divers and snorkelers for local natural reefs, as well as what benefits to the local economy occurred.

Regarding the resource management objective, the Spiegel Grove artificial reef was deemed a success. Following the deployment, the diver and snorkeler use of natural reefs within the study area declined by 13.7 percent. In addition, the number of dive charters specifically for natural reefs within the region declined by 16.7 percent. However, the total number of dive charters and other related dive/ snorkel activity increased substantially. The net change in expenditures on diving and snorkeling activities increased \$2.6 million during the study period, with approximately 80 percent of that increase being attributed to non-residents. Incomes within the local economy increased by \$960,000, and an additional 68 jobs were created. Thus, the deployment of the Spiegel Grove was considered a win-win situation for both the natural reef environment and the local economy.

USS Oriskany

The decommissioned Essex Class attack aircraft carrier, the USS Oriskany, was sunk off the coast of Pensacola, Florida on May 17, 2006. The original 2004 deployment was delayed due to further PCB (polychlorinated biphenyl) abatement needs and hurricane events. Obtaining, preparing, transporting, and sinking the vessel was due to the combined efforts of several county, state, and federal agencies. At the time of the sinking, the *Oriskany* was the largest artificial reef structure ever deployed. The *Oriskany* was sunk at a depth and distance from shore that would preclude most novice divers, with the top of the "island" being at 60 feet and the flight deck at 130 feet. Diving to the flight deck and hangar deck (150 feet) is better suited to those with technical diving skills (i.e., nitrox and trimix).

The primary purpose of the deployment was to enhance the coastal economic activity associated with the recreational dive industry located in the Baldwin County (Alabama) and Escambia County (Florida) regions. Analyses on both single- and two-county scenarios indicated significant economic activities and impacts were realized during the year immediately following the deployment of the Oriskany (Haas Center 2007). Approximately 4,200 chartered dive trips were taken to the Oriskany during the first year after the sinking. Average expenditures for dive trips originating from non-local destinations were estimated to be \$463, while an average local dive trip resulted in expenditures of \$352. Dive activities originating from Baldwin and Escambia Counties combined resulted in dive-trip related expenditures of \$2.2 million, with an economic impact of \$3.6 million, the creation of 67 jobs, and the generation of \$1.4 million in local incomes. Dive activities originating from Escambia County only resulted in dive-trip related expenditures of \$1.2 million, with an economic impact of \$2 million, the creation of 37 jobs, and the generation of \$740,000 in local incomes.

The *Oriskany* also provided the opportunity to examine the preferences of divers for existing and hypothetical dive opportunities. For example, the perceived value of the possibility of "bundling" (locating) a smaller sunken vessel in the proximity of the *Oriskany* but closer to shore, and thereby increasing the use opportunities of a hypothetical complement of artificial reefs, was examined (Morgan, Massey, and Huth 2009). Subsequent analyses have shown that the concept of bundling additional reef sites does increase the perceived use values associated with large ship artificial reef deployments.

USS Vandenberg

The 520-foot USS Vandenberg was a retired United States Air Force missile tracking ship that was sunk off Key West, Florida in May 2006. The vessel was placed within the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary. The primary purpose of the deployment was to enhance local economic development and tourism. The total cost of preparing and sinking the vessel amounted to \$8.6 million. Subsequent studies have shown that the *Vandenberg* has increased activities within the local dive charter industry, as well as the local economy in general (Office of National Marine Sanctuaries 2011). Following the sinking of the *Vandenberg*, the local dive-related business increased by almost 190 percent. This resulted in an increase of \$6.5 million in expenditures, while annual state and local sales and lodging tax revenues increased by approximately \$620,000. An additional 105 jobs, with \$3.2 million in incomes, were generated by the deployment of the *Vandenberg* as an artificial reef.

Similar to the *USS Spiegel Grove* project, an additional objective of the *Vandenberg* artificial reef project was to assess the diversion of divers and snorkelers from natural reefs to the nearby artificial reef—the *Vandenberg*. As hypothesized, the total use of natural reefs by divers and snorkelers did decline, but the overall increase in activity due to the presence of the *Vandenberg* resulted in a net increase in the use of nearby natural reefs.

Southwest Florida

A study by the University of Florida focused on the economic impact that artificial reef deployments have on six counties in southwest Florida: Pinellas, Hillsborough, Manatee, Sarasota, Charlotte, and Lee (Swett, Adams, Larkin, Hodges, and Stevens 2011). The study found that approximately 614,000 boating days and over 2 million person days were spent annually utilizing the artificial reefs within the six-county region, with 5,600 persons utilizing the reefs on a daily basis. The primary users of the artificial reefs were private boaters; however, the for-hire sector (guide, party, and charter clients) was also found to be an important user of the complement of artificial reefs in the region. In fact, this study was the first to provide clear insight into the role that the for-hire sector plays in the utilization of Florida's artificial reefs.

The use of artificial reefs in the six-county region resulted in annual expenditures of \$253 million, of which \$136 million was spent by residents in the region and \$117 million was spent by non-residents. Of the total expenditures, \$163 million was spent by private boaters, while \$90 million was spent by clients of the for-hire sector. The annual expenditures on artificial reefs generated economic impacts of \$227 million, along with \$122 million in incomes and \$17 million in business taxes, and created approximately 2,600 jobs. In addition, the study found strong public support for the use of public funds toward providing and maintaining artificial reefs in Florida waters.

Summary

Florida reportedly has the largest complement of permitted artificial reefs in the nation. These reefs have been shown to be beneficial to the local economies. The studies reviewed above show that artificial reefs do increase economic activity in surrounding communities. Because artificial reefs are valued by users and non-users alike and provide benefits that exceed costs, they may be an effective tool for redirecting use away from natural reefs if such an management objective is required. Overall, artificial reefs are a source of economic value that may justify additional deployments, even after taking into account the opportunity costs associated with scarce public funds.

References

Bell, F.W., M.A. Bonn, and V.R. Leeworthy. 1998. Economic Impact and Importance of Artificial Reefs in Northwest Florida. Office of Fisheries Management and Assistance Service, Florida Department of Environmental Administration, Tallahassee, FL.

Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission [September 2011]. Artificial Reef Deployment Data. Division of Marine Fisheries Management, Tallahassee, FL. Data found on the following website: http://myfwc.com/conservation/ saltwater/artificial-reefs/

Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. 2003. State of Florida Artificial Reef Strategic Plan. Division of Marine Fisheries Management, Tallahassee, FL.

Haas Center. 2007. The Economic Impact of Diving the USS Oriskany on the Regional Economy. The Haas Center for Business Research and Economic Development, The University of West Florida, Pensacola, FL.

Hanni, E. and H.H. Mathews. 1977. Benefit-Cost Study of Pinellas County Artificial Reefs. FLSGP-T-77-005. Florida Sea Grant College Program, UF/IFAS Extension, Gainesville, FL.

Johns, G. 2004. *Socioeconomic Study of Reefs in Martin County, Florida*. Report prepared for Martin County, Florida by Hazen and Sawyer, P.C., Hollywood, FL.

Johns, G., V.R. Leeworthy, F.W. Bell, and M.A. Bonn. 2001. *Socioeconomic Study of Reefs in Southeast Florida*. Report prepared for Miami-Dade County, Florida by Hazen and Sawyer, P.C., Miami, FL. Leeworthy, V.R., T. Maher, and E.A. Stone. 2005. Can Artificial Reefs Reduce or Alter User Pressure on Adjacent Natural Reefs? Coastal and Ocean Resource Economics Program, Special Projects Office, National Ocean Service, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Silver Spring, MD.

Leeworthy, V.R., T. Maher, and E.A. Stone. 2006. Can artificial reefs reduce or alter user pressure on adjacent natural reefs? *Bulletin of Marine Science* 78(1): 29–37.

Milon, J.W. 1988. The Economic Benefits of Artificial Reefs: An Analysis of the Dade County, Florida Reef System. SGR-90. Florida Sea Grant College Program, UF/IFAS Extension, Gainesville, FL.

Milon, J.W., S. Holland, and D. Whitmarsh. 2000. Social and Economic Evaluation Methods. *Evaluating Artificial Reefs and Related Aquatic Habitats*, edited by W. Seaman. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Morgan, O.A., D.M. Massey, and W.L. Huth. 2009. Diving demand for large ship artificial reefs. *Marine Resource Economics* 24(1): 43–59.

Office of National Marine Sanctuaries. 2011. Socioeconomic Monitoring Program for the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary—Recreation/Tourism: New Artificial Reefs. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Silver Springs, MD. http://sanctuaries.noaa.gov/ science/socioeconomics/floridakeys/recreation/new_reefs. html.

Schug, D.M. 1978. Political and Economic Aspects of Artificial Reefs in Pinellas County, Florida. M.S. Thesis, Department of Marine Science, University of South Florida, Tampa, FL.

Swett, R.A., C. Adams, S. Larkin, A.W. Hodges, and T.J. Stevens. 2011. Economic Impacts of Artificial Reefs for Six Southwest Florida Counties. TP-178. Florida Sea Grant College Program, UF/IFAS Extension, Gainesville, FL.

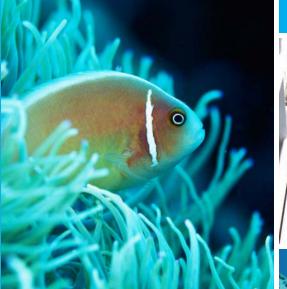
Table 1. Number of artificial reef deployments in Florida by county .

County	# of Reefs
Bay	220
Brevard	63
Broward	108
Charlotte	33
Citrus	25
Collier	80
Dade	191
Dixie	9
Duval	96
Escambia	182
Flagler	12
Franklin	47
Gulf	21
Hernando	22
Hillsborough	75
Indian River	10
Lee	116
Levy	31
Manatee	83
Martin	86
Monroe	62
Nassau	17
Okaloosa	181
Palm Beach	75
Pasco	37
Pinellas	401
Santa Rosa	15
Sarasota	156
St. Johns	40
St. Lucie	44
Taylor	17
Volusia	82
Wakulla	33
Walton	4
TOTAL	2,276

Source: Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (2011) http://myfwc.com/conservation/saltwater/artificial-reefs/























EDITED BY Peter E.T. Edwards

Economist and Social Science Coordinator NOAA Coral Reef Conservation Program. 2013. Summary Report, The Economic Value of U.S. Coral Reefs. Silver Spring, MD:NOAA

NOTE: This summary document is a companion document to another report entitled "The Total Economic Value of US Coral Reefs: A Review of the Literature" - Brander et al (2013). The Brander report presents a detailed analysis of US coral reef valuation studies. The authors conducted a metaanalysis of the seven studies presented in this report in addition to a few other valuation studies not included here. The Brander study is a more technical document than this summary report. However for those who require more in depth analysis they are free to refer to it at the web link provided here: http://coralreef.noaa.gov/Library/Publications/valuemetaanalysis.pdf

This report was made possible with support from NOAA's Coral Reef Conservation Program

Contents

Introduction	3
Background	4
Florida	б
Hawaii	9
American Samoa	11
Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI): Saipan	14
Guam	16
Puerto Rico	18
US Virgin Islands	20
Conclusions	22
References	23

1





Introduction

Coral reefs are among the most valuable ecosystems on Earth, they provide humans with billions of dollars in economic and environmental services (also known as ecosystem services) such as food, protection for coasts, and tourism. However, increasing population growth rates along with economic and industrial development has resulted in unprecedented pressure to coral reefs. These pressures include impacts from climate change, unsustainable fishing, and land-based pollution.

Domestically, the NOAA Coral Reef Conservation Program (CRCP) funds and equips reef conservation activities by NOAA and its partners in the seven US states and jurisdictions containing coral reefs (American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Florida, Guam, Hawai`i, Puerto Rico, and the US Virgin Islands), as well as in uninhabited islands including the Northwestern Hawaiian Islands and the Pacific Remote Island Areas.

Given some of the threats mentioned above, there are a few questions to consider. *How much are coral reefs worth to society? How much do people care about coral ecosystems? Can we demonstrate the value of these unique ecosystems and account for what we stand to lose if they are irreparably damaged?* Providing answers to these questions can assist with better decisions that influence coral reef resource management and policy. One way to provide answers is through the use of Economic Valuation techniques.

The CRCP recognizes the benefits gained from the strategic use of social science tools in US coral reef jurisdictions and one of these tools includes Natural Resource Valuation. Since 2001, the program has funded social science activities including, valuation studies in seven (7) US coral reef jurisdictions. This document attempts to summarize the major findings of these studies in order to provide an overall report on the value of US coral reefs.



Background

Summary Report

4

This document summarizes the work done over a ten year period on seven US coral reef jurisdictions. NOAA was a significant contributor to the seven valuation studies that were conducted during the period. It should be noted that while all the studies were economic valuation studies, they each may have used slightly different approaches. Additionally, each of these studies varies slightly in terms of the theoretical economic assumptions (Total Economic Value, Benefit Transfer, Economic Impact). A list of common valuation approaches is shown in the table below. The references provided for each individual study contain more details on methodology and findings.

Technique	Goods and services
Directly applicable market techniques	
Loss of earnings / Human capital approach (HC)	Tourism/recreation
Change in Productivity / Effect of production (EoP)	Fisheries/ornamental use/tourism
Stock (houses, infrastructure, land) at Risk (SaR)	Coastal protection
Preventive expenditures (PE)	Coastal protection
Damage Costs (DC)	Coastal protection
Replacement costs (RC)	Coastal protection
Revealed preference techniques	
Travel-cost approaches (TC)	Tourism/recreation
Hedonic pricing method (HP)	Amenity value
Stated preference techniques	
Contingent valuation methods (CVM)	Cultural services, biodiversity
Choice Experiment (CE)	Cultural services, biodiversity

Source: Adapted from Dixon (1990), Barton (1994).

Notwithstanding the application of slightly different methodological approaches, which produce different ranges of values¹, the results and findings in each study support and confirm that coral reefs provide significant benefits to society. Understanding the value of coral reefs therefore provides information that can be used to improve the allocation of resources to ensure conservation.

The report summaries are presented in chronological order

- Florida (2001)
- Hawaii (2002)
- American Samoa (2004)
- Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI-Saipan) (2006)
- Guam (2007)
- Puerto Rico (2008)
- US Virgin Islands (2011)

The table below outlines the annual values converted to 2012 dollars (real dollars) for comparison across jurisdictions. Results presented below are based on CRCP funded projects only.

Table 2 Total Economic Values of US Coral Reef Jurisdictions (2012\$)

Location	Study Year	Present Value (2012\$ Million/Year)
Florida	2001	324
Hawaii	2002	455
American Samoa	2004	11
CNMI – Saipan	2006	68
Guam	2007	150
Puerto Rico	2008	1,161
US Virgin Islands	2011	210

¹For example the Puerto Rico study used the Total Economic Valuation approach that sums different types of estimated values and this in turn results in a very high (aggregated) dollar amount.

Florida



Title: Socioeconomic Study of Reefs in Southeast Florida: Final Report (2001)

Johns, Leeworthy, Bell and Bonn

This study determined the net economic value of southeast Florida's natural and artificial reef resources to the local economies and the reef users. Southeast Florida is defined as the counties of Palm Beach, Broward, Miami-Dade and Monroe. The study area included, from north to south, the cities of West Palm Beach, Fort Lauderdale, and Miami, and the Florida Keys.

Using survey research methods the researchers measured the economic contribution and the use values of artificial and natural reefs over the twelve-month period of June 2000 to May 2001. The reef users surveyed were boaters who are recreational fishers (commercial fishers were not included), reef divers, reef snorkelers and/or visitors viewing the reefs on glass-bottom boats. The study used a combination of approaches including estimating the economic contribution of visitor and Florida resident spending as well as reef users' willingness to pay for maintaining the condition of the reefs. The study was funded by each of the four counties, the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission through the use of Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration funds, and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration through the Socioeconomic Monitoring Program for the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary.

Between 2000 and 2001, surveys were conducted on the following groups of respondents: Resident boaters (mail survey), General visitors (intercept survey), Visitor boaters (intercept survey) and Charter/Party boats (mail survey). The surveys collected information that was used to estimate participation rates in reef related activities, expenditures related to reef use, willingness to pay and demographic information.

Findings

Contribution of Reef-Related Spending to the County Economies

The total economic contribution of the reefs to each county is measured as the contribution of reef-related expenditures to county sales, income and employment. As residents and visitors spend money in the county to participate in reef-related recreation, income and jobs are created within the county. Economic contribution² includes the direct, indirect and induced effects of visitor spending and the direct effects of resident spending.

Reef-related expenditures generated **\$505 million** in sales in Palm Beach County, **\$2.1 billion** in sales in Broward County, **\$1.3 billion** in sales in Miami-Dade County and **\$490 million** in sales in Monroe County during the 12-month period **from June 2000 to May 2001**. These sales resulted in \$194 million in income to Palm Beach County residents, \$1.1 billion in income to Broward County residents, \$614 million in income to Miami-Dade County residents and \$139 million in income to Monroe County residents during the same time period. **Reef-related expenditures provided 6,300 jobs in Palm Beach County**, **36,000 jobs in Broward County**, **19,000 jobs in Miami-Dade County and 10,000 jobs in Monroe County**

Type of Economic Contribution	Palm Beach	Broward County	Miami-Dade County	Monroe County
Sales – All Reefs (in millions of 2000 dollars)	\$505	\$2,069	\$1,297	\$490
Artificial Reefs	\$148	\$961	\$419	\$127
Natural Reefs	\$357	\$1,108	\$878	\$363
Income – All Reefs (in millions of 2000 dollars)	\$194	\$1,049	\$614	\$139
Artificial Reefs	\$52	\$502	\$195	\$33
Natural Reefs	\$142	\$547	\$419	\$106
Employment – All Reefs (number of full- and part-time jobs)	6,300	36,000	19,000	10,000
Artificial Reefs	1,800	17,000	6,000	2,000
Natural Reefs	4,500	19,000	13,000	8,000

Table 3 Economic Contribution of Reef-Related Expenditures to Each County*

*The economic contributions cannot be summed over the four counties to get the total economic contribution of the reefs to southeast Florida. This is because the concept of economic contribution looks at the economy of the individual geographic area as a separate entity from its neighbors.

²Please note, economic contribution (or impact) as described here is different from "economic benefit or value". Economic value resides in the contributions that ecosystem functions make to human well-being, while economic impact describes localized economic effects on local businesses and communities (sales, employment, income and taxes). Economic impacts do not measure benefits to resource users.

June 2000 to May 2001 – Residents and Visitors

Economic Value that Reef Users Place on the Reefs

While the results above highlight the economic impacts from sales and expenditures the researchers also conducted an economic valuation exercise. The researchers used a contingent valuation approach to derive the economic values Florida reef users have. Users were asked about their willingness to pay for specific reef programs. The study estimated four types of use values, these were: (1) the value to natural reef users of maintaining the natural reefs in their existing condition; (2) the value to artificial reef users of maintaining the artificial reefs in their existing condition; (3) the value to artificial and natural reef users of maintaining both the artificial and natural reefs in their existing condition; and (4) the value of adding and maintaining additional artificial reefs. The respondents were asked: *"If your total cost per trip would have been \$______ higher, would you have been willing to pay this amount to maintain the (kind of reef – artificial or natural or both) in their existing condition."* Estimates of value were derived from the survey data using econometric analytical techniques.

The report found that the aggregate value of visitor and resident reef users in all four counties was \$255 million per year for the purpose of maintaining both the artificial reefs and the natural reefs in southeast Florida in their current condition by maintaining water quality, limiting damage to reefs from anchoring, and preventing overuse of the reefs. When the projects to protect the artificial and natural reefs are considered separately, visitor and resident reef users in all four counties are willing to pay \$85 million per year to protect the artificial reefs and \$228 million per year to protect the natural reefs in southeast Florida.

For further details see full study http://coastalsocioeconomics.noaa.gov/core/reefs/02-01.pdf



Economic valuation of the coral reefs of Hawaii (2002)

Cesar, van Beukering, Pintz and Dierking

Coral reefs are essential for the livelihood of many Hawaiians, through both the provision of tourism and fisheries. Reefs also protect coastal infrastructure, tourist beaches and communities through their ability to dissipate wave energy. In addition, coral reefs play an important spiritual and cultural role in Hawaiian society. The objective of the study were threefold: (i) to assess the economic value of selected case study areas (see below) and of Hawaii as a whole, (ii) to determine the economic costs of reef degradation; (iii) to compare the costs and benefits of various management options which aim to reverse these trends. The economic valuation of natural resources presents a major challenge: how to put a price-tag on goods and services from coral reefs that are not typically traded in the market. A host of valuation techniques are available to value these ecosystem goods and services. Those used in this study are the Effect on Production (EoP); Replacement Costs (RC); Damage Costs (DC); Travel Costs (TC); and the Contingent Valuation Method (CVM)².

Findings

The average annual benefits that accrue from Hawaiian coral reefs amount to \$364 million. This leads to a net present value of nearly \$10 billion (at a discount rate³ of 3%). This figure represents the asset value of the coral reefs of the Main Hawaiian Islands. Sensitivity estimates suggest that without discounting, this asset value would be as much as \$19 billion, while a discount rate of 15% would produce a corresponding net present value of \$2.8 billion. The largest contribution (85%) to the yearly benefits of \$364 million is the annual value added by recreation and tourism (\$304

million). Second contributor to overall value is the amenity/property value, with benefits of \$40 million per annum. The impact of reefs on the total property value in Hawaii is modest, but as total property values are so high in Hawaii, a high coral reef related value is still generated. The third most important benefit is biodiversity. This is partly expressed in terms of reef-related research expenditures (\$10 million per year) and partly in terms of non-use value (\$7 million per year). The latter value was estimated through benefit transfer⁴.

