

EXHIBIT "E"  
to the Airline-Airport Use  
and Lease Agreement for  
Palm Beach International Airport

**RATE and FEE SCHEDULE**  
for the period of  
October 1, 2009  
Through September 30, 2010

1. Average Terminal Rental Rate and Landing Fee Rate. This Exhibit sets forth the method to be used in calculating the average Terminal rental rate and Landing Fee Rate for each rate setting period (generally each Fiscal Year). Average terminal rates shall be calculated by determining the Net Requirement divided by the total amount of budgeted Signatory Airline space for the rate setting period. Landing Fees shall be determined by the Net Requirement divided by the budgeted Maximum Gross Landed Weight for all Signatory Airlines for the rate setting period.

2. Differential Terminal Rental Rates.

A. Terminal building space shall be classified according to type of space for the purpose of establishing differential rates by location and function as set forth below:

<u>Types of Space</u>	<u>Location/Function</u>	<u>Weighted Value</u>
1	Ticket Counter	1.00
2	Ticket Offices and Upper Level Offices; V.I.P. Rooms; Hold Rooms	0.90
3	Bag Claim; Concourse Areas	0.80
4	Bag Make-up; Curbside Offices; Operation Areas including Baggage Service Office; Commuter Operating Area	0.70
5	Tug Drives	0.25

B. The amount of each type of space identified above shall be determined by the Department on an annual basis. The space totals identified on Attachment 5 of this Exhibit are for the period of October 1, 2008 through December 30, 2009. On or about each July 1, the Department shall provide the Signatory Airlines with a Summary of Terminal Areas and Aircraft Parking Apron in substantially the form set forth in Attachment 5.

C. Using the space totals from the Summary of Terminal Areas and Aircraft Parking Apron, the average Terminal rental rate for the period shall be converted to differential Terminal rental rates.

- (1) The amount of Type 1 through 5 space shall be weighted by the relative factors set forth in Paragraph 2.A. above, to obtain a weighted equivalent amount of space.
- (2) The total amount of Signatory Airline Terminal rentals for Type 1 through 5 space shall be next determined as the product of the average Terminal rental rate for the period multiplied by the total amount of Type 1 through 5 Signatory Airline space.
- (3) Said total amount of Terminal rentals shall then be divided by the weighted equivalent amount of space to determine the rate for Type 1 space. Rates for Types 2 through 5 space shall then be determined by multiplying the Type 1 rate by the relative factors for each type of space.

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D. The total rentals for the Joint Use Premises (baggage claim, common use concourse areas (walkways and corridors), and tug drive) will be calculated as the product of the appropriate differential Terminal rental rate for the period multiplied by the square footage area. Each Scheduled Air Carrier's share of rentals due for the Joint Use Premises shall be determined by using a two tier calculation whereby 10% of the total cost is charged equally among Scheduled Carriers and 90% of the cost is allocated among the Scheduled Air Carriers based on their relative share of passenger volume. The appropriate passenger volume for each category of the Joint Use Premises shall be as follows:

- (1) Baggage Claim: Deplaned Passengers
- (2) Concourse: Total Passengers (Deplaned Passengers plus Enplaned Passengers)
- (3) Tug Drive: Enplaned Passengers

The Department reserves the right to exempt minor Scheduled Air Carriers from the standard Joint Use Premises calculations set forth above if the minor Scheduled Air Carrier's passenger volume is expected to be less than one half of one percent. The Department will assess a minor carrier a fee that approximates the Signatory Airlines average cost per passenger.

3. Aircraft Parking Apron Rate. The Aircraft Parking Apron rate shall be equal to ten percent (10%) of the Landing Fees Total Requirement, reduced by the estimated apron component from per use fees divided by the number of lineal feet of apron licensed for use by the Signatory Airlines.

4. Terminal Equipment Charges.

A. Charges for Terminal equipment shall be based upon Debt Service and Operating and Maintenance Expenses incurred and payable by COUNTY using the budgeted costs for the rate setting period, and allocable to each item or system.