		Hanauma Bay, Oahu	Kihei Coast, Maui	Kona Coast, Hawaii	Hawaii - overall
Recreational value	Million\$/year	36.23	8.02	8.06	304.16
Amenity value	Million\$/year	0.00	18.26	4.47	40.05
Biodiversity value	Million\$/year	1.11	1.71	4.35	17.00
Fishery value	Million\$/year	0.01	0.10	0.7	2.50
Education spill-over value	Million\$/year	0.22	-	-	-
Total annual benefits	Million\$/year	37.57	28.09	17.68	363.71
Net Present Value @ 3%	Million\$	1,503	522	389	9,722

Table 4 Annual benefits and the net present value of the Hawaiian coral reefs and the different study sites

The table above shows the various benefits for the three case studies, as well as the figures for the State of Hawaii. For Hawaii overall, the asset value of its coral reefs are estimated to be **\$ 9.7 billion**. This is the determined as the sum of all future quantified benefits streams over a 50-year period and a 3% discount rate. The last column in the table shows the composition of the main economic benefits of the coral reefs in Hawaii.

The average annual value of the coral reef ecosystem amounts to **\$364 million**. This leads to a **net present value at a discount rate of 3% of nearly \$10 billion**. Without discounting this value would be nearly \$19 billion, **while at a discount rate of 15% the net present value amounts to \$2.8 billion**. These high numbers certainly indicate that it is important, both from an ecological and an economic perspective, to take care of this valuable resource. (For more on discount rates http://www.iearesearch. com/papers/discounting.pdf)

It should be noted that a related study was sponsored by NOAA's Office of Response and Restoration. A choice experiment study of the Northwestern Hawaiian Islands was conducted and the researchers' estimated a coral reef value of approximately \$34 Billion dollars (Bishop et al 2011). This figure represents non-use value⁵ for the entire US Population. However as mentioned previously, the results of that study are not included in this report.

For further details on the 2002 Hawaii study, go to: http://www.hcri.ssri.hawaii.edu/files/research/pdf/ cesar_noaa_final_report_01-02.pdf

³ Similar to "interest rate", discount rate is used in cost-benefit analysis and discounted cash flow analysis to calculate the present value of profits that will be received in the future.

⁴ Benefit transfer involves transposing existing monetary environmental values estimated at one site (study site) to another (policy site), usually with similar context or physical characteristics.

⁵ Economists classify ecosystem values into several types. Two common categories are use values and non-use, or "passive use" values. Use values are based on actual use of the environment (diving, fishing) while non-use values are values that are not associated with actual use (direct use) of an ecosystem or its services. Another category is "existence value", which is the non-use value that people place on simply knowing that something exists, even if they will never see it or use it.



Economic Valuation of Coral Reefs and Adjacent Habitats in American Samoa (2004)

Spurgeon, Roxburgh, O' Gorman, Lindley, Ramsey and Polunin

The coral reefs of American Samoa are one of its most valuable assets, providing benefits to generations of islanders. However, with one of the fastest population growth rates in the world and rapid economic and industrial development the island's coral reefs have come under pressure from habitat loss, over fishing and pollution. In December 2003, the Department of Commerce commissioned a study to undertake an economic valuation of the coral reefs and adjacent habitats of American Samoa. The overall aim of the study was to undertake an economic valuation of coral reefs and adjacent habitats in American Samoa, of sufficient quality and content, to guide future use of resources and management for the territory. In particular, the aim was to focus on current and potential values for corals and mangroves focusing on artisanal and subsistence fisheries, shoreline protection and recreation/tourism (ecotourism). The study also attempted to estimate **potential nonuse values**. That is, values that were predominantly related to social, cultural and biodiversity aspects. **Potential nonuse values result from the** fact that people may have a value for maintaining coastal resources irrespective of their actual use of the resource. The ultimate hope of this effort was that the study information produced would be used to assist in overall policy decision-making, particularly to guide resource management for future generations.

A general public contingent valuation questionnaire was designed and used to collect information about the use and importance of coral reefs and mangroves to the local residents on American Samoa. The main aim was to elicit a willingness to pay value covering use and non-use values. The survey was initially piloted amongst a small sample (14 persons) in January 2004 before being modified and conducted island wide in February 2004. Responses were obtained from 300 residents from 44 villages on Tutuila, Ofu and Olosega. Interview sampling locations and

respondents were selected to be reasonably representative of population distribution (e.g. 90% in southern Tutuila) and socio-economic characteristics (e.g. gender, age, place of birth). Potential future values were calculated based on two scenarios; a business as usual (BAU) scenario and an optimum sustainable management (OSM) scenario.

Findings

The coral reefs and mangroves of American Samoa both provide significant benefits to the territory and mainland US. Total benefits to American Samoa residents and visitors are estimated to be worth around **US\$ 5 million/year for coral reefs** and **US\$ 0.7 million/year for mangroves**. When potential **non-use benefits accruing to US citizens** are included, overall benefits could be in the order of at least US\$ 10 million/year for coral **reefs and US\$ 1.5 million/year for mangroves**. The economic value of corals in American Samoa was shown to be relatively low when compared to other US coral reef jurisdictions. This is because tourism and recreational access to corals is limited, extensive manmade shoreline defenses have already been constructed (due to significant beach sand and rubble mining) and because there is a relatively small and poor population.

Type of benefit		Residents	Visitors	US public	Total
Use benefits	Direct subsistence fishery products	572,000	-	-	572,000
	Direct artisanal fishery products	44,000	-	-	44,000
	Direct subsistence fishing CS1	73,000	-	-	73,000
	Direct snorkelling/diving CS1	38,000	12,000	-	50,000
	Direct snorkel/dive expenditure2	17,000	7,000	-	23,000
	Indirect artisanal fishery products3	70,000	-	-	70,000
	Indirect shoreline protection	447,000	-	-	447,000
Non-use benefits		3,598,000	216,000	4,964,000	8,778,000
	Total benefits	4,858,000	235,000	4,964,000	10,057,000

Table 5 Current coral reef annual values (US\$/year)

1. CS = Consumer Surplus

2. Visitor expenditures are actually a cost to visitors and a benefit to local businesses/residents

3. Offshore reef-associated bottomfish.

Table 6 Current mangrove annual values (US\$/year)

Type of benefit		Residents	Visitors	US public	Total
Use benefits	Direct subsistence fishery products	29,000	-	-	29,000
	Direct subsistence fishing CS1	4,000	-	-	4,000
	Indirect fishery products2	13,000	-	-	13,000
	Indirect shoreline protection	135,000	-	-	13,5000
Non-use benefits		541,000	32,000	745,000	1,318,000
Total benefits		722,000	32,000	745,000	1,499,000

1. CS = Consumer Surplus

2. Component of the direct coral reef fishery (accounted for in Table 1)

The tables above also highlight that with US public non-use values included, around 50% of coral reef and mangrove values accrue to residents of American Samoa, equivalent to **US\$ 4.9 million/year and US\$ 0.7 million/year** respectively. Around 75% of the resident values are related to non-uses, which partly capture traditional and social values. However, of particular significance for residents are subsistence fishery catches (worth US\$ 0.6 million/year), shoreline protection services (US\$ 0.5 million/year) and subsistence consumer surplus, which represents part of the way of life in American Samoa (US\$ 73,000/year).

When considered at a macro-scale (e.g. the entire territory or an individual island), the total values appear reasonably large. For instance, the annual coral reef resident and visitor use and non-use values (**US\$ 5 million**) outweigh the current coastal zone management expenditure of around US\$ 2 million per year by two and a half times. Including non-use values for the US population, the total of **US\$10 million** outweighs the management expenditure by five times. Without this investment in management, the coral and mangrove values would rapidly decline to virtually zero.

For more details you can find the full report here http://www.coralreef.gov/meeting18/ ascoralvaluation_samoa_2007.pdf

Common wealth of the Saipan

The Economic Value of the Coral Reefs of Saipan (2006)

van Beukering, Haider, Wolfs, Liu, van der Leeuw, Longland, Sablan, Beardmore, di Prima, Massey, Cesar and Hausfather

van Beukering et al (2006) estimate the total economic value of coral reefs and associated resources on Saipan in the CNMI. This study was commissioned by the US Department of the Interior and NOAA. The main objective of the study was to carry out an economic valuation of the coral reefs and associated resources on Saipan and examine the potential for sustainable financing of conservation efforts. The primary purpose of the household survey (of 375 local residents) was to determine the nature and level of the use and non-use values of coral reefs, from the perspectives of local communities on Saipan.

The survey covered a number of issues, such as respondents' level of beach and marine recreation, environmental awareness, fishing activities and the importance of fish in their diet. The survey showed that the residents of Saipan are strongly connected to the coral reefs and the ocean. Citizens of Saipan heavily use the marine environment surrounding the island for fishing and recreational activities. As such, there is strong concern about further deterioration of the marine environment on Saipan and stong support policy interventions by the CNMI government to reverse the negative trend.

To estimate the economic value of the above-mentioned non-market values, a Discrete Choice Experiment (DCE) was used. Respondents were presented with a series of choice sets, composed of different attributes associated with reefs and their management (e.g. recreation, fisheries, tax payments). They were then asked to choose between these choice sets. Saipan's residents appeared to place a similar value on the ability of reefs to provide local recreational benefits and supply culturally significant fish species. Although there is some indication that Saipan's residents may support increasing the size of the MPA in the lagoon, they are much more concerned with the effects of pollution and managing pollution as a threat to the reefs. They are generally willing to pay more tax for this issue to be addressed. The total annual values for each service are summarized in Table 7 below. The table shows that reef related tourism values account for the largest share of total economic value.

Ecosystem service	Valuation method	Total value (millions, US\$)
Amenity	Value transfer	3
Commercial fishery	Net factor income	1
Tourism	Travel cost method	45
Recreation	Travel cost method	6
Coastal protection	Avoided damage costs	9
Research	Net factor income	1
Total Economic Value		65

Table 7 Total coral reef values for CNMI (millions US\$/Year; 2007 prices)

The researchers also investigated the spatial dimension of interactions between the economy and coral reefs. They found that in general, the beneficiaries of the reefs' goods and services were not spread evenly throughout Saipan, but varied from location to location. They used Geographic Information System (GIS) tools to analyze this spatial variation in economic values. They found that the **average value of reefs per square kilometer amounted to \$0.8 million however the highest value per square kilometer was around \$9 million**. The highest value categories were attributed to the most popular diving and snorkeling sites. Based on their comparison of the distribution of reefs' total economic value and their anthropogenic threats, the authors conclude that, in general, the more valuable the reef, the poorer their condition and the greater their threats.

Based on the study findings and in conjunction with Saipan's Local Action Strategy, the following policy recommendations were provided;

- 1. Tackle the problem of non-point and point source pollution;
- 2. Make use of the cultural importance residents place on marine ecosystems to improve coral reef management;
- 3. Develop a comprehensive system of user fees for visitors of the Marine Protected Areas on Saipan.

For further details the full study can be found here: http://www.crm.gov.mp/pubs/22.pdf



Economic Value of Guam's Coral Reefs (2007)

16 van Beukering, Haider, Longland, Cesar, Sablan, Shjegstad, Beardmore, Liu, Garces

The objective of this study was to carry out a comprehensive economic valuation of the coral reefs and associated resources in Guam. The focus was on valuing the five main uses of coral reefs in Guam. Some of these are extractive uses, such as fisheries (i); others are non-extractive, such as recreation/ tourism (ii), cultural/traditional uses (iii), and education and research (iv). Indirect uses such as shoreline and infrastructure protection (v) are also included in the study. The aim being that with a better understanding of the economic importance of coral reefs, Guam's decision makers can formulate more effective policies utilizing limited funds.

The valuation of Guam's coral reefs involved a series of steps leading to the estimation of the total economic value. The researchers also examined the underlying motives and mechanisms that lie behind the estimated values. In particular, they focused on (1) people's relationships with marine ecosystems; (2) local willingness to pay for coral reef conservation; (3) the economic importance of Guam's reefs; and (4) the spatial variation of reef-associated values and threats. The main purpose of the household survey (of 400 local residents) was to determine the nature and level of the cultural value of coral reefs. The survey covered a number of issues, such as respondents' level of beach and marine recreation, environmental awareness, fishing activities and the importance of fish in their diet.

Findings

The study found that local residents utilize the coastal marine ecosystems for recreational purposes. A majority of the respondents in Guam have barbeques, swim or wade at the beach. Nevertheless, only a minority can actually swim. A significant share of respondents participates in snorkeling and diving. Clean, clear and safe water and good public facilities were considered to be the most important recreational amenities. Coral reefs and fish abundance were also mentioned as relevant, but were not considered to be crucial amenities. Most local residents reported witnessing a degradation of the marine environment in recent decades, in particular a decline in both water quality and fish abundance. Between 35% and 45% of respondents were active fishermen. On average, fishermen go fishing around once a week. Despite the depleted fish stocks, fishing has not declined in popularity. In fact, because fishermen have grown older and have more time available, they now go fishing more frequently. Residents of Guam use the marine environment for fishing and recreational activities. As a result, people are concerned about degradation of the marine environment and are willing to support policy interventions that will address the issue. In fact, residents of Guam have clear ideas about the direction in which these policies should move.

The researchers also conducted a Discrete Choice Experiment valuation survey to estimate total economic values (TEV) for Guam's coral reefs. The study valued the six main ecosystem services provided by coral reefs in Guam, namely support for commercial fisheries, recreation, tourism, cultural/traditional uses, research, and shoreline protection. The total annual values for each ecosystem service and the valuation methods used are summarized in Table 8. The total economic value of Guam's coral reefs is dominated by the value of tourism activities, which represents approximately three quarters of the TEV.

Ecosystem service	Valuation method	Total value (millions, US\$)
Tourism	Travel cost method	104
Recreation	Value transfer and net factor income	10
Commercial Fishery	Net factor income	4
Amenity	Hedonic pricing	11
Coastal protection	Avoided damage costs	9
Research	Net factor income	2
Total Economic Value		139

Table 8 Total coral reef values for Guam (millions US\$/year; 2007 prices)

The authors identified a number of important areas in need of protection:

- The most valuable coral reefs are located within 200 meters of the most popular diving and snorkeling spots.
- Coral reefs in the inner areas of Tumon, Agana and Piti Bays are valuable because of their proximity to the numerous hotels, beaches and parks in these bays.
- Coral reefs along the southern coastline of Guam have a relatively high economic value because of their roles in tourism, fisheries, coastal protection and amenities provision. However, due to serious sedimentation, these reefs are highly threatened.
- The coral reefs located in the north and northeast of the island are in better condition, but their economic (use) value is relatively low.

The report offered some policy recommendations for consideration. The authors suggest that in order to provide economically-sound guidance to decision makers on the management of coral reefs, it was important to:

- 1. Identify both the most valuable, and most seriously threatened, reefs in Guam;
- 2. Determine the type of threat endangering a specific reef and select a number of potentially worthwhile interventions;
- 3. Evaluate the economic benefits and financial costs associated with these interventions, and;
- 4. Find sustainable sources of funding for management interventions.

For more details go to:

ftp://data.nodc.noaa.gov/pub/data.nodc/coris/library/NOAA/CRCP/project/1029/econ_value_guam_ coral_reefs.pdf

Puerto Rico



Economic Assessment of Eastern Puerto Rico's Coral Reefs and Associated Environments (2008)

Estudios Técnicos Inc

The Puerto Rican Department of Natural and Environmental Resources hired the consulting firm Estudios Técnicos Inc., to carry out an economic assessment of the coral reefs and associated environments of eastern Puerto Rico, namely Fajardo, the Cordillera reef system, Vieques and Culebra. The objective of the study was to calculate the total economic value of the coral reefs and associated resources in this part of eastern Puerto Rico.

Approach

The report calculated total economic value on the basis of goods, roles, and services provided by this ecosystem. Using the TEV approach they arrive at this value by adding the use values (value of goods and services) and passive values (future value, legacy value, existential value, and biodiversity value).

Findings

The non-use values for the Puerto Rican population are estimated through the application of the contingent valuation method and again show that these types of values, when estimated, dominate the total economic value of coral reefs. The total annual values for each service are summarized in Table 9.

Ecosystem service	Valuation method	Total value (millions, US\$)
Small-scale fishing	Gross revenue	1
Recreation and tourism	Travel cost	192
Coastal protection	Value transfer	1
Education and research	Gross revenue	1
Existence value	Contingent valuation	306
Future value	Contingent valuation	193
Bequest value	Contingent valuation	210
Biodiversity	Contingent valuation	191
Total Economic Value		1,093

Table 9 Total coral reef values for Puerto Rico (millions US\$/year; 2007 prices)

Coral reef resources, however, continue to deteriorate, mostly due to poor land use practices and improperly regulated tourist/recreational activities. Over the course of this study, factors were identified that have the potential to impact the effective management of these resources, including the following:

- 1. A lack of understanding on the part of the general population of the importance of coral reefs and their interconnectedness with other costal resources;
- 2. A lack of understanding on the part of the general population of what types of tourism/ recreational activities are harmful to the resources;
- 3. The extension and condition of these resources are unknown;
- 4. Information on research and researchers of these resources is scattered; and
- 5. The Commonwealth has laws and regulations on the books to protect the reefs, but their enforcement has been inadequate.

Based on the analysis of uses, users, and threats uncovered in the economic assessment exercise, a number of recommendations were put forward. They were roughly grouped under Management and Financing Recommendations.

The management recommendations were:

- Establishment of areas where fishing is permanently banned
- Significantly increase penalties for violations of environmental law
- Implement a study that details the characteristics and demarcation of the zone
- Engage in ecosystem surveillance and supervision
- Limit access to the most sensitive areas
- Buoy placement
- Promotion of sustainable tourism
- Ongoing restoration and monitoring programs
- Implementation of a system for boat access to the area
- Visitor information program

While the suggested financing recommendations were:

- Impose an environmental tax to finance a small fund for maintaining the natural resources of eastern Puerto Rico
- Include tourists and users in the protection and management of the area

The Economic Value of US Coral Reefs: 2001 – 2011



The Economic Value of the Coral Reef Ecosystems of the United States Virgin Islands (2011)

van Beukering, Brander, van Zanten, Verbrugge and Lems

The objective of this study was to provide a quantitative measure of how important the reefs are to the USVI in monetary terms and also to generate a reference point with which to compare possible alternative development/conservation plans. The assumption being that information on the Total Economic Value (TEV) of reefs should provide a basis for advocating the preservation of the coral reefs in USVI, establishing damage compensation, setting fees for permit applications or determining potential user fees for residents and tourists.

Approach

The approach for this study was to focus on valuing the six main uses of coral reefs and adjacent habitats in selected sites on the USVI: (1) fishery value; (2) tourism value; (3) recreational and cultural value; (4) real estate value; (5) shoreline protection; and (6) education/research values. Based on the overall approach mentioned, the study involved a wide range of research activities. These include the following:

- 1. An elaborate local resident survey aimed at estimating the local cultural and recreation attachment to the marine environment;
- 2. An extensive tourist survey with the objective to get a comprehensive insight into the importance of the marine environment for visitors to the USVI;
- 3. A thorough analysis of the coastal protection function of reefs thereby revealing the role of coral reefs in avoiding storm damage to properties and infrastructure;

- 4. A hedonic pricing analysis based on real estate transactions which demonstrated the positive impact of healthy reefs on house prices;
- 5. A spatial analysis aimed at preparing value maps of the coral reefs of the USVI.
- 6. An aggregation exercise combined with a rapid scenario analysis leading to the estimation of the TEV of coral reefs of the USVI.

Findings

The above activities resulted in the estimation of the main ecosystem services provided by coral reefs in the USVI. However estimation of the various ecosystem service values involved a large number of assumptions that simplify the underlying dynamics and complexity of coral reefs in the USVI. The authors of this study presented lower and upper bound estimates determined for each ecosystem service, recognizing the uncertainty surrounding the economic analysis. In the case of coastal protection, for example, the different storm frequencies available in the literature were used to create a range of values. In the case of the fishery values, the wide range of financial cost estimates was used to set the upper and lower bound of the value. The ranges estimated for each ecosystem service is presented in Table 10 below.

With an average estimate of US\$ 202 million per year, the lower bound estimate is determined at almost US\$100 million per year while the upper bound is set at US\$273 million per year. The authors suggest that further study could allow for the reduction of uncertainties and thus the narrowing of the value range.

Ecosystem Service	Lower bound	Average	Upper bound
Tourism	64.7	102.9	141.0
Recreation & Cultural	17.5	51.1	66.7
Amenity	9.7	37.1	47.2
Coastal protection	3.4	6.7	13.4
Fishery	3.1	3.3	3.4
Research & Education	0.5	1.0	1.5
Total annual economic value	98.9	202.1	273.2

Table 10 Upper and lower bound estimates of the annual benefits of coral reefs in the USVI (2010US\$ million/year)

The study provides various insights that may be used to develop policy measures which directly contribute to more sustainable management of coral reefs in the USVI. It also provided a clear perspective of who benefits most from healthy coral reefs. Those who stand to gain the most may be ideal contributors to the preservation of the USVI coral reefs. The study shows that next to tourists, the second most important beneficiary of the coral reefs is the local community, who benefits from the reef in various ways (e.g. recreation, culture, coastal protection). Through stronger engagement of the local public in marine management, decision makers may build more local support for conservation oriented measures while at the same time enhancing the awareness of local communities.

For further details see full study:

http://www.ivm.vu.nl/en/Images/The%20Economic%20Value%20of%20the%20Coral%20Reefs%20 of%20the%20USVI_tcm53-232341.pdf

Conclusion

This document presents a brief summary of seven NOAA Coral Reef Conservation Program funded studies. Other valuation studies were conducted in some of the same jurisdictions over this period. For the purposes of this summary report, we have focused only on these seven studies. However, Brander et al (2013) present a detailed analysis of US coral reef valuation studies in which they include the seven studies discussed here as well as a few others. As part of their summary report, Brander et al conducted a meta-analysis of valuation data. They combined the data from all studies and ran multiple regression models that allowed them to examine relationships between variables, for example the statistical relationships between people and their demand (willingness to pay) for particular coral reef attributes. For example, they found that bundles of tourism/recreation activities were more highly valued that individual activities and non-use values for coral reefs were found to be substantially higher than other values.

Brander et al have estimated total economic value of coral reef services for all US coral reef jurisdictions at just over **US\$ 3.4 billion** per year. The authors consider this value to be a partial estimate due to (1) the limited geographical coverage of some state/territory level TEV estimates and (2) the limited set of services that are valued for some states and territories. They have recommended that in order to develop a full picture of the TEV of US coral reefs it is necessary to fill the information gaps on non-use values for the remaining coral reef regions.

Like the report discussed above (Brander et al 2013), this report also comes to a similar conclusion. **Coral reefs contribute significant economic value to the US public.** These studies also confirm that **in order to continue to address the management needs and to build public support for conservation of these resources, economic values must be considered.**

Better consideration of these economic values should lead to more efficient decision making that balances the needs of development and conservation. The findings summarized here demonstrate a need for new valuation studies in order to update some of the more dated coral reef valuation estimates. In some cases, these studies are over 10 years old and would benefit from advances in valuation approaches and econometric techniques. New valuation studies should incorporate attribute based choice experiment survey approaches as well as the use of cutting edge hedonic analyses.

The results from new studies should not only contribute to increased awareness of coral reef values but also could provide useful information that can lead to improvements in policy and decision-making.

Location	Study Year	Present Value (2012\$ Million/Year)
Florida	2001	324
Hawaii	2002	455
American Samoa	2004	11
CNMI – Saipan	2006	68
Guam	2007	150
Puerto Rico	2008	1,161
US Virgin Islands	2011	210

Total Economic Value of US Reefs by Jurisdiction (2012\$)

References

Bishop, R.C., Chapman, D.J., Kanninen, B. J., Krosnick, J.A., Leeworthy, V.R., and Meade, N.F. (2011). Total economic value for protecting and restoring Hawaiian coral reef ecosystems: Final Report. Silver Spring, MD: NOAA Office of National Marine Sanctuaries, Office of Response and Restoration, and Coral Reef Conservation Program. NOAA Technical Memorandum CRCP 16. 406 pp.

Brander, L. and van Beukering, P. (2013) The Total Economic Value of US Coral Reefs : A Review of the Literature. February 2013. NOAA Coral Reef Conservation Program.

Cesar, H.J., van Beukering, P., Pintz, S., Dierking, J. (2002) Economic valuation of the coral reefs of Hawaii. December 23, 2002. NOAA Coastal Ocean Program and University of Hawaii Coral Reef Initiative Research Program.

Estudios Técnicos, 2007. Economic Assessment of Eastern Puerto Rico's Coral Reefs and Associated Environments. San Juan, Puerto Rico

Johns, G.M., Leeworthy, V.R., Bell, F.W., and Bonn, M.A., 2001. Socioeconomic Study of Reefs in Southeast Florida. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, National Ocean Service, Special Projects

Spurgeon, J., Roxburgh, T., O' Gorman, S., Lindley, R., Ramsey, D., Polunin, N. (2004) Economic Valuation of Coral Reefs and Adjacent Habitats in American Samoa. Final Report. Department of Commerce and Government of American Samoa. November 2004

van Beukering, P, Wolfgang Haider, W., Wolfs, E., Liu, Y., van der Leeuw, K., Longland, M., Sablan, J., Beardmore, B., di Prima, S., Massey, E., Cesar, H., and Hausfather, Z. (2006). The Economic Value of the Coral Reefs of Saipan, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. Cesar Environmental Economics Consulting, Arnhem, The Netherlands. Department of the Interior and National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Washington DC.

van Beukering, P., Haider, W., Longland, M., Cesar, H., Sablan, J., Shjegstad, S., Beardmore, B., Liu, Y., and Omega Garces, G. (2007) The Economic Value of Guam's Coral Reefs. University of Guam Marine Laboratory Technical Report No. 116

van Beukering, P. Brander, L., Van Zanten, B., Verbrugge, E., Lems, K., (2011). The Economic Value of the Coral Reef Ecosystems of the United States Virgin Islands. IVM Report number: R-11/06.

Summary Report



http://coralreef.noaa.gov/

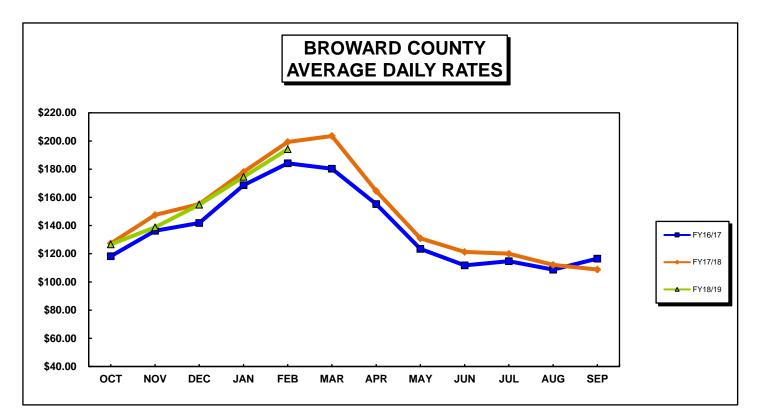




NOAA Coral Reef Conservation Program, N/OCRM 1305 East West Highway, 10th Floor Silver Spring, MD 20910-3281

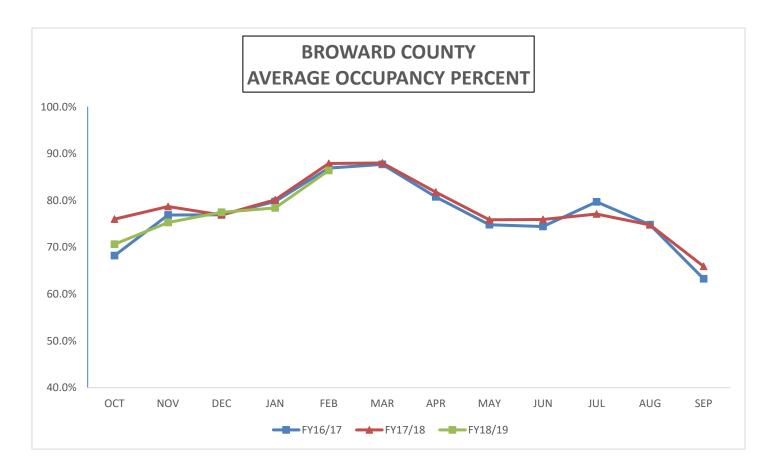
GREATER FORT LAUDERDALE AVERAGE DAILY RATES

	FY16/17	FY17/18	FY18/19
ОСТ	\$118.29	\$127.34	\$126.62
NOV	\$136.33	\$147.58	\$138.81
DEC	\$141.80	\$155.30	\$154.82
JAN	\$168.59	\$178.12	\$174.54
FEB	\$184.18	\$199.32	\$194.14
MAR	\$180.31	\$203.56	
APR	\$155.20	\$164.55	
MAY	\$123.43	\$130.99	
JUN	\$111.80	\$121.33	
JUL	\$114.72	\$120.04	
AUG	\$108.74	\$112.09	
SEP	\$116.50	\$108.80	
ANNUAL	\$138.32	\$147.42	
AVERAGE			



GREATER FORT LAUDERDALE AVERAGE OCCUPANCY PERCENT

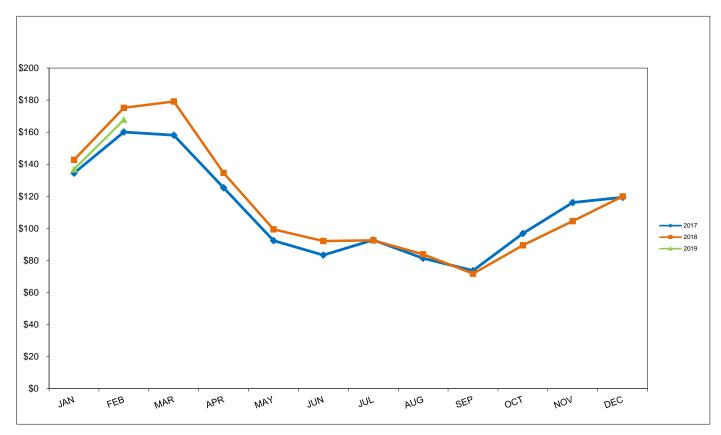
	FY16/17	FY17/18	FY18/19
ОСТ	68.2%	76.0%	70.6%
NOV	76.9%	78.7%	75.3%
DEC	76.9%	76.9%	77.5%
JAN	79.8%	80.1%	78.4%
FEB	86.9%	87.9%	86.4%
MAR	87.7%	88.0%	
APR	80.8%	81.8%	
MAY	74.8%	75.9%	
JUN	74.4%	75.9%	
JUL	79.7%	77.1%	
AUG	74.8%	74.8%	
SEP	63.3%	65.9%	
ANNUAL	77.0%	78.2%	
AVERAGE			



SOURCE:

GREATER FORT LAUDERDALE CONVENTION & VISITORS BUREAU RevPAR ANALYSIS

	2017	2018	2019
JAN	\$134.47	\$142.70	\$136.84
FEB	\$160.08	\$175.20	\$167.72
MAR	\$158.09	\$179.15	
APR	\$125.34	\$134.57	
MAY	\$92.36	\$99.38	
JUN	\$83.34	\$92.13	
JUL	\$92.76	\$92.54	
AUG	\$81.32	\$83.80	
SEP	\$73.65	\$71.73	
ост	\$96.78	\$89.45	
NOV	\$116.15	\$104.49	
DEC	\$119.35	\$119.94	



Source: Smith Travel Research, Greater Fort Lauderdale Convention & Visitors Bureau.

DATE	VENDOR NAME	DESCRIPTION	DEPARTMENT	TYPE OF ACTIVITIES	AMOUNT
10/1/2018	CRUISE LINES INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION	27366	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	40000.000
10/1/2018	SANDS EXPO AND CONVENTION CENTER		BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	8308.000
10/11/2018	S CVENT, INC	28537	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	2351.000
10/31/2018	HARBOR BEACH MARRIOTT RESORT & SPA	29070	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	6585.000
11/1/2018	INSTITUTE OF REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT I	129105	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	9000.000
11/1/2018	NORTHEAST CVB REPRESENTATIVES INC	29106	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	450.000
11/7/2018	CVBREPS	29261	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	2000.000
11/26/2018	CONFERENCE DIRECT	29505	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Conference Registration	11000.000
11/27/2018	HILTON FORT LAUDERDALE MARINA	29487	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	10265.480
11/30/2018	DIPLOMAT HOTEL LESSEE LLC	29185	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	23177.000
11/30/2018	THE WESTIN FORT LAUDERDALE BEACH RES	S 29640	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	3012.000
12/4/2018	DESTINATIONS INTERNATIONAL	29711	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	12700.000
12/10/2018	HARBOR BEACH MARRIOTT RESORT & SPA	29954	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	1096.000
12/10/2018	FT LAUDERDALE EMBASSY SUITES LEASING	29957	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	1360.000
12/11/2018	VISIT FLORIDA	29981	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	5000.000
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	000000001	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	23.000
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	000000006	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	23.000
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	00093129	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	15.000
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	1817252	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Hotels	1388.950
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	189102412460224	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Hotels	129.000
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	37F900757629A209	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	25.000
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	380C3ACF8966H208	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	125.000
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	381202836232A207	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	50.000
	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	41004726798	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	535.000
	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	5157437	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Conference Registration	600.000
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	941164538	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Car Rentals	38.090
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	941370030	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Car Rentals	76.160
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	98840004	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	10.000
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	997	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	24.000
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	ALASKA AIR	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Airfare	158.000
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	ALASKA AIR 0272188445060	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Airfare	241.400
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	ALEXANDRIA PARKING METERS	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	7.650
	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	DELTA AIR 0062346763273	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Airfare	677.500
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	DELTA AIR BAGGAGE FEE	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Airfare	25.000
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	DESERT CAB	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	13.720

10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA

JETBLUE 2792603445654 P68008763 TAXI SVC LAS VEGAS V000001000000 VWN2QYVKML2 216875908885884384 1 189102412460098 360600-3571091531 374110104290004 374110104290034 AG0E2A09FDB0 AMERICAN AIR0012315720864 AMERICAN AIR0012316342514 AP0EF8DB7B51 AR0EFAC83C4D CHI TAXI MED 04 CMT CHICAGO IL27690015 TAXI SVC CHICAGO TAXI SVC FORT LAUDERDA TAXI SVC NEW YORK ZAOU3IKHAT2YY3FE3 00697728 1181715 1815277 61354060088 DELTA AIR 0062343055632 DELUXE TAXI CA24350019 **LAS TAXI 8093** QU4YYKBV4BDJAEVWC TAXI SVC LAS VEGAS 000000033 0000011130 100241 113100503290005 114100603340006 131100703290002

BA-CVB Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales

Tvl-Airfare 25.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 12.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 98.520 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 8.600 **Tvl-Conference Registration** 150.000 Tvl-Airfare 321.680 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 108.000 Tvl-Hotels 258.000 TvI-Conference Registration 75.000 Tvl-Hotels 657.000 72.270 Tvl-Hotels TvI-Conference Registration 1375.000 Tvl-Airfare 444.390 Tvl-Airfare 352.390 TvI-Conference Registration 109.000 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 395.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 147.300 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 56.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 60.200 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 19.560 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 60.500 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 78.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 90.000 TvI-Conference Registration 2000.000 Tvl-Hotels 1388.950 TvI-Conference Registration 60.000 Tvl-Airfare 586.520 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 13.850 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 37.810 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 5.000 21.990 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 12.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 41.250 Tvl-Meals 27.720 Tvl-Meals 24.140 Tvl-Meals 24.140 Tvl-Meals 15.890

10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA

131102303310002 148102403290007 158100704300262 189102412460097 3539731219544678335 38840012 38840027 5416 7446 8833 BOATYARD CHICK FIL A CMT MIAMI FL 27800010 **FLT TAXI 0748** MONDO GOURMET COFFEE & M MYRA HARBOR CAFE SOUTHWES 5261498228378 TAXI SVC FORT LAUDERDA WXWQT3BSTXSSRX5Z9 0001183951 1816926 35063704 SILVER AIR 4492101639108 TAXI SVC LAS VEGAS Z6NYFSFRXZL ES: DOSM Meeting - Parking ES: Hotel - Jennifer Sena ES: Hotel - Liz Kara (no-show ES: IMEX Taxi ES: Local Parking ES: Alliance Mtng - Parking ES: BB&T Event - Parking ES: IMEX - Airport parking ES: IMEX - Hotel folio ES: IMEX - Taxi ES: Local Parking

	0
ES: NADCO	Precon-Parking

BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	24.140
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	25.960
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Hotels	387.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Hotels	258.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	19.950
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	112.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	84.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	16.170
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	7.110
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	18.300
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	39.800
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	10.760
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	15.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	19.550
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	8.200
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	12.280
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Airfare	484.600
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	15.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	18.120
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Hotels	115.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Hotels	1388.950
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Conference Registration	140.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Airfare	306.600
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	16.800
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Conference Registration	150.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	3.750
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Hotels	545.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Hotels	122.080
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	59.370
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	13.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	2.500
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	20.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	45.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Hotels	734.720
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	52.770
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	9.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	6.000

10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 12/21/2018 CVENT. INC 12/31/2018 DESTINATIONS INTERNATIONAL 1/13/2019 VISIT FLORIDA 1/2/2019 LEADING AUTHORITIES, INC 11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA

ES: Yotel Mtng- Parking 291013 291014 PrizePad **Cvent Hospitality Cloud Servic** 30356 30367 003791 015611 071593 10874709 1251827596 184816448558690846 21848821 34370001 348722-35859105-8 41037690618 479678 633061106 729 ALASKA AIR 0272189414009 P61003664 TAXI SVC NEW ORLEANS 011608 036748 343601823 378755177-8605488 CHI TAXI MED 04 DELTA AIR 0062349672495 DELTA AIR 0062349672496 DELTA AIR 0062349672497 **MEARSSVC 5765** PO331270161950 SOUTHWES 5262413224856 TAXI SVC CHICAGO TAXI SVC NEW YORK

BA-CVB Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales

TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 6.000 12000.000 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 877.350 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 5650.000 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 13142.500 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 10000.000 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 10015.000 15000.000 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 25.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 13.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 14.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 112.570 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 20.000 Tvl-Hotels 464.500 Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 94.400 **Tvl-Conference Registration** 60.000 TvI-Conference Registration 1420.000 TvI-Conference Registration 1950.000 Tvl-Hotels 586.740 TvI-Conference Registration 40.000 TvI-Conference Registration 700.000 Tvl-Airfare 205.800 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 110.000 81.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts Tvl-Hotels 675.360 Tvl-Hotels 717.000 **Tvl-Car Rentals** 219.410 TvI-Conference Registration 60.120 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 108.100 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 475.000 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 475.000 475.000 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 55.200 **Tvl-Conference Registration** 120.000 Tvl-Airfare 330.960 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 52.000 60.500 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts

11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA

TAXI SVC ORLANDO 00739755 185688478558690846 381797919-8649688 79006303 HOTEL UNICO 20N 87W RM 004619 082333 165443 2154962700 21991316 AMERICAN AIR0012323492058 **HYATT PLACE MT LAUREL F&** HYATT REGENCY NEW BRUN/F NEW TARRYTOWN DELI SOUTHWES 5262408709745 **STEAKHOUSE 85** TAXI SVC LONG ISLAND C CONVENTION PLANT CREATI NEW ORLEANS EMEST PersonID---12685043 ES: ES: DI CSS Registration ES: Hotel Folio - Liz Kara ES: Parking - HSMAI Event ES: Airline ticket - DC SIs Ca ES: Local Parking - ASAE Leade ES: Local Parking - Alliance e ES: Local Parking - Chamber of ES: Local parking ES: Visit Florida - Tolls PO 317079238172 PO 317199237933 PO 317428237991 PO 317757238087 AL0CFCB9E337

BA-CVB Convention Group Sales BA-CVB Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales

Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	47.580
Tvl-Mileage	60.000
Tvl-Hotels	319.410
Tvl-Conference Registration	97.110
Tvl-Conference Registration	69.000
Tvl-Hotels	0.010
Tvl-Hotels	163.910
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	38.000
Tvl-Hotels	257.180
Tvl-Meals	34.030
Tvl-Hotels	216.450
Tvl-Airfare	519.600
Tvl-Meals	12.700
Tvl-Meals	25.330
Tvl-Meals	15.720
Tvl-Airfare	265.950
Tvl-Meals	43.190
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	18.650
Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl	750.400
Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl	138.750
Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl	116.000
Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl	525.000
Tvl-Airfare	400.490
Tvl-Conference Registration	695.000
Tvl-Hotels	645.000
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	16.000
Tvl-Airfare	448.110
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	18.020
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	7.500
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	6.000
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	16.800
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	10.000
Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl	1705.730
Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl	127.920
Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl	436.400
Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl	1606.110
Tvl-Conference Registration	7500.000

	1/11/2019 TRAVELCLICK, INC.	30673	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	23000.000
	1/11/2019 NORTH AMERICAN SOC.FOR PEDIATRIC GA		BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	28072.500
1/23/2019 THE WESTIN FORT LAUDERDALE BEACH RES 30918		BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	825.000	
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	000000008	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	21.000
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	000000009	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	21.000
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	1	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	13.000
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	10239030	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Conference Registration	1500.000
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	18810198	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	32.000
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	384128-3667436170	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Conference Registration	55.000
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	58400048	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	35.000
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	JETBLUE 2792114644552	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Airfare	186.390
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	TAXI SVC WASHINGTON DC	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	7.580
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	UNITED 0162429445858	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Airfare	428.400
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	00000000000	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Car Rentals	18.410
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	4C4D75	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Car Rentals	51.000
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	4C4D75	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	4.950
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	P27036	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Car Rentals	12.840
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	01653935	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	119.110
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	18467882	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Hotels	988.120
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	190120503350036	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	23.300
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	290120603350300	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Hotels	157.000
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	38840020	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	56.000
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	4243683	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl	315.000
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	5607	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	10.020
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	8844	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	9.210
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	AL0AFD2C0D3F	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Conference Registration	2999.000
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	ARTISIAN MARKET	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	13.250
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	BB19001	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Conference Registration	2595.000
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	CURRENCY CONVERSION FEE	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Conference Registration	5.000
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	GRAND HYATT SAN DIEGO FB	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	91.420
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	MEETING PROFESSIONALS	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Conference Registration	499.880
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	SOUTHWES 5262419193881	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Airfare	259.960
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	TAXI SVC FORT LAUDERDA	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	59.160
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	TAXI SVC LONG ISLAND C	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	19.440
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	000001555	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl	57.090
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	0001193947	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Hotels	328.000
	12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	AN0A1A8E149A	BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Conference Registration	1350.000