1. Debt Service and Operation and Maintenance Expenses for all loading bridges, 400 hertz, cabin air conditioning, and holdroom furnishings shall be calculated and combined; the resulting sum of such costs in each period using the budgeted costs for the rate setting period, shall then be divided by the number of loading bridges to determine the charge per loading bridge for the period. Charges for utilities shall be separately metered and charged, where practical.

2. Debt Service Capital and Operation and Maintenance Expenses for the; (a) baggage make-up conveyors and devices (COUNTY-maintained) and (b) baggage claim conveyors and devices (COUNTY-maintained) shall be calculated and charged in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b) below. Costs shall be disclosed on a per square foot basis.

(a) Baggage Makeup conveyors and devices. Each Scheduled Air Carrier shall pay for its relative share of costs (including Debt Service and O & M) of their assigned baggage make up conveyors and devices. The relative share of costs shall be determined by the total number of the Scheduled Air Carrier's ticket counter positions divided by total ticket counter positions served by the baggage make up system used by the Scheduled Air Carrier. The relative share percentage is multiplied times the total cost of operating the assigned baggage makeup conveyor/device to determine each Scheduled Air Carrier's prorated cost.

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- (b) Baggage claim conveyors and devices. Each Scheduled Air Carrier shall pay its relative share of costs (including Debt Service and Operations and Maintenance Expenses) of the baggage claim system. The relative share of costs shall be calculated using a two tier cost formula where 10% of baggage claim costs will be allocated among the Scheduled Air Carriers and 90% of baggage claim costs will be allocated using the individual Scheduled Air Carrier's share of Deplaned Passengers.

The Department reserves the right to exempt minor Scheduled Air Carriers from standard two tier 10%/90% calculations set forth above if the minor Schedule Air Carrier's passenger volume is expected to be less than one half of one percent. The Department will charge the minor carrier a fee that approximates the Signatory Airlines' average cost per passenger.

5. Commuter Operating Charge. Any Air Transportation Company using the Commuter Operating Area will be assessed a fee based on Total Passengers (Enplaned Passengers plus Deplaned Passengers), as established by the Department. The Commuter Operating Charge will be established to maximize revenues while maintaining a reasonable cost per passenger for commuter operations. The Commuter Operating Charge covers the use of the Commuter Operating Area, including gate, holdroom seating, and concourse areas in Concourse A and the Commuter Apron. Air Transportation Companies using the Commuter Operating Area will not be assessed the Joint Use Premises fee described in Section 2.D. above or the Aircraft Parking Apron Rate described in Section 3 of this Exhibit.
6. Federal Inspection Services (FIS) Facility Rate. The FIS facility rate for the period shall be based upon the costs attributable to the Air Carrier FIS Facility divided by estimated total international Deplaned Passengers using the Air Carrier FIS Facility during the period.
7. Per Use Gate Charge. The Per Use Gate Charge for each use of non-assigned gate facilities shall be based on the cost (including Operation and Maintenance Expenses and Debt Service) of loading bridge, aircraft support systems, holdroom furnishings, holdroom area, and parking apron using the budgeted costs for the rate setting period. The Per Use Gate Charge shall be calculated by dividing the cost by an assumed usage of 2.5 times per day. An electric surcharge shall be payable as determined by the Department and may be changed annually.
8. Overnight Aircraft Fee. Storage of an aircraft overnight at a Department passenger loading bridge will be assessed an Overnight Aircraft Fee in addition to any Per Use Gate Charges. Overnight storage at any other designated ramp/apron location will also be charged an Overnight Aircraft Fee. For purposes of this Exhibit, "overnight" generally means a period between the hours of 10 pm and 6 am (not exceeding an 8 hour duration). The Department may waive the Overnight Aircraft Storage Fee if an Air Transportation Company is required to relocate within this time period to accommodate another Air Transportation Company, or for any other valid reason. The Department also may allow park an aircraft in excess of 8 hours without incurring additional Per Use Gate Charges if no other Air Transportation Company wishes to use the gate.