12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 1/28/2019 AMERICAN COLLEGE OF 1/29/2019 VISIT USA COMMITTEE GERMANY e.V. 1/31/2019 COPASTUR CORPORATION 1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA

SILVER AIR 4492101677317 ES: Air - PCMA ES: Hotel Folio - Wardman ES: Internet - DI CSS Summit/ ES: Parking - DI CSS Summit/S ES: Taxi - DC Sales Calls ES: Taxi - DI CSS Summit/SMG ES: Hotel Folio - DI CSS Summi ES: Parking - DC Sales Calls ES: Taxi - DC Sales Calls ES: Taxi - DI CSS Summit/SMG M ES: Taxi -DC Sales Calls 30985 31030 31089 Office supplies Parking Registration Travel Travel Travel Travel Travel Parking Registration Registration Transportation Travel Travel Travel Travel Local - Parking **Registration - MPI-NJ Registration - MPI-NJ** Registration - NYC SHRM **Registration - NYSAE Registration - SITE Northeast**

BA-CVB Convention Group Sales Tvl-Airfare Tvl-Airfare **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Hotels **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Hotels **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Airfare **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **Tvl-Car Rentals BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Hotels **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Meals **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Airfare **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Hotels **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Meals **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Educational Course Fee **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales

252.750 465.700 296.440 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 12.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 68.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 43.250 Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 50.700 659.190 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 39.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 51.790 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 85.520 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 14.890 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 40000.000 2249.100 TvI-Conference Registration 2364.000 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 66.760 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 28.000 **TvI-Conference Registration** 950.000 415.600 124.580 864.280 47.620 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 262.700 6.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 45.000 **Tvl-Conference Registration** 1150.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 73.000 312.000 1235.920 147.010 323.190 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 30.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts **Tvl-Conference Registration** 59.000 TvI-Educational Course Fee 10.000 TvI-Conference Registration 50.000 TvI-Conference Registration 275.000 95.000

1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 11/13/2018 SIMON, EDMUND 10/8/2018 GORMAN, NORA 11/2/2018 AIRD, STEPHEN 10/12/2018 GLADSTONE, ELENA 11/19/2018 SIMON.EDMUND 10/19/2018 AIRD, STEPHEN 10/24/2018 AIRD, STEPHEN 10/25/2018 GORMAN, NORA 10/25/2018 GORMAN,NORA 11/15/2018 SIMON.EDMUND 11/15/2018 SIMON.EDMUND 10/26/2018 JAMES, DION

Travel - Airfare Travel - FLL Hotel Travel - PCMA - Baggage Travel - PCMA - Hotel Travel - PCMA - Shipping Travel - PCMA - Taxi Travel - PCMA Hotel Travel - Taxi Travel PCMA - Taxi Parking - Local : ES Connect M Parking - Local: ES Chamber Mt Parking - Local: ES Hilton For Travel: ES - PCMA Airport Park Travel: ES - PCMA Hotel Folio Travel: ES - PCMA Taxi registration for Dion Entertainment: Airfare Solutio Travel: LK - Airfare - Helmsb Travel: LK - Airfare Envision Travel: LK - Airfare MPI Mid Travel: LK - Hotel FLL GFLCVB Travel: LK - Hotel Helmsbrisc Travel: LK - Taxi FLL GFLCVB Travel: LK - MPI Mid America R Travel: LK - Taxi FLL GFLCVB M

BA-CVB Convention Group Sales Tvl-Airfare **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Hotels **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Hotels **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Hotels **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Hotels **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Airfare **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Hotels **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Hotels **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Airfare **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Meals **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Mileage Tvl-Airfare **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Mileage **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Meals **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Meals **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales **BA-CVB** Convention Group Sales Tvl-Mileage

271.600 416.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 30.000 215.460 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 61.720 126.350 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 646.380 96.700 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 13.750 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 4.500 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 9.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 15.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 75.000 930.240 Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 101.500 **Tvl-Conference Registration** 5295.000 463.920 469.960 430.960 255.460 416.000 117.170 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 177.100 700.000 TvI-Conference Registration TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 35.850 30.000 43.000 74.120 80.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 26.500 144.530 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 74.120 59.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 21.280 154.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 20.000 28.340

10/26/2018 JAMES, DION 10/31/2018 JAMES, DION 10/31/2018 JAMES, DION 11/21/2018 VILLARD, GILBERT 11/21/2018 VILLARD, GILBERT 11/2/2018 GORMAN, NORA 11/5/2018 AIRD, STEPHEN 11/8/2018 GLADSTONE, ELENA 11/8/2018 GLADSTONE, ELENA 11/8/2018 GORMAN, NORA 12/3/2018 JAMES, DION 12/3/2018 JAMES, DION 12/13/2018 SENA, JENNIFER 12/13/2018 SENA, JENNIFER 11/17/2018 AIRD, STEPHEN 12/30/2018 GORMAN, NORA 12/30/2018 GORMAN, NORA 12/4/2018 SENA, JENNIFER 11/26/2018 VILLARD, GILBERT 11/26/2018 VILLARD, GILBERT 12/3/2018 AIRD, STEPHEN 12/14/2018 GORMAN,NORA 12/13/2018 SIMON, EDMUND 12/13/2018 SIMON, EDMUND 12/13/2018 SIMON, EDMUND 12/19/2018 SENA, JENNIFER 12/19/2018 SENA, JENNIFER 12/19/2018 SENA, JENNIFER 12/21/2018 VILLARD, GILBERT 12/21/2018 VILLARD, GILBERT 12/7/2018 AIRD, STEPHEN 1/24/2019 SIMON, EDMUND 1/24/2019 SIMON, EDMUND

BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	43.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Mileage	28.340
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	102.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Mileage	27.250
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	310.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	62.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Mileage	47.960
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	250.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	30.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	66.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Mileage	27.800
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	250.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	121.990
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	221.970
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	144.960
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	161.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	20.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Airfare	335.400
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Car Rentals	135.690
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Hotels	314.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	84.420
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	191.910
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Mileage	27.250
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	144.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Mileage	231.080
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	162.160
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Mileage	135.160
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	26.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	15.250
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	82.250
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Conference Registration	75.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb	20.170
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Mileage	128.620
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	26.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Mileage	74.120
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Mileage	32.700
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	176.000

1/24/2019 SIMON.EDMUND 12/26/2018 KARA, ELIZABETH 12/26/2018 KARA, ELIZABETH 12/26/2018 KARA, ELIZABETH 1/4/2019 KARA, ELIZABETH 12/18/2018 AIRD, STEPHEN 12/19/2018 SENA, JENNIFER 12/19/2018 SENA, JENNIFER 12/19/2018 SENA, JENNIFER 12/21/2018 JAMES, DION 12/21/2018 JAMES, DION 1/5/2019 JAMES, DION 1/29/2019 GLADSTONE, ELENA 1/29/2019 GLADSTONE, ELENA 12/21/2018 GLADSTONE, ELENA 12/21/2018 GLADSTONE, ELENA 1/8/2019 JAMES, DION 1/3/2019 SIMON, EDMUND 1/3/2019 SIMON, EDMUND 1/16/2019 KARA, ELIZABETH 1/16/2019 KARA.ELIZABETH 1/11/2019 KARA, ELIZABETH 1/17/2019 KARA, ELIZABETH 1/31/2019 AIRD, STEPHEN 1/31/2019 AIRD, STEPHEN

PA CV/P Convention Crown Salas	Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	40.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Car Rentals	40.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	126.340
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales		
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	181.760
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Airfare	202.400
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Car Rentals	145.600
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Hotels	349.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	235.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	314.740
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Mileage	58.860
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Conference Registration	25.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb	8.720
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Conference Registration	35.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Mileage	50.140
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	80.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	33.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	96.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	102.530
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	177.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	53.540
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb	489.960
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Meals	105.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	20.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	29.000
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb	55.050
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Comm Svcs-Landline Svcs	84.900
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Comm Svcs-Landline Svcs	84.900
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Comm Svcs-Landline Svcs	142.870
BA-CVB Convention Group Sales	Comm Svcs-Landline Svcs	160.480

386383.710

10/3/2018 PRIDE PARKING VIP SERVICES LLC	28278	BA-CVB Film
10/3/2018 MICHAEL T. COREA	28279	BA-CVB Film
10/31/2018 OFFERDAHL'S HAND-OFF FOUNDATION, INC.	29095	BA-CVB Film

m	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	600.000
m	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	9000.000
m	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	15000.000

10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA
1/2/2019 ENTERCOM MIAMI LLC WMXJ-FM
11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA
11/30/2010 WELLS FARGO DAINK NA

ADA Portable Bathroom Rental f ADA Ramp Rental for OUTshine O Film Logo Ice Sculpture for OU 30355 Local Taxi Transportation BA-CVB Film BA-CVB Film BA-CVB Film BA-CVB Film BA-CVB Film BA-CVB Film Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb

175514.330

155.000

500.000

240.000

15.480

3.850

150000.000

10/9/2018 MANABOUTWORLD INCORPORATED	27931	BA-CVB LGBT	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	5150.000
10/18/2018 EDITORA VIAG LTDA	28356	BA-CVB LGBT	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	13000.000
12/12/2018 GREATER FORT LAUDERDALE GAY & LESBIAI 30049		BA-CVB LGBT	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	20000.000
12/12/2018 GREATER FORT LAUDERDALE GAY & LESBIAI 30050		BA-CVB LGBT	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	15000.000
12/12/2018 GREATER FORT LAUDERDALE PRIDE, INC.	30048	BA-CVB LGBT	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	25000.000
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Conference Incentive	BA-CVB LGBT	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	1500.000
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Travel - Hotel NGLCC Gala DCA	BA-CVB LGBT	Tvl-Hotels	228.750
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Travel - MSP Hotel for Corpora	BA-CVB LGBT	Tvl-Hotels	356.540
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Travel - MSP/NGLCC Gala	BA-CVB LGBT	Tvl-Airfare	705.700
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Travel - ViaG Brazil	BA-CVB LGBT	Tvl-Airfare	3123.530
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Travel - airfare to World Prid	BA-CVB LGBT	Tvl-Airfare	208.400
11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Parking W Hotel CMI Conf	BA-CVB LGBT	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	20.000
11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	TRAVEL - MSP Meetings	BA-CVB LGBT	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	122.100
11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Travel - NGLCC Gala DCA	BA-CVB LGBT	Tvl-Airfare	228.750
11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Travel - NGLCC Taxi DCA	BA-CVB LGBT	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	22.630
11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Travel - WTM	BA-CVB LGBT	Tvl-Hotels	2882.650
11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Travel - WTM	BA-CVB LGBT	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	78.590
12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Parking at W Hotel for CMI Con	BA-CVB LGBT	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	15.000
1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Entertainment	BA-CVB LGBT	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	73.060
1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Travel	BA-CVB LGBT	Tvl-Hotels	578.490
1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Travel	BA-CVB LGBT	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	79.220
11/28/2018 GRAY,RICHARD		BA-CVB LGBT	Tvl-Airfare	4136.710
11/28/2018 GRAY,RICHARD		BA-CVB LGBT	Tvl-Meals	787.000
11/28/2018 GRAY,RICHARD		BA-CVB LGBT	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	359.010
12/5/2018 GRAY,RICHARD		BA-CVB LGBT	Tvl-Meals	195.000
12/5/2018 GRAY,RICHARD		BA-CVB LGBT	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	40.000

93906.130

10/31/2018 XTREME ACTION PARK	29092
11/15/2018 OFFERDAHL'S HAND-OFF FOUNDATION, INC	C. 29412
12/3/2018 SIMPLEVIEW, LLC	29642
12/5/2018 XTREME ACTION PARK	29710
12/7/2018 FLORIDA INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY	29976
12/12/2018 ECO CAPITAL LLC	30052
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Parking
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	COCON
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	UNITED
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	UNITED
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	CURRE
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	HOTEL
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	000559
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	002630
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	007078
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	02002
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	0A002
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	7489
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	BUCA (
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	EARL C
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	PF CHA
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	000000
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	2077D2
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	2965
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	317B87
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	320459
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	39FD3E
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	512B73
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	740D7C
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	769A2C
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	8267F9

29092
29412
29642
29710
29976
30052
Parking
COCONUTS - FT LAUDERDALE
UNITED 0162423670355
UNITED 0162423672508
CURRENCY CONVERSION FEE
HOTEL MOON SUNRISE
0005597217
002630
00707812
02002
0A002
7489
BUCA CAFE ITALIANO
EARL OF SANDWICH
PF CHANGS #8700
0000000000000000
2077D286FEA130A80
2965
317B875AAA6443480
320459EC88C94DD80
39FD3B56477442680
512B73F3D1A130180
740D7CFB5C6237D80
769A2CC5AC6E35680
8267F9181CE638380

BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS
BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS

Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	300.000
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	25000.000
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	1000.000
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	300.000
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	125000.000
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	18200.000
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	8.500
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	1070.000
TvI-Airfare	637.480
TvI-Airfare	497.600
Tvl-Hotels	4.260
Tvl-Hotels	426.000
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	79.980
Tvl-Meals	46.120
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	60.000
Tvl-Meals	41.330
Tvl-Meals	20.520
Tvl-Meals	22.430
Tvl-Meals	30.760
Tvl-Meals	8.110
Tvl-Meals	32.550
Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl	21.760
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	2.050
Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl	7.940
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	18.730
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	9.260
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	9.260
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	3.080
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	2.050
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	6.460
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	2.050

10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 1/9/2019 SHARP MARKETING 12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 1/29/2019 SHARP MARKETING 1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 84F9F9AD7D824F580 8CC1439FB91E3B980 8E5843B5900D48480 904575203A683A780 9514D766FE8035D80 BB9ED93BE4CC4C980 DDB9BF3B58D848F80 NYCTAXIAF549 P37001794 P37001802 Travel - NYC Travel - NYC Travel - WTM Registration - VF Leadership S 100078 12F05A65575C46F80 540436504119553 6530D9FD0D0939680 84100860 CURRENCY CONVERSION FEE E5EEC39C467F30D80 Promotional Logo Items for use JETBLUE 2792604716266 Registration 1530 1843 POIFtHfT 84900757 AIR CANADA 0142104636504 Promotional Logo Items for use TRP Travel - car rental TA #4729 Travel - hotel TA #4729 Travel - parking TA #4729 Travel - taxi TA #4729 Travel Airfare - TA #4850 travel

BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS **BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS** BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS **BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS** BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS **BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS** BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS **BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS** BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS **BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS** BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS **BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS** BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS **BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS** BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS **BA-CVB MarketingComm SCS**

TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 18.620 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 7.180 31.250 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 10.590 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 5.130 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 9.070 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 35.860 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 13.550 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 20.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 15.000 Tvl-Hotels 534.820 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 76.060 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 32.330 **Tvl-Conference Registration** 75.000 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 24.320 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 47.800 Tvl-Hotels 2747.500 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 5.740 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 1.000 Tvl-Hotels 27.610 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 9.560 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 832.640 Tvl-Airfare 30.000 TvI-Conference Registration 1000.000 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 1800.000 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 430.000 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 28.020 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 2.500 Tvl-Airfare 389.150 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 32456.880 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 2779.000 **Tvl-Car Rentals** 85.410 Tvl-Hotels 539.340 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 36.000 Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 20.100 Tvl-Airfare 216.600 Tvl-Airfare 60.400

1/31/2019 WE	LLS FARGO BANK NA
1/31/2019 WE	LLS FARGO BANK NA
11/9/2018 MA	CMILLAN,IVONNE
11/9/2018 MA	CMILLAN,IVONNE
12/7/2018 MA	CMILLAN,IVONNE
12/12/2018 SAV	/AGE,JESSICA
12/12/2018 SAV	/AGE,JESSICA
12/6/2018 MA	CMILLAN,IVONNE
1/17/2019 CA	NTER,KIMBERLY
1/17/2019 CA	NTER,KIMBERLY
1/17/2019 CA	NTER,KIMBERLY
1/25/2019 MA	CMILLAN,IVONNE
1/24/2019 WE	LLS,RITA
1/24/2019 WE	LLS,RITA

travel

travel

220492.900

10/1/2018	THE LAS OLAS COMPANY RIVERSIDE HOTEL	27685
12/7/2018	DIPLOMAT HOTEL LESSEE LLC	29955
12/7/2018	SHOWPRO HOLDINGS, INC.	29956
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	0042134
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	0071583
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	9H4ZB6
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	AMERIC
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	JETBLUI
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	UNITED
10/31/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	JETBLU
12/31/2018	LC STUDIOS, LLC	
11/30/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	0075624
11/30/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	0079577
11/30/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	1833117
11/30/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	4935580
11/30/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	5454
11/30/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	6261115
11/30/2018	WELLS FARGO BANK NA	9203238

BA-CVB Multicultural **BA-CVB** Multicultural

Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	15000.000
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	28074.500
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	10000.000
Tvl-Hotels	315.970
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	30.000
Tvl-Airfare	7.340
Tvl-Airfare	432.810
Tvl-Airfare	323.400
Tvl-Airfare	401.800
Tvl-Airfare	424.960
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	16000.000
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	54.000
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	75.000
Tvl-Hotels	929.000
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	44.000
Tvl-Conference Registration	40.000
Tvl-Hotels	338.980
Tvl-Conference Registration	15.000

11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 1/31/2019 DIPLOMAT HOTEL LESSEE LLC 1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 1/31/2019 UPEZ,ANGELLA 10/30/2018 LOPEZ,ANGELLA 1/18/2019 LOPEZ,ANGELLA 1/18/2019 LOPEZ,ANGELLA	1523 23054464 AMERICAN AIR0017235773302 DELTA AIR 0067235773298 YLCIRAN8F 31076 Parking Travel Travel Entertainment Travel registration for Angella	BA-CVB Multicultural BA-CVB Multicultural
10/1/2018 KICS INTERNATIONAL INC. 10/1/2018 KICS INTERNATIONAL INC.	27696 27697	BA-CVB Sports BA-CVB Sports
10/9/2018 DAVIE PRO RODEO LLC 10/9/2018 KREUL CLASSIC	27866 27890	BA-CVB Sports BA-CVB Sports
11/5/2018 BEACH MAJORS USA, LLC	29146	BA-CVB Sports
11/9/2018 EXOTICS ON LAS OLAS, LLC	29348	BA-CVB Sports
11/14/2018 INTERNATIONAL SLOW PITCH SOFTBALL, INC		BA-CVB Sports
11/14/2018 INCREDIBLE ICE, LLC	29373	BA-CVB Sports
11/14/2018 PLANTATION COMMUNITY TENNIS CORPORA	29376	BA-CVB Sports
11/26/2018 KICS INTERNATIONAL INC.	29457	BA-CVB Sports
11/26/2018 SPATS INC	39475	BA-CVB Sports
11/28/2018 LISA COMPETITIONS INC	20528	$BA_C V B Sports$

Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl	862.500
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	1294.630
Tvl-Airfare	230.500
Tvl-Airfare	142.000
Tvl-Airfare	3.050
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	27520.000
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	75.000
Tvl-Airfare	497.990
Tvl-Hotels	571.650
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	2375.000
Tvl-Airfare	389.950
Tvl-Conference Registration	4450.000
Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb	144.740
Tvl-Meals	105.000
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	5.000
Tvl-Meals	133.000
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	18.000

111324.770

10/1/2018 KICS INTERNATIONAL INC.	27696	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	3800.000
10/1/2018 KICS INTERNATIONAL INC.	27697	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	6500.000
10/9/2018 DAVIE PRO RODEO LLC	27866	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	30000.000
10/9/2018 KREUL CLASSIC	27890	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	14000.000
11/5/2018 BEACH MAJORS USA, LLC	29146	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	28995.000
11/9/2018 EXOTICS ON LAS OLAS, LLC	29348	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	25000.000
11/14/2018 INTERNATIONAL SLOW PITCH SOFTE	BALL, INC 29372	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	2500.000
11/14/2018 INCREDIBLE ICE, LLC	29373	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	2000.000
11/14/2018 PLANTATION COMMUNITY TENNIS CO	ORPORA 29376	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	10484.000
11/26/2018 KICS INTERNATIONAL INC.	29457	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	5100.000
11/26/2018 SPATS INC	39475	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	5400.000
11/28/2018 USA COMPETITIONS, INC.	29528	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	10000.000
11/29/2018 SPATS INC	29467	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	4200.000
12/10/2018 FLORIDA INTERCLUB COUNCIL	29953	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	24000.000
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	00011529215082660	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	42.000

10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	012040	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Hotels	580.170
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	AGENT FEE 8900745297502	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Airfare	49.900
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	AMERICAN AIR0017266042258	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Airfare	2503.080
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	CURRENCY CONVERSION FEE	BA-CVB Sports	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	0.450
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	SHIRLEY ARMBRISTER	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	45.000
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	SOUTHWES 5261497851602	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Airfare	11.010
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	SOUTHWES 5261497878317	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Airfare	370.030
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	TAXI SVC CLEVELAND	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	43.200
10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	TAXI SVC HOLLYWOOD	BA-CVB Sports	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	22.920
12/31/2018 GOLD COAST HURRICANES SOFTBALL INC		BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	15000.000
12/31/2018 GOLD COAST HURRICANES SOFTBALL INC		BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	6000.000
12/31/2018 GOLD COAST HURRICANES SOFTBALL INC		BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	8000.000
12/31/2018 INTEGRATIVE MEDICINE US INC.		BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	4000.000
12/31/2018 YOUTH NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP, LLC		BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	50000.000
1/2/2019 SPATS INC	30368	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	5400.000
1/2/2019 SPATS INC	30369	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	4900.000
1/2/2019 KICS INTERNATIONAL INC.	30370	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	8000.000
1/2/2019 KICS INTERNATIONAL INC.	30371	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	5100.000
11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	AD021140758	BA-CVB Sports	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	193.950
11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	CURRENCY CONVERSION FEE	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Airfare	0.840
11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	CURRENCY CONVERSION FEE	BA-CVB Sports	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	0.140
11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	FRONT OFFICE	BA-CVB Sports	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	13.950
1/23/2019 SOUTH FLORIDA FLAG FOOTBALL LEAGUE,	11 30900	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	5066.800
1/23/2019 4 TORS INC	30902	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	3000.000
12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	136101	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Hotels	181.000
12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	00000000000	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Car Rentals	58.880
12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	000000RC38	BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	750.000
12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	41706	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Hotels	318.000
12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	449384934	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Car Rentals	128.130
1/31/2019 DAVIE PRO RODEO LLC		BA-CVB Sports	Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	4000.000
1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Parking	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb	3.000
1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Travel	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Airfare	251.960
1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	Travel	BA-CVB Sports	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	59.400
1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA	registration for Dawson	BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Conference Registration	4190.000
11/13/2018 HUDSON,CAROL		BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Meals	106.000
11/13/2018 HUDSON,CAROL		BA-CVB Sports	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	30.000
11/13/2018 HUDSON,CAROL		BA-CVB Sports	Tvl-Meals	296.000

11/13/2018 HUDSON,CAROL 11/9/2018 FISHER,SASKIA 1/29/2019 HUDSON,CAROL 1/29/2019 HUDSON,CAROL 1/2/8/2018 PRITCHETT,ROBERT 1/2/2019 FISHER,SASKIA 1/2/2019 FISHER,SASKIA 1/2/2019 FISHER,SASKIA 1/2/2019 FISHER,SASKIA 1/2/2019 FISHER,SASKIA 1/2/2019 HUDSON,CAROL 1/31/2019 HUDSON,CAROL 1/31/2019 PRITCHETT,ROBERT 10/1/2018

Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	93.000
Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb	230.540
Tvl-Meals	556.000
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	263.930
Tvl-Meals	138.000
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	30.000
Tvl-Mileage	239.800
Tvl-Meals	112.000
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	19.500
Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb	203.830
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	98.490
Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb	133.540
Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb	159.150
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	2000.000
	Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb Tvl-Meals Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts Tvl-Mileage Tvl-Meals Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb

Tyl-Conference Registration

304972.590

11600 000

10/31/2018 GREAT BRIDAL EXPO GROUP, INC. 10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 1/10/2019 CA & COMPANY OF SOUTH FLORIDA 12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA

Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities

BA-CVB Strategic Client Servic BA-CVB Strategic Client Servic BA-CVB Strategic Client Servic BA-CVB Strategic Client Servic BA-CVB Strategic Client Servic BA-CVB Strategic Client Servic **BA-CVB Strategic Client Servic BA-CVB Strategic Client Servic BA-CVB** Strategic Client Servic **BA-CVB Strategic Client Servic BA-CVB** Strategic Client Servic **BA-CVB Strategic Client Servic BA-CVB Strategic Client Servic BA-CVB Strategic Client Servic BA-CVB Strategic Client Servic BA-CVB Strategic Client Servic BA-CVB** Strategic Client Servic **BA-CVB Strategic Client Servic**

I VI-Conference Registration	11690.000
Tvl-Conference Registration	63.600
Tvl-Conference Registration	167.000
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	3.500
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	2.000
Tvl-Educational Course Fee	300.000
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	6.000
Tvl-Airfare	30.000
Tvl-Airfare	310.090
Tvl-Airfare	125.290
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	18063.720
Tvl-Hotels	933.750
Tvl-Local Mileage Reimb	4.500
Tvl-Conference Registration	797.500
Tvl-Conference Registration	553.500
Tvl-Airfare	49.000
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	7.660
Tvl-Airfare	322.190

12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 1/11/2019 SEGAL,ANNA 1/11/2019 SEGAL,ANNA 1/11/2019 WELLS,RITA 1/24/2019 WELLS,RITA 1/24/2019 WELLS,RITA JETBLUE 2792115695379 JETBLUE 2792115697615 Parking local Travel Parking BA-CVB Strategic Client ServicIBA-CVB Strategic Client ServicI

Tvl-Airfare	0.000
Tvl-Airfare	86.310
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	2.000
Tvl-Airfare	30.000
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	6.000
Tvl-Airfare	60.000
Tvl-Meals	278.000
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	74.910
Tvl-Hotels	1303.170
Tvl-Meals	223.000
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	40.000

35532.690

10/2/2018 VISIT FLORIDA 10/2/2018 VISIT FLORIDA 10/4/2018 TASMARK ENTERPRISES 10/10/2018 SIGNATURE TRAVEL NETWORK INC 11/29/2018 BONOTEL LLC 12/3/2018 TRP MARKETING LLC 10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA

27900 28281 28512 29701 29643 FL Huddle - Visit FLA 20181005NTAJRCC AMERICAN AIR0012318949110 DELTA AIR 0062342830036 Visit FLA Brochures 00112261 1181715 204110805530284 388325591809956 4504T0 468323794732705 502112804300024 540436504119553 8729 AIRFLIGHT SERVICES

27901

BA-CVB Tourism Sales **BA-CVB** Tourism Sales

Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	15000.000
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	36600.000
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	3500.000
Tvl-Conference Registration	5250.000
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	10000.000
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	7085.000
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	2700.000
Tvl-Conference Registration	1295.000
Tvl-Airfare	64.000
Tvl-Airfare	376.600
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities	150.000
Tvl-Hotels	311.160
Tvl-Conference Registration	2500.000
Tvl-Hotels	229.260
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	17.160
Tvl-Car Rentals	81.750
Tvl-Car Rentals	123.180
Tvl-Hotels	244.440
Tvl-Hotels	2433.600
Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	24.020
TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	15.210

11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 1/16/2019 BLANCO TRAVEL SERVICE LTDA 1/23/2019 BLANCO TRAVEL SERVICE LTDA 1/23/2019 VISIT FLORIDA 12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA

CURRENCY CONVERSION FEE LOEWS SAPPHIRE FALLS PARK P53011 SERVICOS DE VIAGENS SP PLUS WWW.CABAPP.NET 1774276500 41042504362 4230222 630 7639 829288 AMERICAN AIR0010274710403 SAFE WRAP OF MIAMI INTERN WHITTLESEABLUE 30747 30888 30890 012678 0617225 10661 10662 1181715 120283 1533 41100273293 4504T0 61486279250 629120812460009 AVIANCA TRAV1347234752413 AVIANCA TRAV1347234752414 CURRENCY CONVERSION FEE HAMILTON INTERNATIONAL AI Order54447181215005358 DELTA AIR 0062351333428 09412120000001 1529

BA-CVB Tourism Sales **BA-CVB** Tourism Sales

TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 50.800 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 47.920 7.470 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts **Tvl-Conference Registration** 2091.900 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 8.000 87.830 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts Tvl-Hotels 130.390 **Tvl-Conference Registration** 1892.100 **Tvl-Conference Registration** 101.500 **Tvl-Conference Registration** 83.410 TvI-Conference Registration 7.780 Tvl-Hotels 521.430 Tvl-Airfare 40.000 TvI-Conference Registration 22.000 Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 51.930 **Tvl-Conference Registration** 3500.000 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 2500.000 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 10015.000 Tvl-Hotels 311.440 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 13.050 Tvl-Hotels 122.080 Tvl-Hotels 244.160 Tvl-Conference Registration 2295.000 Tvl-Airfare 105.000 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 3177.000 **TvI-Conference Registration** 1950.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 18.180 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 1320.600 Tvl-Hotels 501.520 Tvl-Airfare 1818.930 Tvl-Airfare 378.430 Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 6.410 **Tvl-Conference Registration** 628.210 TvI-Conference Registration 895.000 Tvl-Airfare 165.000 TvI-Conference Registration 1695.000 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 670.000

12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 1/29/2019 ROBERT KAUFMAN 1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 11/7/2018 MARTINEZ, GABRIEL 10/31/2018 RUBIO.GONZALO 10/31/2018 RUBIO, GONZALO 11/28/2018 MARTINEZ, GABRIEL 11/28/2018 MARTINEZ, GABRIEL 11/28/2018 MARTINEZ, GABRIEL 11/28/2018 MARTINEZ.GABRIEL 11/28/2018 MARTINEZ, GABRIEL 12/11/2018 MARTINEZ, GABRIEL 12/11/2018 MARTINEZ, GABRIEL 12/11/2018 MARTINEZ, GABRIEL 11/13/2018 RUBIO.GONZALO 11/13/2018 RUBIO.GONZALO 1/4/2019 MARTINEZ, GABRIEL

9701215127E85XOKEY22T 973423232MH6AGPMRS2XT AMERICAN AIR0012324912314 AMERICAN AIR0012324975291 AMERICAN AIR0012324975644 AMERICAN AIR0012326558046 JETBLUE 2792115358243 VS7639 CH 2019 31059 **Booth Expenses** Entertainment - Hotel Registration **Registration - Sales Mission** Travel - Car Rental Travel - Fuel Travel - Fuel Travel - Hotel Booth Expense Registration Shipping Shipping(refund) Travel Travel

BA-CVB Tourism Sales **BA-CVB** Tourism Sales

Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 190.000 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 110.000 Tvl-Airfare 187.400 Tvl-Airfare 67.200 Tvl-Airfare 178,700 Tvl-Airfare 154.400 Tvl-Airfare 404.400 **Tvl-Conference Registration** 2795.000 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 500.000 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 119.280 Tvl-Hotels 1448.650 TvI-Conference Registration 160.000 TvI-Conference Registration 1500.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 18.530 **Tvl-Car Rentals** 140.000 Tvl-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 58.940 Tvl-Hotels 799.080 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 1268.870 **Tvl-Conference Registration** 2090.000 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 395.000 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 200.000 Tvl-Airfare 620.600 Tvl-Hotels 1305.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 75.750 Tvl-Meals 30.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 140.810 Tvl-Airfare 391.400 **Tvl-Car Rentals** 168.820 Tvl-Hotels 459.800 Tvl-Meals 102.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 160.700 Tvl-Airfare 3105.630 Tvl-Meals 803.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 365.430 Tvl-Meals 182.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 70.260 Tvl-Meals 225.000

1/4/2019 MARTINEZ,GABRIEL 12/17/2018 MARTINEZ,GABRIEL 12/17/2018 MARTINEZ,GABRIEL 12/12/2018 RUBIO,GONZALO 12/12/2018 RUBIO,GONZALO 12/11/2018 MARTINEZ,GABRIEL 12/11/2019 RUBIO,GONZALO 1/17/2019 RUBIO,GONZALO 1/31/2019 RUBIO,GONZALO 1/31/2019 RUBIO,GONZALO

BA-CVB Tourism Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	187.170
BA-CVB Tourism Sales	Tvl-Meals	123.000
BA-CVB Tourism Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	30.000
BA-CVB Tourism Sales	Tvl-Meals	122.000
BA-CVB Tourism Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	140.440
BA-CVB Tourism Sales	Tvl-Meals	180.000
BA-CVB Tourism Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	218.900
BA-CVB Tourism Sales	Tvl-Meals	250.000
BA-CVB Tourism Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	106.760
BA-CVB Tourism Sales	Tvl-Meals	166.000
BA-CVB Tourism Sales	TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts	164.270

148155.040

10/2/2018 IVY TOWER 101 PROPERTY, LLC 10/2/2018 IVY TOWER 101 PROPERTY, LLC 10/2/2018 LANIER PARKING SOLUTIONS 10/10/2018 FIRED UP CULTURE 10/25/2018 IVY TOWER 101 PROPERTY, LLC 10/25/2018 IVY TOWER 101 PROPERTY, LLC 10/25/2018 LANIER PARKING SOLUTIONS 11/20/2018 IVY TOWER 101 PROPERTY, LLC 11/20/2018 IVY TOWER 101 PROPERTY, LLC 11/20/2018 LANIER PARKING SOLUTIONS 12/6/2018 SHARP MARKETING 10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA

IVY TOWER CUST #T0006507 **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs 20588.800 Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs IVY TOWER CUST OPER EX **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur 15423.470 LANIER PARKING ACCOUNT #688163 BA-GFL Convention-Visitors Bur Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs 2684.500 Tvl-Educational Course Fee 28358 **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur 25850.000 IVY TOWER CUST #T0006507 **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs 20588.800 Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs IVY TOWER CUST OPER EX **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur 15423.470 LANIER PARKING ACCOUNT #688163 BA-GFL Convention-Visitors Bur Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs 3225,100 Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs IVY TOWER CUST #T0006507 **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur 21206.460 Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs IVY TOWER CUST OPER EX **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur 15423.470 Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs 3262.770 LANIER PARKING ACCOUNT #688163 BA-GFL Convention-Visitors Bur Promotional Logo Items for use 3403.930 **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl Comm Svcs-Wireless-Cellular 2239.320 ATT phone bill **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur 278973169 **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur **TvI-Educational Course Fee** 1571.200 05810001 **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur Tvl-Airfare 226.400 1822669 **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur Tvl-Airfare 763.070 36211078 **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur Tvl-Airfare 250.000 44909091 1500.000 **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur Tvl-Airfare AMERICAN AIR0012314229014 **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur Tvl-Airfare 950.600 AMERICAN AIR0012317841209 **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur Tvl-Airfare 310.400 DELTA AIR 0062345884894 **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur Tvl-Airfare 461.600 DESTINATION MARKETING ASS **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur Tvl-Airfare 795.000

10/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 12/31/2018 U.S. TRAVEL ASSOCIATION 1/2/2019 IVY TOWER 101 PROPERTY, LLC 1/2/2019 IVY TOWER 101 PROPERTY, LLC 1/2/2019 LANIER PARKING SOLUTIONS 11/30/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 1/23/2019 SIMPLEVIEW, LLC 1/25/2019 AT&T CORP 12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA

IPHONE J1QQLV7OSMDWOGE1B SYONYFIGMLVKPN9ER TAXI SVC LAS VEGAS 203778407 4F45AFC30BCA09806F9E61720 IVY TOWER CUST #T0006507 IVY TOWER CUST OPER EX LANIER PARKING ACCOUNT #688163 BA-GFL Convention-Visitors Bur Sprint 00011529215083074 006771 1181715 186125888558690846 300512 AMERICAN AIR0012321410543 UVFKRQRQFCOXVMI7D PO 317200137749 PO 317571137862 00000000228 000000000 1519 **CUSTOMERID** 30891 ATT REGIONAL SUMMARY BILL ATT Sprint **TRP Storage** 784122656822 980 000000002 010612 41108045582

BA-GFL Convention-Visitors Bur **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur

Tvl-Airfare 100.000 Tvl-Airfare 125.000 Tvl-Airfare 950.000 Tvl-Airfare 73.410 Comm Svcs-Wireless-Cellular 46.330 Prmtl Act-Advertising 250.000 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 18550.000 Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs 21206.460 Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs 15915.580 Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs 2957.620 Comm Svcs-Wireless-Cellular 93.370 Tvl-Airfare 42.000 Tvl-Airfare 168.190 Tvl-Airfare 75.000 Tvl-Airfare 375.180 Tvl-Airfare 15.000 Tvl-Airfare 339.200 Tvl-Airfare 40.500 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 86.230 Prmtl Act-Demonstration Suppl 86.230 Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs 1200.000 Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs 3900.000 TvI-Conference Registration 3800.000 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 159308.750 Comm Svcs-Landline Svcs 94.840 Comm Svcs-Landline Svcs 95.600 Comm Svcs-Landline Svcs 96.450 Comm Svcs-Landline Svcs 76.490 Comm Svcs-Landline Svcs 76.900 Comm Svcs-Wireless-Cellular 3657.080 Comm Svcs-Wireless-Cellular 93.370 Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs 500.000 Frt-Postage Cost 21.760 Frt-Postage Cost 377.000 Tvl-Airfare 3000.000 Tvl-Airfare 357.240 990.000 Tvl-Airfare

12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 12/31/2018 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 1/29/2019 AT&T CORP 1/31/2019 WELLS FARGO BANK NA 10/30/2018 RITTER, STACY 12/4/2018 RITTER, STACY 12/4/2018 RITTER, STACY 12/17/2018 RITTER, STACY 12/17/2018 RITTER, STACY 10/22/2018 11/20/2018 1/2/2019 1/7/2019 12/31/2018

JETBLUE 2792115354811 MONDO GOURMET COFFEE & M ATT REGIONAL SUMMARY BILL Travel Travel-SPAIN Storage of properties - Februa certification course for Canda warehouse storage wireless services 088D65E3CFB6D8862BE7675DC 69896554D6D3CE0B973DAA4AE

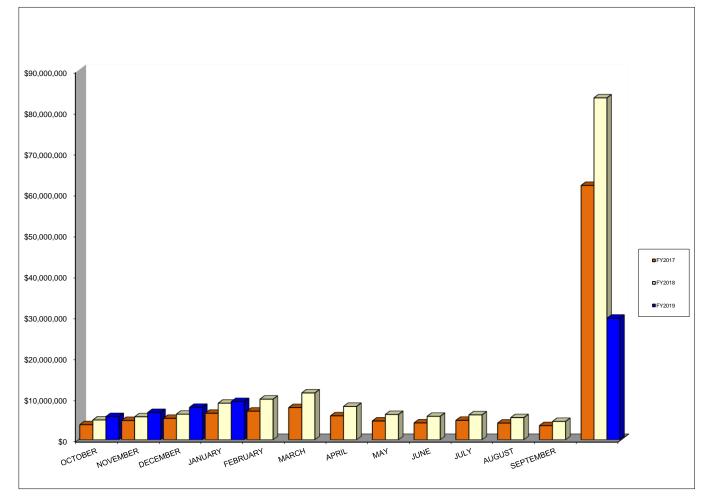
Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities Frt-Postage Cost Frt-Postage Cost Frt-Postage Cost Oth Ins-Self Insurance **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur **BA-GFL** Convention-Visitors Bur

Tvl-Airfare 274.400 Tvl-Airfare 451.600 Comm Svcs-Landline Svcs 77.310 Tvl-Airfare 7862.190 Tvl-Airfare 6438.660 Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs 1800.000 Tvl-Educational Course Fee 300.000 Rntl-Lsg- Rental Office-Bldgs 1300.000 Comm Svcs-Wireless-Cellular 1075.410 Prmtl Act-Advertising 250.000 Prmtl Act-Advertising 250.000 Tvl-Meals 184.000 Tvl-Meals 68.000 TvI-Oth Allowbl Incidntl Csts 113.280 135.160 Tvl-Mileage Tvl-Meals 96.000 Prmtl Act-Promotnl Activities 49.530 Frt-Postage Cost 157.220 Frt-Postage Cost 694.540 Frt-Postage Cost 341.060 Oth Ins-Self Insurance 702.500

417910.000

GREATER FORT LAUDERDALE CONVENTION & VISITORS BUREAU TOTAL REVENUE COLLECTION ANALYSIS (6%)

	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	2017 VS 2018		2018 VS	2019
	FISCAL YEAR	FISCAL YEAR	FISCAL YEAR	INCREASE	PERCENT	INCREASE	PERCENT
	COLLECTIONS	COLLECTIONS	COLLECTIONS	(DECREASE)	CHANGE	(DECREASE)	CHANGE
OCTOBER	\$3,694,577.05	\$4,852,690.47	\$5,683,228.33	\$1,158,113.42	31.35%	\$830,537.86	17.11%
NOVEMBER	\$4,724,410.17	\$5,627,865.79	\$6,688,948.94	\$903,455.62	19.12%	\$1,061,083.15	18.85%
DECEMBER	\$5,246,719.86	\$6,273,779.10	\$7,947,148.63	\$1,027,059.24	19.58%	\$1,673,369.53	26.67%
JANUARY	\$6,493,397.84	\$8,961,919.71	\$9,364,250.75	\$2,468,521.87	38.02%	\$402,331.04	4.49%
FEBRUARY	\$7,018,884.14	\$9,949,163.93		\$2,930,279.79	41.75%		
MARCH	\$7,893,520.62	\$11,474,604.50		\$3,581,083.88	45.37%		
APRIL	\$5,859,692.99	\$8,186,075.08		\$2,326,382.09	39.70%		
MAY	\$4,601,099.93	\$6,203,360.32		\$1,602,260.39	34.82%		
JUNE	\$4,130,109.60	\$5,748,022.23		\$1,617,912.63	39.17%		
JULY	\$4,756,496.56	\$6,097,140.29		\$1,340,643.73	28.19%		
AUGUST	\$4,090,849.34	\$5,422,260.43		\$1,331,411.09	32.55%		
SEPTEMBER	\$3,472,775.92	\$4,491,910.46		\$1,019,134.54	29.35%		
TOTAL:	\$61,982,534.02	\$83,288,792.31	\$29,683,576.65	\$21,306,258.29	34.37%		



Tourist Bed Tax = 6% total (4% allocated to tourism and represented on this chart, 2% goes to the Broward County Arena) Effective January 1, 2018 the tax rate for the GFLCVB portion increased from 3% to 4%; the total tax increased from 5% to 6%.



LBTS Visitor Center BUDGET FY 2019

Visitor Center Employee Costs	
Employee expenses including insurance and taxes	\$58,613
Total	\$58,613
Visitor Center Expenses	
Welcome Center Bags	\$ 685
Office Supplies	\$ 1,800
Janitorial Expense	\$ 1,300
Maintenance Supplies	\$ 1,900
Postage	\$ 2,000
Telephone/Internet Expense	\$ 3,780
Computer & Computer/printer Maintenance	\$ 500
Total	\$11,965
TOTAL VISTOR CENTER EXPENSES	\$70,578
LESS: Deemed Chamber Building Benefit	\$ 3,000
TOTAL Chamber Budget Visitor Center	\$ 67,578
Less Contribution LBTS	\$26,900
Less Contribution CVB	\$20,000
Total Chamber Contribution:	\$20, 678

Presentation to Broward County Tourism Development Council

April 25, 2019



Lauderdale By-The-Sea (LBTS)





4201 N. Ocean Drive









Visitor Center History

- Partnership between LBTS and LBTS Chamber for over 25 years
- 2 paid staff
- Combined 81 years of personal interaction with visitors to Broward County
- In 2018, staff and volunteers welcomed over 10,000 visitors, and in the first three months of 2019 has welcomed 3,500 visitors







Visitor Center Current Budget

Annual Budget of \$100,000

Funding:	
Town	\$60,000
Chamber	\$20,000
TDC	\$20,000

ISITOR CENTER AUDERDALE • BY • THE • SEA LBTSEVENTS.COM 954•776•1000

(Town building, rent free)

Property Location Impact



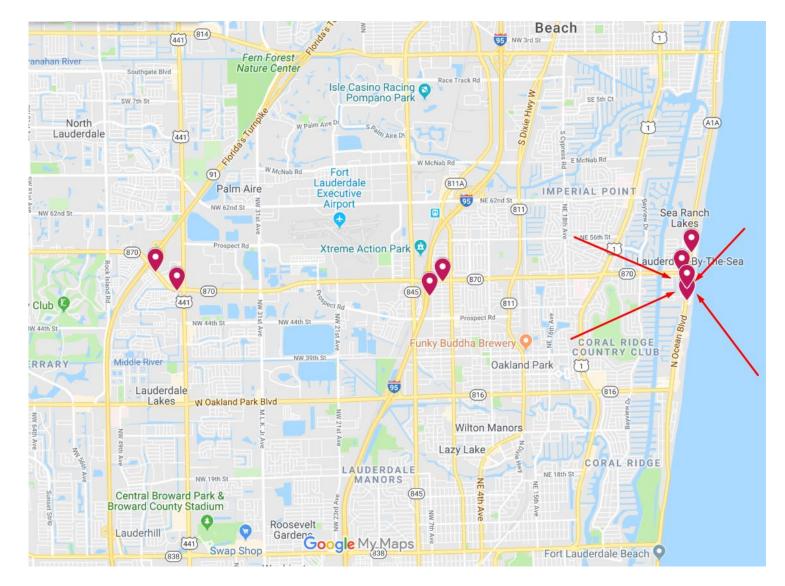
- BSO License Plate Readers (LPR) at LBTS boundaries estimate 1.6 M cars in Feb. 2019
- 439k cars on Ocean Drive passed the Visitor Center in Feb. 2019
- 1700 sq. ft. free standing building Town-owned prime location on A1A 1 block from beach
- Turnpike, I-95, and Broward County wayfinding signs since 1999

Existing Wayfinding Signs





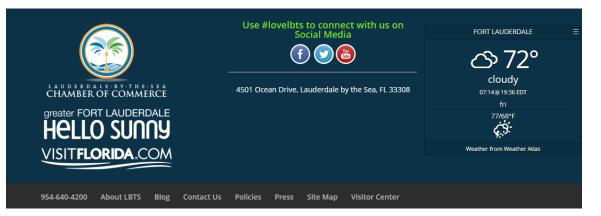
Wayfinding Signs in Place





Existing Co-operative Efforts

- Town is a partner with sunny.org i.e., Vacation Planner and other cooperative marketing
- Sunny.org directs viewers to LBTS webcams
- Visitor Center promotes all Broward County attractions
- Town and Chamber websites have a links to sunny.org





The LBTS Visitor Center is at Risk of Closing



GREATER FORT LAUDERDALE VISITOR CENTER 4201 N. OCEAN DRIVE, LAUDERDALE-BY-THE-SEA

Proposal



- Increased TDC funding of the Visitor Center with multiyear agreement
- Town maintains the building and property. Building continues to be rent free
- Chamber continues to operate Visitor Center with increased staffing allowing more SUNsational service

TDC gets:



- Freestanding high traffic beach location for central and north Broward County
- Existing staff with over 80 years of county tourism knowledge with a succession plan
- Managed by the LBTS Chamber and supported by the Town

Future Vision



- Greater awareness and visibility for the County using existing resources and expanding its capacity
- Expand TDC's vision to assist ALL visitors enjoy what that the county has to offer
- Augment TDC's SUNsational experience through extending the personal interaction
- Expand TDC's tourism vision and experience near Broward County central and north beaches
- Update Visitor Center to reflect broader HELLO SUNNY and TDC branding with materials, technology and increased staffing

Future Vision

In Partnership with the GFLCVB:

- Provide top-class SUNsational service to a larger visitor audience
- Rebrand the Visitor Center to improve and increase traffic through signs and advertising
- GFLCVB share their marketing expertise and resources



Proposed Budget

Operating Expenses	\$83,000
Staffing	\$85,000
Total Annually	\$168,000
Building Renovations	\$18,000
New street marquee/	
building signage	\$8,000
Other TBD	\$5,000
One-Time Expenses	\$31,000



1st Year

\$199,000

THANK YOU

Broward County Tourism Development Council Greater Fort Lauderdale Convention and Visitors Bureau Expanding Broward County's hospitality reach!



RELAX ... Next Time YOU'RE HERE!

SMALL IS BIG TO US! Don't miss seeing our award-winning downtown redevelopment of our small, charming beach town.

NO CAR NEEDED! It's a short stroll to all of our dining and entertainment options in our very walkable town.



LAUDDREELAL & BP THE ME

Working together, we can do so much more



Lauderdale-By-The-Sea

FY 18 Budget Justification

Department:	Buildings/Visitor Center	— -					
Submitted By:	Sharon Ragoonan, Assistant Town Manager	51	1.200	VISITO	DR CENT	ER	
Functions:	To attract visitors and tourists to vacation or stay in Lauderdale-By-The-Sea as well as patronize our hotels, restaurants, retail establishments, and boutique shops.						
FY 18 Objectives:	To fund the Lauderdale-By-The-Sea Visitor Center, which promotes the Town and provides information about local attractions, restaurants, hotels and other community businesses to visitors, tourists and residents. Promotions are geared toward generating traffic to Visitor Center's website, increasing visibility of the facility by installing directional signage, replacing the monument sign and painting a wall mural, and marketing town events such as Bug Fest, Christmas-By-The-Sea, and other special events.						
FY17 Achievements:	As part of the LBTS Marketing Program, the Visitor Center's phone number was displayed on the Town's destination advertisements (e.g. banner ads on websites) and visitor information guides (e.g. Take the Bridge Walk, Walking Map, and artwork on buoys). The Town is creating a webpage to promote the offerings at the Visitor Center, and has incorporated the Chamber's Visitors Guide on our Trip Advisor webportal. The Municipal Services Department installed of a Bismarck palm tree in the center courtyard and an upgraded electrical panel to meet insurance requirements. The Chamber of Commerce manages the Visitor Center and has their offices in the building. Chamber staff received excellent reviews from our visitors. The reduced business hours does not seem to be having a negative affect. In season, they provided guidance on places to recreate, shop, and dine. Chamber employees assisted visitors in locating hotel accommodations. The Chamber refreshed the interior of the Visitor Center by upgrading pictures, recovering furniture, and a new rug.						
ACCT	Account Detail	ACTUAL	AMENDED	DEPT REQ.	RECOMMENDED	ADOPTED	
NO.		FY 2015-16	FY 2016/17		FY 2017/18		
PERSONNEL	SERVICES						
120	SALARIES - 25% of one Mun Services employee	\$10,764	\$11,149	\$11,700	\$11,700		
140	OVERTIME		\$0	\$1,500	\$1,500		
210	FICA - Social Security 6.20% and Medicare 1.45%	\$823	\$853	\$1,010	\$1,010		
220	RETIREMENT - Florida Retirement System	\$1,110	\$838	\$1,045	\$1,045		
230	GROUP INSURANCE	\$2,629	\$2,537	\$2,841	\$2,841		
	TOTAL PERSONNEL SERVICES	\$15,326	\$15,377	\$18,096	\$18,096	\$	
OPERATING							
340	SEWER / WASTEWATER	\$2,656	\$2,900	\$2,900	\$2,900		
345	CONTRACT SERVICES - payment to Chamber for Visitor Center management services	\$33,188	\$26,340	\$34,810	\$26,340		
430	ELECTRIC SERVICE	\$1,585	\$1,600	\$1,600	\$1,600		
431	WATER	\$3,094	\$3,000	\$3,000	\$3,000		
520	BLDG MAINTENANCE	\$685	\$3,000	\$3,000	\$3,000		
	TOTAL OPERATING	\$41,208	\$36,840	\$45,310	\$36,840	\$	
CAPITAL OUT	ΊΔΥ						
640	EQUIPMENT & MACHINERY				\$4,000		
	Visitor Center Sign				÷ .,		
640	CAPITAL OUTLAY						
	TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,000	\$	
	DEPARTMENT TOTAL	¢ EC E24	\$ 52,217	\$ 63,406	\$ 58,936	\$-	

DEPARIMENTIOTAL \$ 56,5	534 \$ 52,217	\$ 63,406	\$ 58,936	Þ -
	-\$4,317	\$11,189	\$6,719	-\$52,217
	-7.6%	21.4%	12.9%	-100.0%

LBTS Visitor Center Print Collatral

Lauderdale-By-The-Sea

101 Ocean 4145 By The Sea Aruba Beach Café Away Inn Benihana Breakaway Inn Coral Key Inn Costa Del Sol Dee Jay Beach Resort Delacaseas Cafe Eastward Strand Hotel High Noon Resort Kilwin's Laspada's Hoagies LBTS Chamber Visitor Guide LBTS Walking Maps Mulligan's Beach House Native Sun Resort **Ocean Reverie Apartments** Plunge Beach Hotel Sea Cliff Motel Sea Lord Hotel & Suites Sea Watch on the Ocean **Town Topics Tropic Seas Resort** Village Grille and Pump

Guides & Newspapers

Bien-Venidos - Spanish Bienvnidos -English Access Florida - French Pelican News Paper Around Town News Le Soleil News French

Visit Florida Go Riverwalk Great Locations Guidebook Broward Great Locations Guidebook FL Keys Guide Map to FL Attractions Hello Sunny Coupon Books Hello Sunny Golf Guide Hello Sunny Multicultural Ft. Lauderdale Magazine Travel Host Magazine Riverwalk Magazine

Other

AH -TAH -THI - KI Museum Air Tours Miami Plane Tours Alligator Farm Hometeads Attractions Map of South FL Avis Bous Savings Card Bailey Hall/ Broward College Banana Republic **Beach Vacation Rentals** BeachComber Resort Bonnet House & Gardens Broward County Museum and Calendar BUBBA GUMPS **Busch Gardens** Butterfly World Camp Florida Coccadotts Cake Shop Country Ham & Eggs DA Vinci's Pizzeria Deep Sea Drift Fishing Deep Sea Sport Fishing Everglades Day Safari Everglades Holiday Park **Explore Coopertown** Explore Palm Beach Map Explore Palm Beach Map Festival Marketplace Fish Peddler East **Fishing Headquarters** Flagler Museum Flamingo Gardens & Wildlife Sanctuary Florida Official Map Florida State Parks Florida Tours .com Florida's Hollywood Map and Info Ft Lauderdale Beach Resort Ft Lauderdale Historical Society Fury Water Adventures Galleria Mall Gator Park Airboat Rides Glassbottom Snorkel Tours Go Miami card

Other (cont')

Hotel Guide for Palm Beaches Jungle Queen Kaluz Keller Deep Sea Fishing Miami Kennedy Space Center Key West Map & Guide LaQuinta Las Olas Boulevard Lauderdale Villas Lenore DuJour Culinary Lion Country Safari Mai - Kai Restaurant & show Miami & The Keys Miami Helicopter Miami Sea Aquarium Miami Zoo Monkey Jungle News Shooting Davie Ocean Beach Club Hotel Oceanside Mist Palm Beach Zoo Pembroke Gardens **Riverwalk A&E** Sawgrass Mills Sea Boat Rides See South Florida Small Superior Lodging South FI Family Attractions Sun &.Sea Villas Sun Tower Suites The Palm Beaches Insider's Guide Tides Inn Resort **Tour Helicopter** Town Center At Boca Raton Tri Rail Under The Sun Tours **Unlimited Attractions** Visit Orlando Visitors Guide Map Broward Vizcaya Museum Water Taxi Ft. Lauderdale Welcome to Miami Beaches

d



Greater Fort Lauderdale Convention & Visitors Bureau

Brand Study

February 5, 2019



"Selling South Florida shouldn't be hard. There are the beaches, the weather, the melting pot of cultures, beautiful people and the amazing food and scenery that serves as a backdrop to paradise." OMAR KELLY NFL Columnist for Sun Sentinel

Background and Purpose



The Greater Fort Lauderdale Convention and Visitors Bureau (GFLCVB) and Starmark are interested in developing new positioning, messaging, and marketing that is unique and compelling to travelers.

Mars Research was commissioned to conduct brand perception research in order to understand how the Greater Fort Lauderdale (GFL) area is viewed in the vacation marketplace by a specific consumer segment, and further, what characteristics are preferred by this segment overall, and in relation to other vacation destinations.

Research Objectives

This research program was undertaken to learn how best to grow and position the GFL brand in the current marketplace. The specific objectives were:

DESTINATION FACTORS

Learn what variables factor in the travel decisionmaking journey and where/how GFL can be part of that equation.

DECISION INFLUENCERS

Uncover what consumers feel would most impact or influence their decision to visit GFL.

TARGET SEGMENTATION

Determine how GFL can offer value to various lifestyle segments such as families, thrill seekers, the cultured club, etc.

INFORMATION SOURCES

Discuss sources of travel information that consumers use.

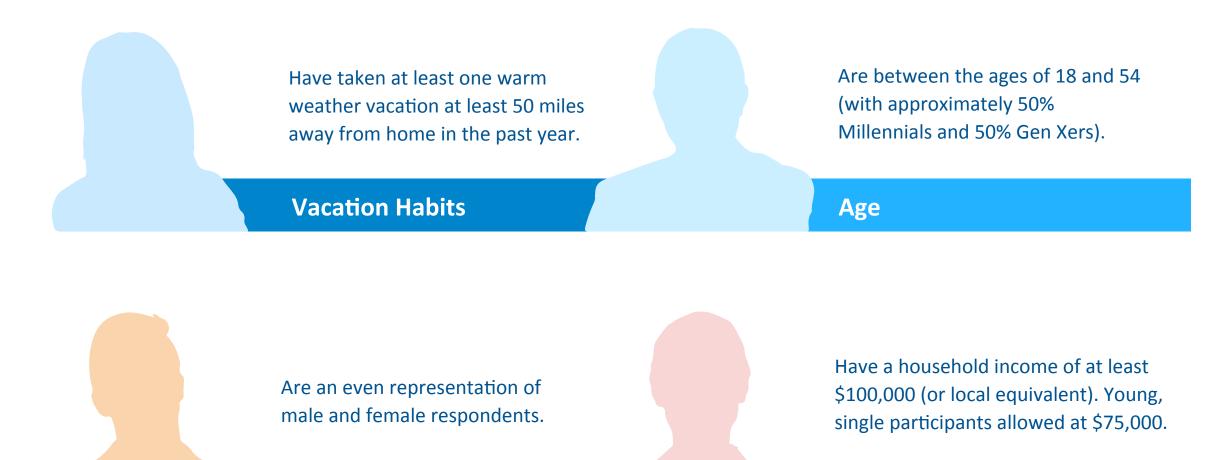
COMPETITIVE ANALYSIS

Compare and contrast GFL with other warm weather destinations.

DIFFERENTIATION

Identify what differentiates GFL from other Florida beach destinations in the minds of consumers.

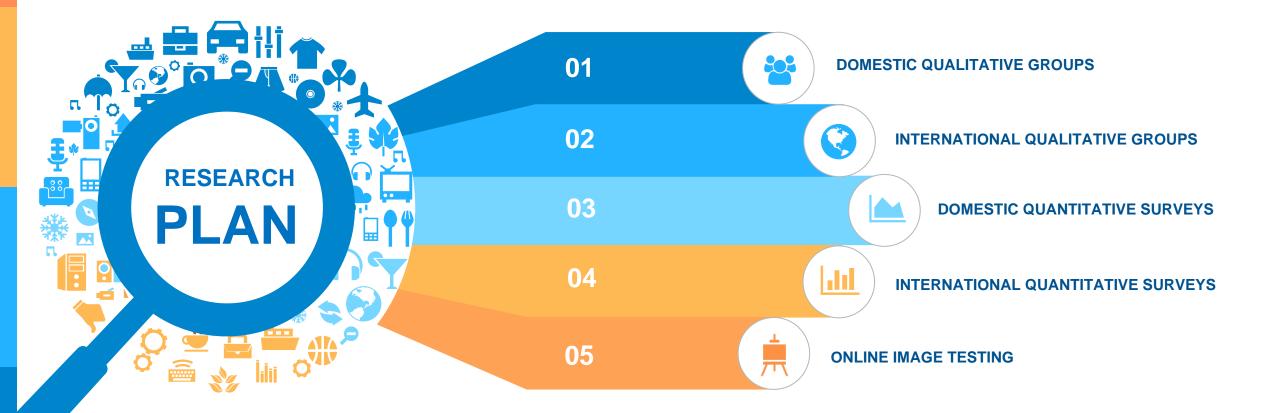
Who We Spoke With



Gender

Household Income

Research Design

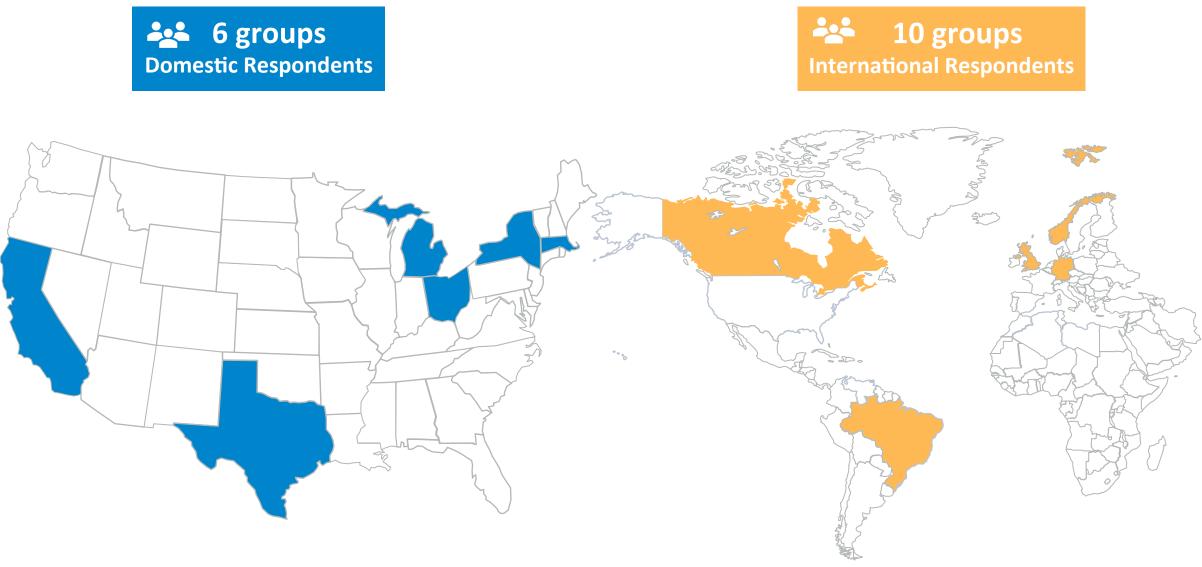




FOCUS GROUPS



Focus Group Locations



Why travel to a warm weather destination?



#1 Escape the cold

#2 Escape a hectic + stressful lifestyle

Show me a LAID BACK and RELAXED vibe.

Bring me atypical, interactive travel experiences.

"Escape from routine is the most important thing while traveling."

Why travel?



I travel to "expand my horizons." I want to go "beyond my bubble." Looking to grow socially and intellectually. Bring home new experiences to share with family + friends, and then venture out once more.

Travel creates legacy connections for parents and children.

What do I seek?



"I want experiences, I want to do stuff I can't do at home." Beyond beaches, please. Will spend for novel + original experiences.

But, keep it near/around waterfront activities such kayaking, snorkeling, boating.

Green space and nature is valued.

Keep kids/teens engaged (parents).

What is my vacation vibe?



Hassle-free experiences in a hands-on environment is a universal sentiment:

- Easy Going
- Nautical
- Green
- Beachy
- A Place To Come Back To

Other stand-outs speak to a desire to connect with people:

- A Happy Place (the people are nice to tourists)
- Friendly

What attributes do I care about?



- It's important to expand my horizons.
- Allows me to take home new knowledge.
- The ability to immerse in an unfamiliar culture
- A place that feels like an escape.
- Has a relaxed laid back vibe.
- Things to do around and in water (such as kayaking, snorkeling, etc).
- Has walkable neighborhoods (that are safe.)
- Offers green space and nature-like surroundings.
- Exudes a warm and accepting diverse/inclusive community throughout.

How do I want to feel?



Natural, humanistic desire to socialize and be connected. Highly open to new encounters. Accomplished through immersion into culture at local level.

"I want to fell like a local"

"Travelers are craving slow, deep, and immersive experiences. We don't want to feel commoditized — we want to feel like these experiences are created for us." – Geetika Agrawal, CEO of Vacation with an Artist

Is food important to me?

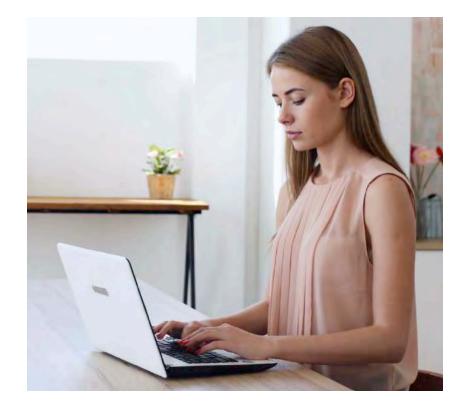


"Good food does matter, but it doesn't have to be luxury to be good food." Food venues and options are well researched before the trip.

Food experiences are highly memorable and figure strongly.

"I want to eat like a local."

I do my own research.



They find great gratification from the planning process.

Prep may take up to one year, especially for parents and foreign guests.

Digital /UGC (Instagram, YouTube) are "authentic" sources + sought out.

Also consider additional web sources:

- Chamber of Commerce
- State Tourism Websites
- TripAdvisor, Expedia, Google

Perceptions of South Florida



Miami: flashy, fast, exotic cars, designer clothes, alcohol, dangerous, parties, luxury, a strong Latin Vibe, famous people.

West Palm Beach: older, stodgy, retired, wealthy, golfing.

Greater Fort Lauderdale: older, dull, boring, quiet.

Greater Fort Lauderdale as an "Epicenter" is valuable to me.



"Excursion city" or "epicenter" concept is meaningful and motivating.

Parents were strongly interested.

International travelers were intrigued, Canadians the most.

Train travel had appeal, however some commented it could be construed as a negative.

"An epicenter is great so that we have other options."

I do not understand the concept of "Greater Together."

Not clear regarding what ENTITY is getting "greater."

Mistakenly thought it meant bringing together the communities of West Palm, GFL and Miami.

Numerous (negative) comments regarding President Trump's campaign of "Make America Great Again."



Greater Together Video







Response to the video was mixed.

Some saw appeal in the range of activities and experiences shown – craft beer, local arts, water taxis, kid-friendly attractions, Seminole tribe of Florida.

Others thought the video could have been filmed anywhere or was too "staged."

"Too much focus on people and not enough on GFL-specific activities" was the consensus of detractors.

Germans and Norwegians, specifically, had negative reactions to the video.

Differences by State

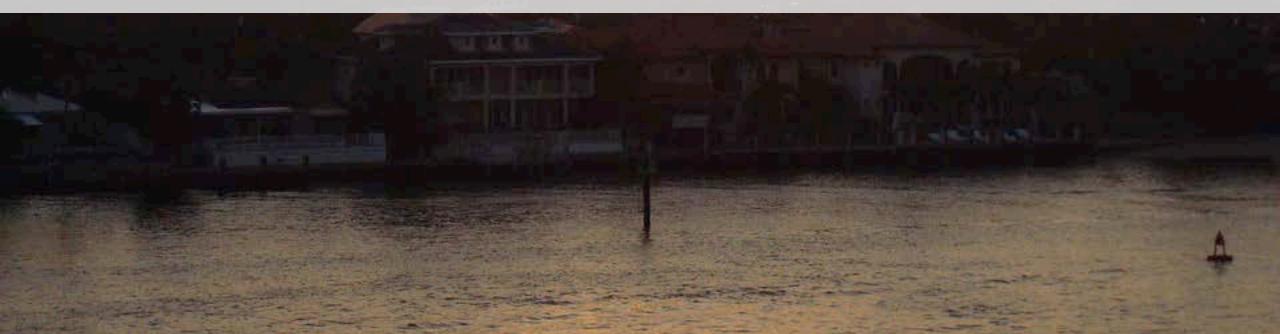
TEXAS	ОНЮ	CALIFORNIA	NEW YORK	MASSACHUSETTS
Spend freely Like walkable neighborhoods	Vacation in the Panhandle: Destin, Clearwater	Must be better/ different than Hawaii Independent thinkers	Local and authentic neighborhoods Like walkable neighborhoods	Outdoor activities beyond the beach Golf Local sporting events

Differences by Country

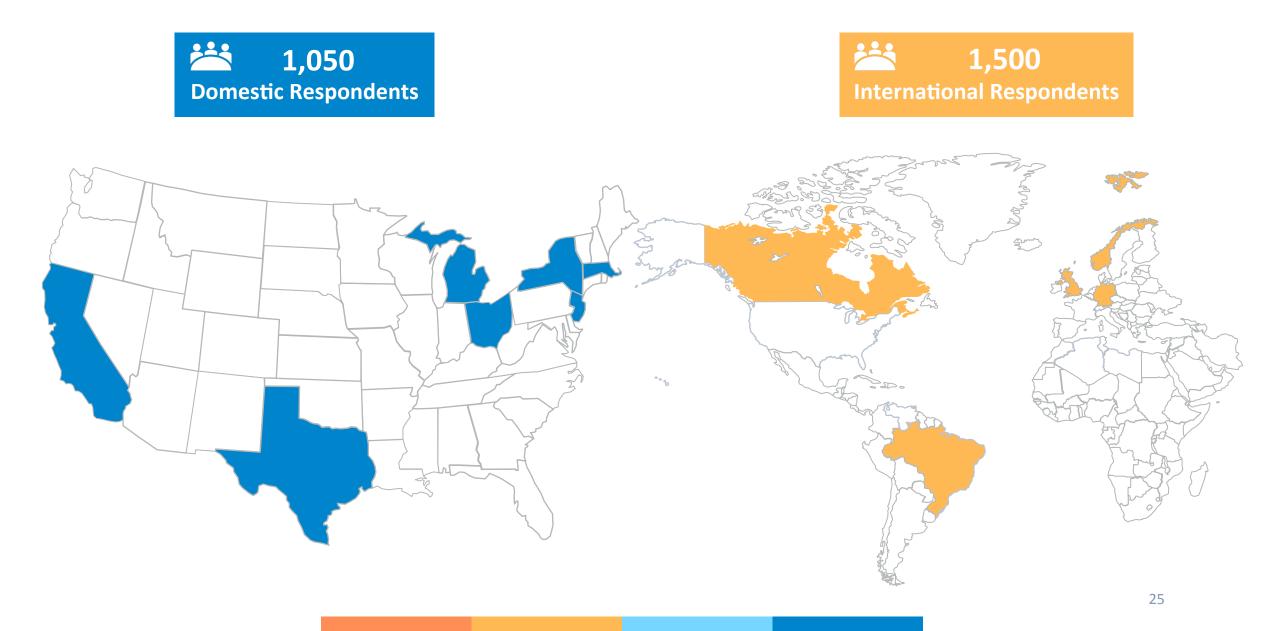
NORWAY	GERMANY	BRAZIL		CANADA
Extremely low awareness of South Florida	Tropical heat can be oppressive	Shopping! Kid-friendly options	Less interested in walkable neighborhoods	Most positive about the high-speed rail
Tropical heat can be oppressive	Prefer to use warm weather to explore nature/green space	Security	Presence of anti- Trump sentiment	Prefer to use warm weather to explore nature/green space
Frustration with USA Customs	Lowest levels of appeal for Fort Lauderdale			



ONLINE SURVEYS



Online Survey Sample



General Travel Behavior



The defined traveler group takes frequent vacations throughout the year, averaging six trips over 50 miles from home (5.8).



Few people today (16%) prefer to use a travel agent.



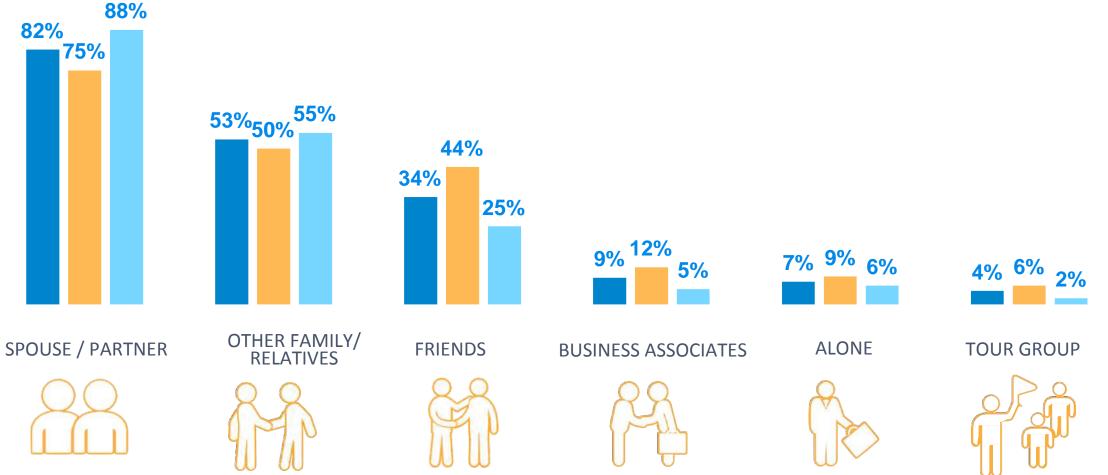
Nine out of 10 report they plan to vacation in a warm weather destination within the next year (94%).

Men take more trips than women (6.4 vs. 5.3).

Millennials out-vacation their Gen X counterparts (6.2 vs. 5.5).

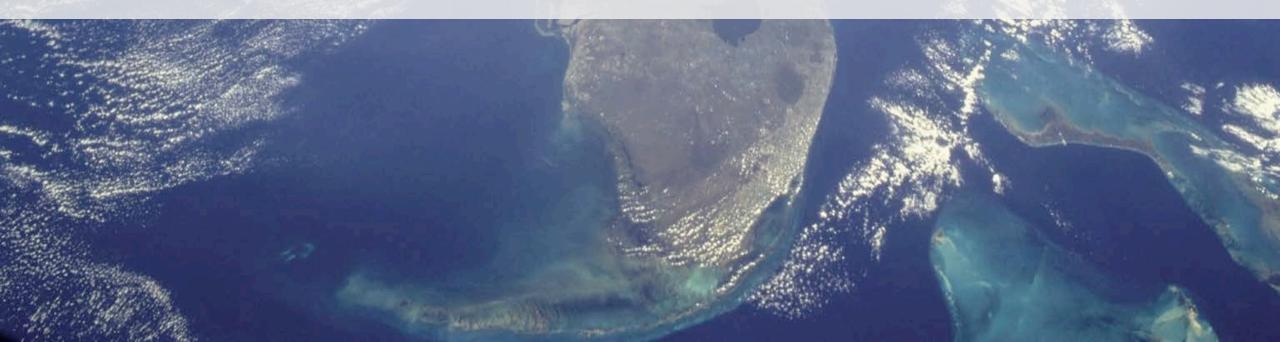
Travel Companions

Total Millennials Generation X





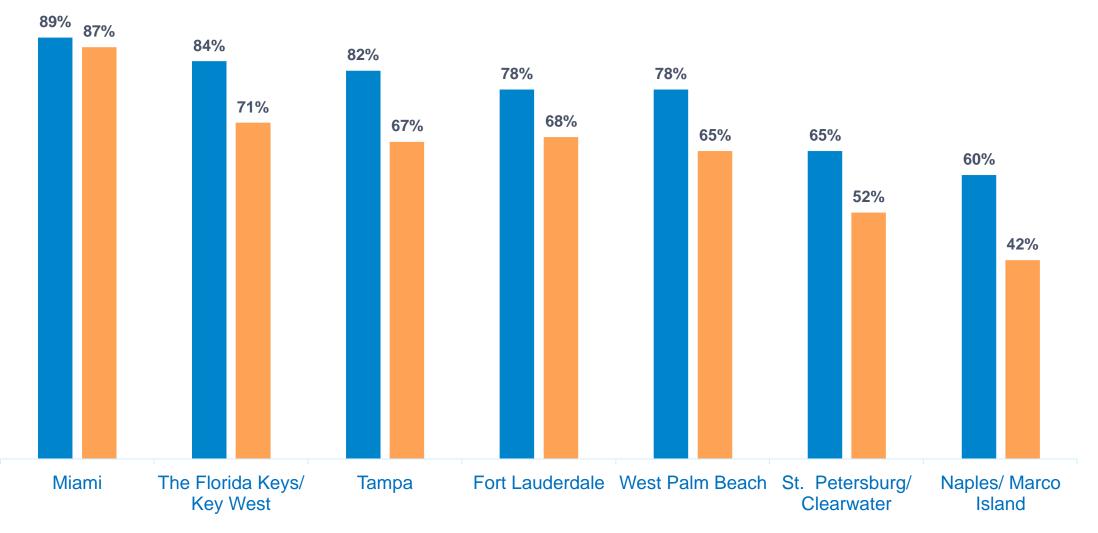
REACTIONS TO FLORIDA VACATION DESTINATIONS



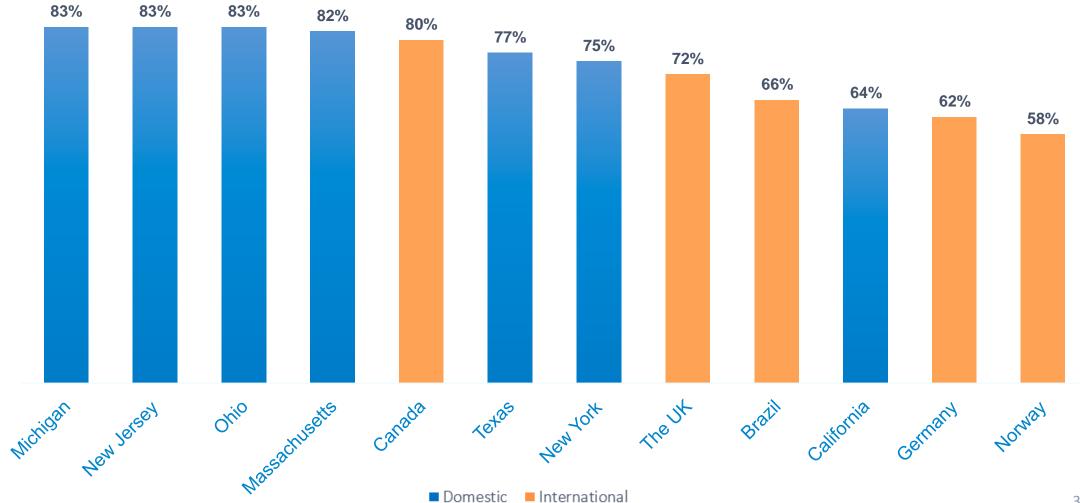
Competition Set



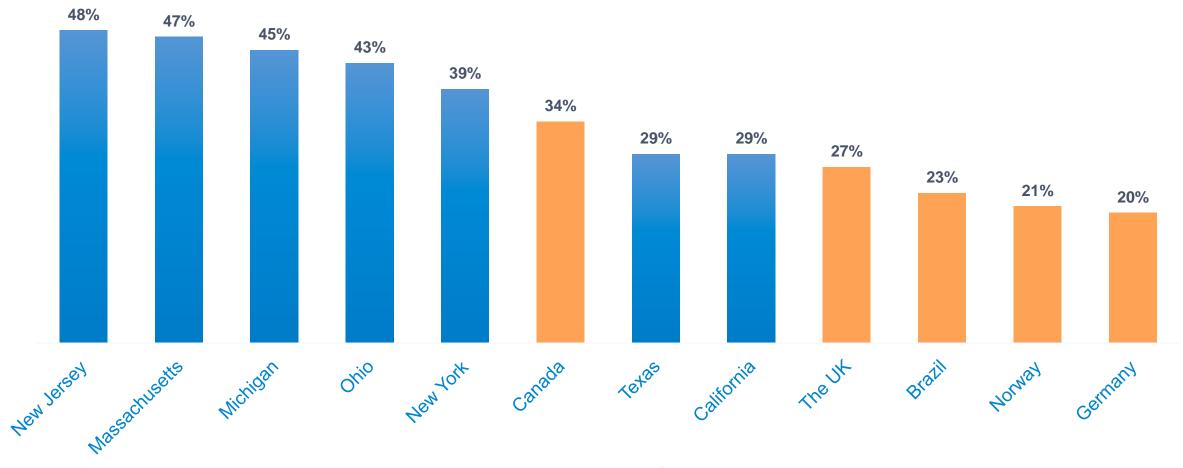
Florida Beachfront Destination Awareness



Greater Fort Lauderdale Awareness



Greater Fort Lauderdale Visitation

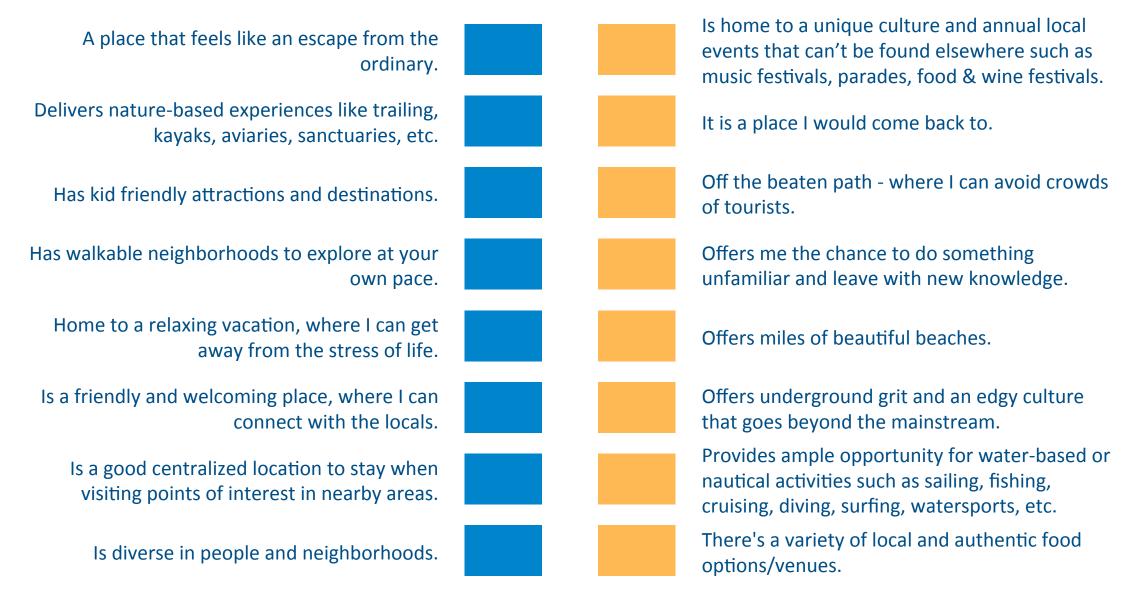




KEY THEMES FOR MESSAGING



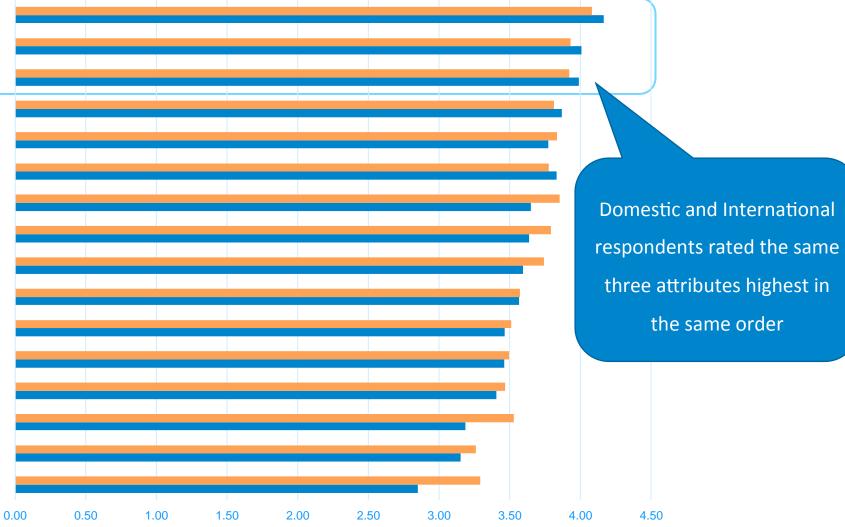
Attribute Statements



Stated Attribute Importance

(Average scores on a five-point scale)

Relaxing vacation away from stress Escape from the ordinary Place I would come back to Local and authentic food options Centralized location to stay Miles of beautiful beaches Do the unfamiliar, gain new knowledge Welcoming, can connect with locals Walkable neighborhoods to explore Off the beaten path, can avoid tourists Unique culture and annual local events Nature-based activities Water-based or nautical activities Diverse people and neighborhoods Kid friendly attractions Underground grit and edgy culture

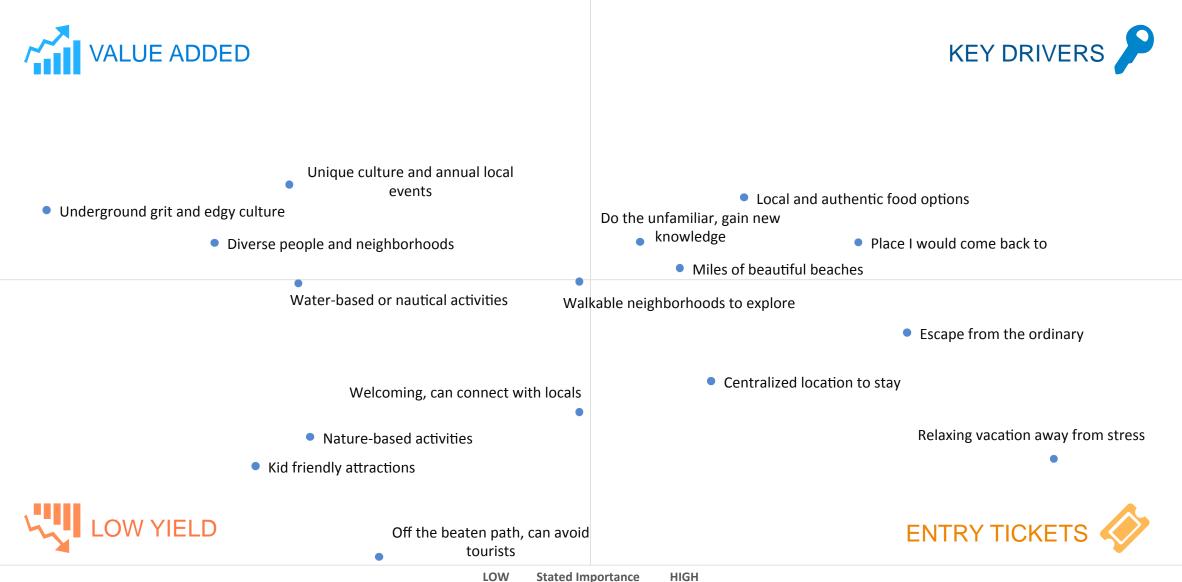


Importance Analysis



Low Derived Importance

Importance Analysis



HIGH

Importance Analysis



KEY DRIVERS

- Local and authentic food options
- Do the unfamiliar, new knowledge
- Place I would come back to
- Miles of beautiful beaches



ENTRY TICKETS

- Escape from the ordinary
- Centralized location to stay
- Relaxing vacation away from stress



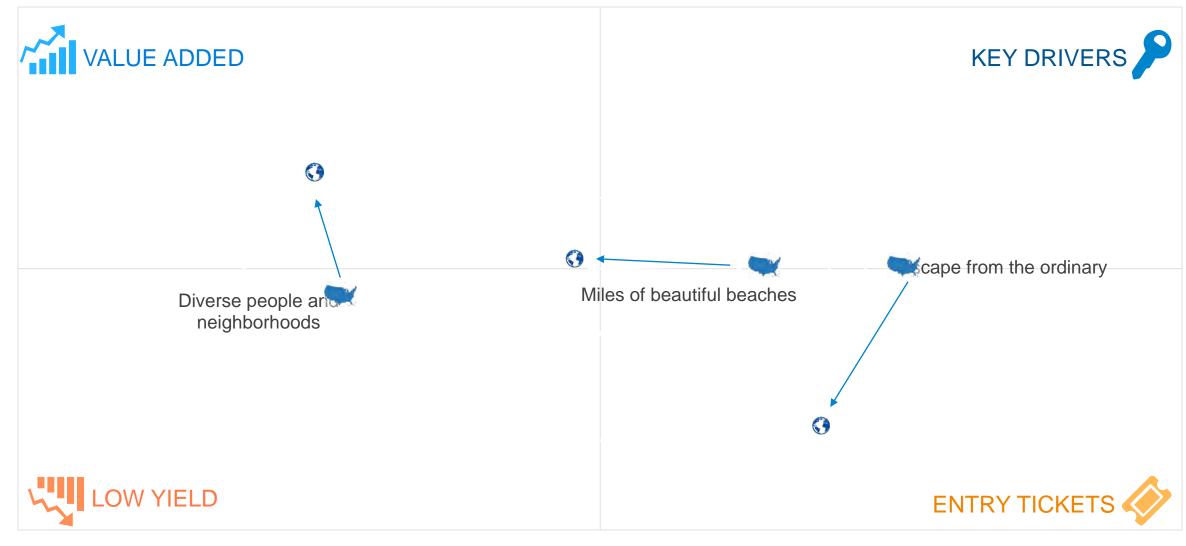
VALUE ADDED

- Unique culture and annual local events
- Underground grit and edgy culture
- Diverse people and neighborhoods
- Walkable neighborhoods to explore
- Water-based or nautical activities



LOW YIELD

- Welcoming, can connect with the locals
- Nature-based activities
- Kid friendly attractions
- Off the beaten path, can avoid tourists



HIGH

LOW

White Space Opportunities

White Space identifies potential opportunities - A vacation destination could gain a competitive advantage by promoting itself and standing out in an underserved attribute.

<section-header><section-header><section-header>

Category Delivery - South Florida Region

The Florida Keys/Key West, Miami, Fort Lauderdale, West Palm Beach, Naples, Tampa, Clearwater and St. Petersburg



Over Delivers

- Local and authentic food options
- Place I would come back to
- Water-based or nautical activities
- Miles of beautiful beaches
- Relaxing vacation away from stress

Delivers

- Escape from the ordinary
- Walkable neighborhoods to explore
- Welcoming, can connect with the locals
 - Nature-based activities
 - Kid friendly attractions
 - Diverse people and neighborhoods
 - Centralized location to stay
 - Do the unfamiliar, new knowledge

Under Delivers

- Underground grit and edgy culture
- Unique culture and annual local events
- Off the beaten path, can avoid tourists

White Space Opportunities

Underground grit and culture

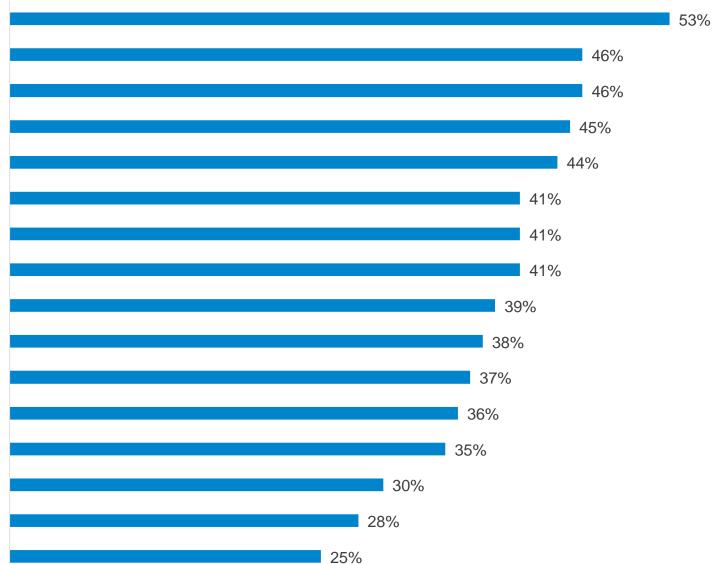
Unique culture and annual local events

Do the unfamiliar, gain new knowledge (domestic)



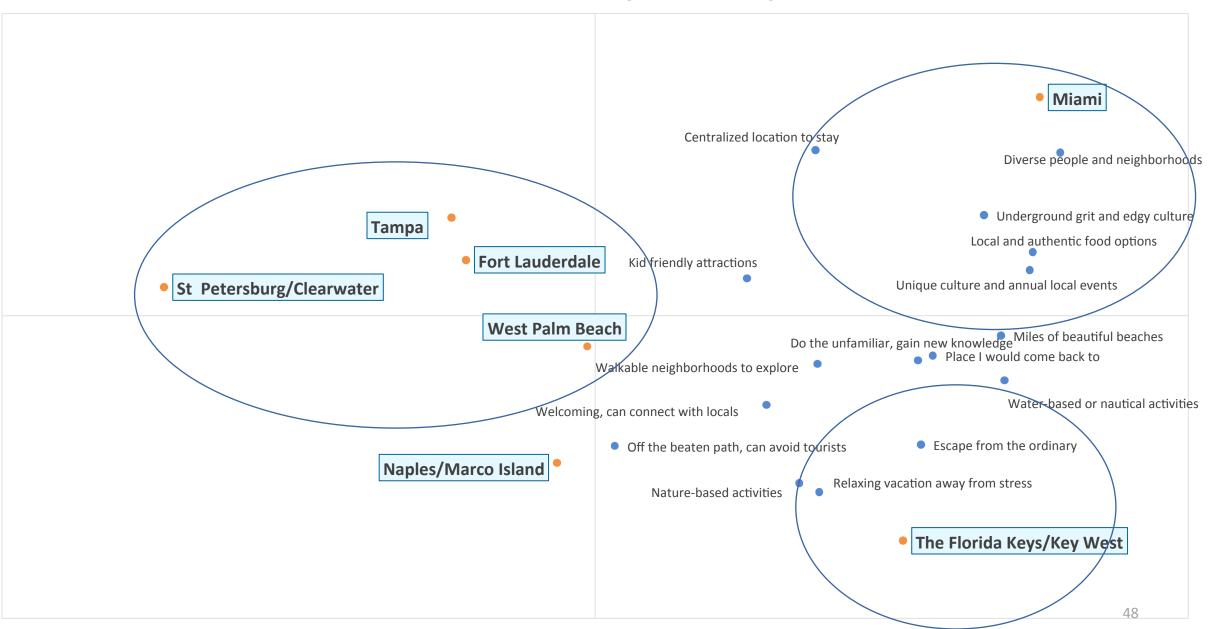
What Attributes does Greater Fort Lauderdale have?

Water-based or nautical activities Centralized location to stay Miles of beautiful beaches Place I would come back to Kid friendly attractions Walkable neighborhoods to explore Relaxing vacation away from stress Welcoming, can connect with locals Local and authentic food options Do the unfamiliar, gain new knowledge Diverse people and neighborhoods Nature-based activities Escape from the ordinary Unique culture and annual local events Underground grit and edgy culture Off the beaten path, can avoid tourists



QUADRANT	ATTRIBUTE	Greater Fort Lauderdale Perception
Key Driver	Local and authentic food options	39%
	Do the unfamiliar, new knowledge	38%
	Place I would come back to	45%
	Miles of beautiful beaches	46%
Entry Ticket	Escape from the ordinary	35%
	Relaxing vacation away from stress	41%
	Centralized location to stay	46% 个
Value Added	Unique culture and annual local events	30%↓
	Underground grit and edgy culture	28%↓
	Diverse people and neighborhoods	37%
	Walkable neighborhoods to explore	41%
	Water-based or nautical activities	53%
Low Yield	Welcoming, can connect with the locals	41%
	Nature-based activities	36%↓
	Kid friendly attractions	44% 个
	Off the beaten path, can avoid tourists	25%↓

Brand Perception Map



Brand Identities

Key West

- Nature-based activities
- Relaxing vacation away from stress
- Escape from the ordinary
- Do the unfamiliar, new knowledge
- Miles of beautiful beaches

Miami

- Diverse people and neighborhoods
- Underground grit and edgy culture
- Local and authentic food options
- Unique culture and annual local events
- Centralized location to stay

Fort Lauderdale

• No strong brand identity



IMAGE TESTING





BEACH DOWNTIME, 63%

UNDERWATER EXPLORING, 53%



BEACH BONFIRE, 45%

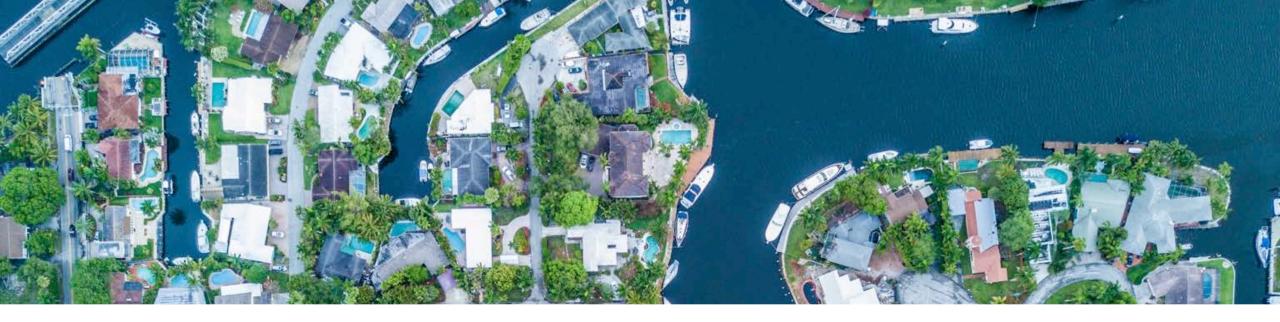
EVERGLADES BOAT RIDE, 49%

1000

Top Five Images

PLEASE PICK THE TOP 5 IMAGES THAT WOULD INSPIRE YOU TO VISIT GREATER FORT LAUDERDALE.





KEY FINDINGS

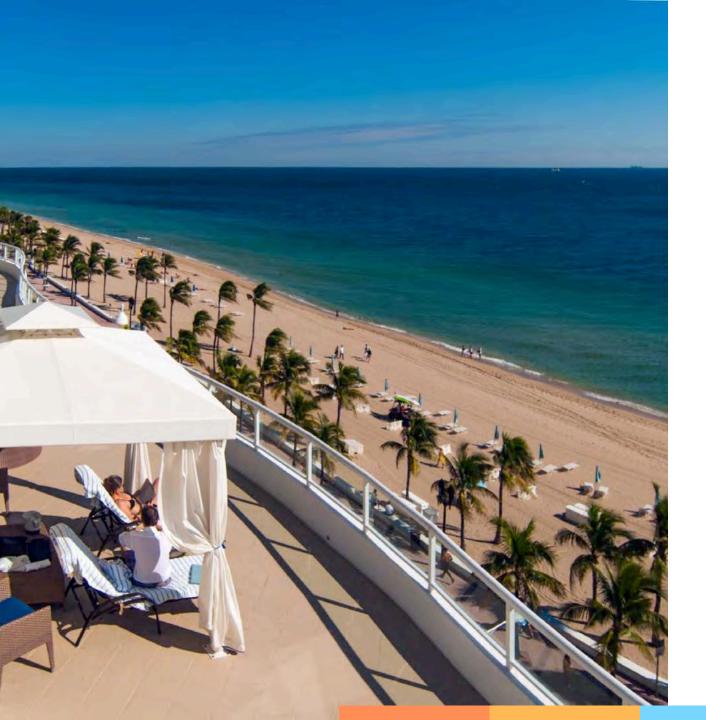




Clearly GFL attracts many vacationers. This presentation is identifying the things we need to consider as we develop strategies to entice more Millennials and Gen Xers to vacation in GFL. Images, reactions, and expectations of a warm weather vacation were remarkably consistent across all targeted groups.



We found a huge apparent contradiction.



On one hand, our targets tell us they want a relaxing beach getaway from stress and worries, but...



...on the other hand, our targets tell us the beach isn't enough - they want to have lots of things to do.

What they mean is that they want both.

Warm weather vacationers want beaches and oceans.

They also want:

- Outdoor activities
- Unique experiences
- Local things to do and see

A warm weather beachfront location that's relaxed and active seems contradictory, but it is not an either/or proposition.

It's both.



Greater Fort Lauderdale has no clearly defined identity in the minds of Millennials and Gen Xers.

Greater Fort Lauderdale can differentiate itself from competitors by raising vacationers' awareness of distinct and authentic opportunities.

Key Findings and Recommendations: Global

Global and Domestic Findings

Six countries and 2,500+ study subjects all yielded very similar results. Reactions, commentary, expectations and desires were all very similar across the board. When it comes to travel, we all want the same thing.

Findings are Consistent with these Secondary Research Trends:

- Personalized experience
- Authentic and unique experiences
- Immersion with locals vs. crowds of tourists
- Off the beaten path
- Food quality and experience vs. lofty
- Value of vacations is far greater than material objects



Key Findings and Recommendations : The Cruise Factor

- Visitors judge the destination by their overnight stay in a low cost hotel and their drive to Port Everglades.
- Cruisers are affecting our visitor stats data in a negative way. Data shows an increase in visitors from California and Texas, but, in reality many are flying in to catch a cruise out of Port Everglades.
- Need to rethink how we market to pre- and post-cruisers. Rethink the services that are provided to cruisers in the destination we need to give them options to make it easy to sample the destination. Turnkey partnerships and programs with Cruise Lines and Agents.



Key Findings and Recommendations: The Seniors/Pensioners Factor

Globally we have to showcase that we are way beyond a retirement destination.

There is nothing slow and sleepy about Greater Fort Lauderdale. Messaging must be believable, not exclusive and above all, feature video and images that appeal to a younger audience.

Choices of activities, entertainment and diverse experiences need to be portrayed. Seeing is believing but not just in advertising. Images and videos need to be authentic and distributed across as many channels as possible.

Social media, video and content marketing are good examples.

Key Findings and Recommendations: The Central Location Factor (vs. epicenter)



The fact that we are right between Miami and West Palm Beach is very positive. Add Virgin Trains and it is even more appealing. Our central location in South Florida allows visitors a home base (better value than Miami) and the opportunity to visit all of South Florida.

We should consider adding a locator map in some communications to highlight this. Instead of avoiding "Miami" we need to promote the fact that we have a central location between it and WPB.

Recommendations: Domestic

- Increase overall BRANDING efforts as well as frequency in key feeder markets.
- Re-evaluate cruise marketing efforts and local tactics to expand our share of this market.
 - Partner with Port Everglades team, Tour Company(ies), Cruise Line Tour Operators to determine a feasible way to provide easy excursions in Greater Fort Lauderdale.
 - Begin first-time efforts to market to frequent cruising consumers and cruise club members.



Recommendations: Domestic (cont.)

- Adjust regional messaging to address differences in expectations and needs. Interests and needs vary greatly by region and even state to state. Embrace microtargeting.
 - Promote heavily to Massachusetts, which tends to embrace Naples and the West Coast.
 - Beautiful beaches and escapes to the Midwest, which tends to embrace the Panhandle.



Recommendations: Domestic (cont.)

- Show the audience what they long to see escape, laid back and authentic. A diverse array of experiences through day and night (an energetic vibe).
- Target younger audiences to offset the pensioners effect.
- Feature locations and events that bring people into our neighborhoods and not just the tourist path. Utilize the Digital Vacation Planner, VLTV and Sunny.org for off-the-beaten path exploration and events. Don't just feature perfect people staged feature our diverse areas in terms of nature, grit, diversity in people and experiences.
- Continue marketing the unique local events that are unique to GFL Music Festivals, Art on Water, Taste of the Islands, Friday Night Sound Waves, etc.
- Exploit our eight beaches



Recommendations: International



The Tour Operator/Agent Effect

- Times are changing in terms of the purchase and booking cycle. Europeans are very quickly shifting to independent digital research when planning travel. Tour Operators and Agents should no longer be the primary focus of destination marketing efforts.
- Those in larger cities still use Agents because Travel Agents and Tour Operators have physical business locations that are easy to access.

Recommendations: International



- Shift is needed in international marketing that reaches out directly to consumers.
- Domestic recommendations also refer to our international markets. When opportunity allows, customize messaging by country to address any cultural differences. For example, shopping for Brazilians vs. outdoor nature or walkable areas for Europeans.

Recommendations for Positioning Direction

We know visitors come for the beaches and the sunshine. We know they want more to do beyond just the beach - but they want to experience it their way, without large crowds, stress free and in a relaxed way. Time is too precious.

There is so much happening here that our audience is not aware of yet. GFL fulfills these desires and has the environment and experiences to offer it all - without owning one specific attribute. We don't need to own a specific attribute.

Recommendations for Positioning Direction

"Skyrocketing cultural cachet, major hotel openings, and new restaurants... the ease of a Miami getaway without the 24-hour party vibe."

Greater Fort Lauderdale is a warm weather beach destination that offers a depth and variety of culture and entertainment. Fueled by local communities, artists and businesses - GFL delivers a beach escape with a continuously exploding array of experiences - delivered in a more relaxed environment.























Key Findings and Recommendations: Launch a Brand Tracking Study

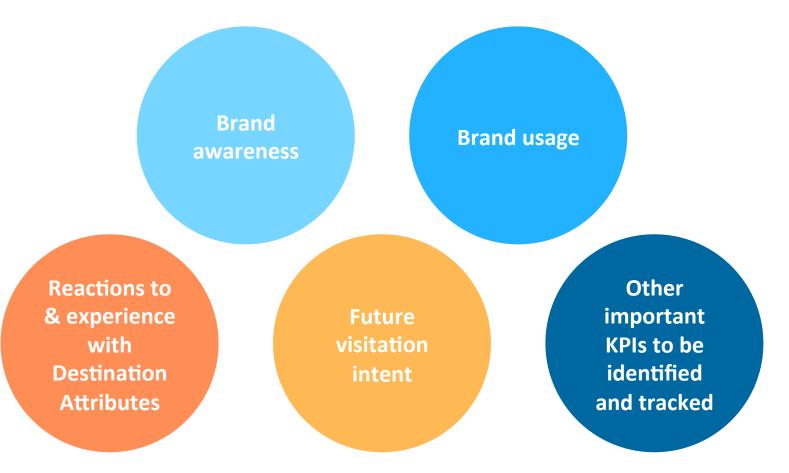


Once refinements are made to the brand message and positioning, and a new campaign is launched, we recommend commissioning a Brand Tracking Study. This research will measure the impact of the branding work, and will collect customer insights to help inform future campaigns.

Conducting a brand tracking survey in conjunction with your updated messaging will measure KPI's and other metrics that will assess the brand value, sentiment and traction as a new campaign is rolled out. Importantly, we would also study how this rebranding is impacting appeal and interest from the segmented marketing approach.

Key Findings and Recommendations: Launch a Brand Tracking Study

Some benchmarks we would look to the tracker to deliver, and then continue to measure over time include:





210 S Andrews Avenue Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301 954-874-9064



550 W Cypress Creek Rd. #310 Fort Lauderdale, FL 33309 954-654-7888

GREATER FORT LAUDERDALE